City of Tarpon Springs, Florida

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024



CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024

MAYOR AND BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Panagiotis Koulias, Mayor
John Koulianos, Vice-Mayor
Michael Eisner, Commissioner
Frank DiDonato, Commissioner
David Banther, Commissioner

ADMINISTRATION

Charles Rudd, City Manager
Ron Harring, Finance Director
Irene S. Jacobs, City Clerk
Andrew Salzman, City Attorney

Prepared by the City of Tarpon Springs Finance Department

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal	A-1
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	A-6
Organizational Chart	A-7
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	B-1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	B-4
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	B-18
Statement of Activities	B-19
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	B-20
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of	
Net Position - Governmental Funds	B-21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	B-22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	B-23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	B-24
Community Redevelopment Agency Fund - Downtown	B-25
Grants Fund	B-26
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	B-27
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -	
Proprietary Funds	B-28
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	B-29
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	B-31
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	B-32
Notes to the Financial Statements	B-33

FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)

Required Supplementary Information other than MD&A	
Pension Schedules - Police Officers and Firefighters Pension Trust Funds:	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Police Officers	-91
Firefighters	-92
Schedule of Contributions and Notes to Schedule	
Police Officers	-93
Firefighters	-94
Schedule of Investment Returns	
Police Officers and Firefighters	-95
Other Post-Employment Benefits:	
Schedule of Changes in Total Liability	-96
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds	-1
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	-
Non-Major Governmental Funds	-3
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Non-Major Governmental Funds:	
Local Option Gas Tax Fund	-5
Impact Fees Fund	
Law Enforcement Programs Fund	
Special Programs Fund	
General Projects Fund	
3	-10
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	10
·	-11
	-12
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -	12
	-13
	-14
· · ·	-16
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -	10
	-17
	-18
	-19
·	-20
	-20
Other Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual	
Emergency Medical Services District Funds	-1
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual	•
Fire District Funds	-2

STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trend	ds
Schedule 1	Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-1
Schedule 2	Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-3
Schedule 3	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-7
Schedule 4	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-9
Schedule 5	Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-11
Revenue Capac	ity
Schedule 6-A	Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property -
0 1 1 1 6 D	Last Ten Fiscal Years E-12
Schedule 6-B	Real and Personal Property Tax Exemptions - Last Ten Fiscal Years
Schedule 7	Last Ten Fiscal Years
Schedule 8-A	
Schedule 8-B	Principal Real Property Tax Payers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago E-17 Principal Personal Property Tax Payers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago . E-18
Schedule 9	
Schedule 9	Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-19
Debt Capacity	
Schedule 10	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-20
Schedule 11	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-21
Schedule 12	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt - As of September 30, 2024
Schedule 13	Legal Debt Margin Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-23
Schedule 14	Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-25
Demographic a	nd Economic Information
Schedule 15	Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-26
Schedule 16	Principal Employers, Pinellas County - Current Year and Nine Years Ago . E-27
Operating Info	rmation
Schedule 17	Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program -
	Last Ten Fiscal Years
Schedule 18	Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-29
Schedule 19	Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years E-30

REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS / COMPLIANCE SECTION

Regulatory Section:					
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	•	•	•	•	F-1
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on					
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Perfor	med	in			
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	•	•	•	•	F-2
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program and	State	e			
Project and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guida	ance	and			
Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General	•	•	•	•	F-4
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	•		•		F-7
Independent Auditor's Management Letter	•	•		•	F-9
Independent Accountant's Report	•	•			F-12
Other Compliance Reports:					
State of Florida Statute 163.31801 "Florida Impact Fee Act" Compliance .					F-13
state of Frontian Statute 103.31001 Frontian Impact Fee Act Compitance •	•	•	•	•	1 13



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Organizational Chart



City of Tarpon Springs, Florida

March 31, 2025

To the Honorable Mayor, Board of Commissioners, and the Citizens of the City of Tarpon Springs, Florida.

