



CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FL.

PURCHASING DEPARTMENT

324 East Pine Street
P.O. Box 5004
Tarpon Springs, Florida 34688-5004
Fax (727) 937-1766

VENDOR APPLICATION INFORMATION

In order to be entered in the City of Tarpon Springs **Vendor File**, a "Vendor Application" must be completed legibly, signed, and a Federal Identification Number (FIN) OR Social Security Number of the company owner provided. If a FIN is provided, a completed W-9 Form is also required. In addition, a "Category" must be indicated on the **Vendor Category Listing** (page listed separately). If no category listed fits your company, please note at the bottom of the page what the company sells, or what service they provide, and we will attempt to find a category code that applies.

Those doing "on site" work for the City of Tarpon Springs are required to sign a "Hold Harmless Agreement" and supply "Proof of Insurance" [ACORD certificate of insurance] meeting the City of Tarpon Springs "minimum insurance requirements".

If after being entered into the City of Tarpon Springs Vendor File, the company has a **Name Change**, a new vendor application may be required.

We are required by law to maintain vendor information on file for any vendors with which the City conducts business and being entered into the City's financial system is necessary for payments to be issued.

In order to be on a vendor **Bid List**, a company must register with the third party bid notification system DEMANDSTAR by ONVIA, www.demandstar.com contact telephone number (800) 711-1712. If you wish to receive bid opportunity notices from the City of Tarpon Springs **only** the service is FREE. If you wish to receive bid notices from public agencies from up to four (4) counties of your choice there is an annual subscription fee of \$100.00.

Questions regarding the completion of the vendor application should be directed to the Purchasing Department.



Tarpon Springs, Florida
Purchasing Department
 324 East Pine Street
 Tarpon Springs, FL 34688

Vendor No: _____

VENDOR APPLICATION FORM

IN ORDER TO BE PLACED ON THE CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS VENDOR LIST, THE "CATEGORY" SECTION MUST ALSO BE COMPLETED AND RETURNED WITH THIS SECTION TO THE PURCHASING DEPARTMENT.

PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY

BUSINESS LEGAL NAME

Include any d/b/a _____

REMIT TO ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ STATE _____ ZIP CODE _____

TELEPHONE _____ FAX _____

CHECKS PAYABLE TO

(if different from business name) _____

REMITTANCE CONTACT _____ E-MAIL _____

SOLICITATION ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ STATE _____ ZIP CODE _____

TELEPHONE _____ FAX _____

SOLICITATION CONTACT _____ E-MAIL _____

TAX ID TYPE Social Security Number Federal Tax ID TAX ID/SS NUMBER _____

Notice Regarding the Collection of Social Security Numbers

The City of Tarpon Springs collects your social security number for the following purposes: identification and verification of accounts; credit worthiness; billing and payments; data collection; reconciliation; tracking; benefit processing; tax reporting; federal reporting requirements; worker's compensation; employment applications; pre-employment physicals; and utility billing.

Social security numbers are also used as a unique numeric identifier and may be used for search purposes.

VENDOR TYPE: _____ INDIVIDUAL _____ BUSINESS _____ MISCELLANEOUS

FIRM REGISTERED AS: (select one of the following)

_____ Sole Proprietor _____ Partnership _____ Corporation _____ LLC _____ LLP

Other: _____

TERMS OF PAYMENT: _____ NET 30 DAYS _____ OTHER (clarify) _____

Certification

I certify that the information supplied herein, is correct and that neither the application nor any person or concern in any connection with the applicant is a principal officer so far as known, is now debarred or otherwise ineligible by the City of Tarpon Springs from bidding for furnished material, supplies or services.

Note

All applications are subject to review and investigation prior to validation for placement on approved vendor lists. Also, before a vendor can be placed on our vendor list, a Federal I.D. number or a Social Security number along with the individual's name, must be supplied. We are required by I.R.S. regulations to withhold 31% of all monies due without the noted information.

_____ Print Name _____ Title

_____ Taken Electronically _____

_____ Signature _____ Date

Return Via:

Fax to: (727) 937-1766

X	DATABASE CATEGORY		
	Actuarial Services	946	012
	Advertising – Public Related	915	003
	Air Compressors & Accessories	025	
	Air Conditioning & Heating	031	
	Alarm Systems & Services	965	005
	Ambulances & Rescue Vehicles	070	003
	Appliances	045	
	Appraisal Services	946	015
	Aquatic Weed Control Service	947	250
	Architectural Services	947	002
	Athletic Equipment	805	
	Attorney Services	947	003
	Audio Systems & Accessories	803	
	Auditing Services	946	020
	Auto & Truck Accessories	055	
	Auto & Truck Maintenance Items	060	
	Auto & Truck Repair Services	929	018
	Auto Bodies & Accessories	065	
	Auto Fuel & Lubricants	405	
	Auto Shop Equipment & Supplies	075	
	Auto's & Trucks	070	
	Banking Services	946	025
	Blue Print Services	947	007
	Bottled Water Services	947	008
	Builder's Supplies	150	
	Building Construction	955	010
	Building Maintenance & Repair	910	
	Catering Services	947	200
	Chemical Laboratory Services	947	009
	Chemicals (Commercial Bulk)	190	
	Chemicals (Water Treating Bulk)	885	040
	Clothing & Apparel	200	
	Computer Products & Accessories	205	
	Computer Repair	939	021
	Computer Software	205	099
	Concrete Products	210	
	Data Processing & Software	920	
	Debris Removal Services	577	
	Educational Services	924	
	Electrical Equipment & Supplies	285	
	Electrical Services	947	230
	Electronic Components & Supplies	287	
	Elevator Maintenance & Repair	910	013
	Elevators & Accessories	295	070
	Engineering Equipment & Accessories	305	
	Engineering Services	947	225
	Environmental Services	947	031
	Equipment Maintenance & Repair	925	
	Equipment Rental	930	
	Excavating	955	040
	Fencing	330	
	Fertilizers & Soil Conditioners	335	
	Field & Laboratory Services	961	048
	Financial Services	932	
	Fire Protection Equip. & Supplies	340	
	Fire Trucks	070	057
	Furniture (Office)	425	370
	Glass & Glazing Supplies & Access.	440	
	Grounds & Park Services	960	
	Haz-Mat Services	947	030
	Health Related Services	935	
	Heavy Equipment	765	
	Historic or Architectural Consultants	947	260

X	DATABASE CATEGORY		
	Hospital – Emergency Care Services	947	881
	Hurricane Supplies	911	911
	Identification Equip. & Accessories	080	
	Insurance Services	040	
	Janitorial Services	910	039
	Janitorial Supplies	485	
	Laboratory Equip. & Accessories	490	
	Landscape Architecture & Design	906	
	Lawn Equipment	515	
	Library Machinery & Supplies	525	
	Library Services	945	
	Machinery & Heavy Hardware	545	
	Mapping Services – Data Collection	947	310
	Marine Construction & Dredging Services	947	300
	Marine Equipment & Accessories	120	
	Masonry Services	111	111
	Material Handling Equipment	560	
	Microfiche, Microfilm Services	575	
	Musicians & Performers	947	360
	Nursery Stock & Supplies	595	
	Office Machines & Accessories	600	
	Painting Equipment & Accessories	635	
	Park Equipment & Accessories	650	
	Paving	955	076
	Pest Control	988	072
	Photographic Services	947	065
	Photographic Equipment & Accessories	655	
	Police Equipment & Supplies	680	
	Printing	695	
	Public Works Related Services	955	
	Publications – Audio-Visual	715	
	Pumps & Accessories	720	
	Radio & Telecommunication	725	
	Recreation Instructor	947	572
	Recycling Services	962	
	Refrigeration Equipment	740	
	Risk Management Services	947	012
	Road & Highway Construction	955	074
	Road & Highway Equipment	765	
	Road & Highway Materials	210	
	Road & Highway Repair	955	076
	Safety Equipment	625	
	Sandblasting	005	028
	Sanitation Services	947	099
	Sculptures	052	080
	Security or Fire Safety Services	965	
	Restoration Construction	947	320
	Shoes & Boots	800	
	Signs, Markers, Plaques Etc.	550	
	Sod, Seed, Soil Etc.	790	
	Survey Services	955	083
	Tanks (Storage & Fuel Storage Types)	830	
	Telephone Equipment	915	100
	Theatrical Equipment	855	
	Towing Services	968	090
	Treatment Plant Equip. & Accessories	220	
	Tree & Lawn Services	947	988
	Underground Utilities Construction	955	100
	Utility Services	947	333
	Video Equipment	915	009
	Water & Sewer Products	673	
	Water, Sewer Treatment Equipment	890	
	Welding Equipment & Supplies	895	

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

**Give form to the
 requester. Do not
 send to the IRS.**

Print or type
 See Specific Instructions on page 2.

Name (as shown on your income tax return)	
Business name, if different from above	
Check appropriate box: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/Sole proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (D=disregarded entity, C=corporation, P=partnership) ▶ <input type="checkbox"/> Exempt payee <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶	
Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
City, state, and ZIP code	
List account number(s) here (optional)	

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on Line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number
or
Employer identification number

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.

Sign Here

Signature of U.S. person ▶

Date ▶

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,

- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,

4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or

5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name" line.

Limited liability company (LLC). Check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification ("D" for disregarded entity, "C" for corporation, "P" for partnership) in the space provided.

For a single-member LLC (including a foreign LLC with a domestic owner) that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulations section 301.7701-3, enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. Enter the LLC's name on the "Business name" line.

For an LLC classified as a partnership or a corporation, enter the LLC's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

Note. You are requested to check the appropriate box for your status (individual/sole proprietor, corporation, etc.).

Exempt Payee

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the business name, sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),
2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities,
3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

6. A corporation,
7. A foreign central bank of issue,
8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States,
9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
10. A real estate investment trust,
11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,
12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),
13. A financial institution,
14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The chart below shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 9
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 13. Also, a person registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 who regularly acts as a broker
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7 ²

¹See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

²However, the following payments made to a corporation (including gross proceeds paid to an attorney under section 6045(f), even if the attorney is a corporation) and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited liability company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, and 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). Exempt payees, see *Exempt Payee* on page 2.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ³
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner ¹
5. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
6. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
7. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
8. Corporate or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832	The corporation
9. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
10. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
11. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
12. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity

¹List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

²Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the second name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

Call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 if you think your identity has been used inappropriately for tax purposes.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS personal property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.consumer.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT(438-4338).

Visit the IRS website at www.irs.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA, or Archer MSA or HSA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS may also provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions to carry out their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 28% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.