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Tarpon Springs, Florida (the "City") for the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2024.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Tarpon Springs. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Tarpon Springs has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Tarpon Springs' financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Tarpon Springs' comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, that this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Tarpon Springs' financial statements have been audited by Mauldin & Jenkins LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Tarpon Springs for the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2024 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Tarpon Springs' financial statements for the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the Financial Section of this report, (Page B-1).

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Tarpon Springs' MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Profile of the Government

The City of Tarpon Springs is a municipal corporation originally chartered by the State of Florida in 1887. The current City Charter was approved by referendum vote and was adopted in accordance with provisions of the Municipal Home Rule Powers Act, Florida Statutes, Chapter 166, in 1983. Tarpon Springs is located on Florida's West Coast 28 miles northwest of Tampa, 35 miles north of St. Petersburg, and 14 miles north of Clearwater. Tarpon Springs is virtually surrounded by the Gulf of Mexico to the west, Lake Tarpon to the east and the Anclote River which flows into the Gulf. Many bayous wind through the residential areas. The City of Tarpon Springs currently occupies a land area of 8.5 square miles and serves a population of 25,949. The City of Tarpon Springs is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the Mayor and Board of Commissioners.

The City operates under a commission-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the Mayor and Board of Commissioners consisting of four commissioners. The Mayor and Board of Commissioners are responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's Manager, City Attorney, City Clerk and Internal Auditor. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Mayor and Board of Commissioners, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Mayor and Board of Commissioners are elected on a non-partisan basis and may serve up to two three-year terms.

The City of Tarpon Springs provides a full range of services which include, municipal services of police and fire protection; construction and maintenance of streets, bridges, sidewalks, storm drainage, public parks and recreation facilities; City planning, zoning, subdivision and building code regulation and enforcement; supervised recreation programs; public libraries; redevelopment of declining commercial and residential neighborhoods; refuse, recycling and yard waste collection; water supply and distribution; waste water collection, treatment and disposal; re-use water, supply and distribution; and operation of the city-wide parking system.

The annual budget serves as a foundation for the City of Tarpon Springs' financial planning and control. All Departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager on or before the last day in April of each year. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the Mayor and Board of Commissioners for review in July of each year. The Mayor and Board of Commissioners are required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than September 30, the close of the City of Tarpon Springs' fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the special approval of the Mayor and Board of Commissioners. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund and major special revenue funds, this comparison is presented on Pages B-24 through B-26 as part of the Basic Financial Statements for the governmental funds, and for the non-major governmental funds and major capital projects fund it is presented on Pages C-5 through C-11 as part of the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules for the governmental funds.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Tarpon Springs operates.

Local Economy. The City of Tarpon Springs has a diversified economy which is also bolstered by a well established tourist business and the sponge docks, which now enjoy the status of a designated National Historic Landmark. Tarpon Springs is the second largest commercial fishing port on Florida's west coast. Seafood processing plants handle both fresh and frozen fish and shellfish. Chamois and other leather products are processed in Tarpon Springs for sale in a number of local shops and also distributed throughout Pinellas County. We also have a large population of retirees, who have wisely chosen Tarpon Springs as the place in which to enjoy their retirement years.

The economic condition of the area during the past few years was declining or stagnant at best, the last couple of years have seen improvements. FY 2020 was challenging with the onset of COVID 19, the City experienced revenue losses in sales taxes, and cultural and recreation fees. The City also experienced additional expenditures related to COVID 19. At the onset of COVID 19 management directed departments to monitor their expenditures and not have any unnecessary expenditures. With limiting unnecessary expenditures and the potential for COVID 19 expenditure reimbursement funding the City experienced a slight decrease in fund balance. COVID 19 continued into FY 2021 with sales tax revenue losses through the first half of the fiscal year, the second half of the fiscal year saw an increase in revenues with the decline in COVID 19 and businesses opening up. Fiscal Year 2022 sales tax revenues increased with the further opening up of the economy. Fiscal Year 2023 revenues increased but started to level off during the latter part of FY 2023, we also experienced a sizeable increase in operating and capital costs. Fiscal Year 2024 revenues leveled off and we still experienced the effects of inflation. The budget for FY 2025 was projected with a slight increase for sales tax revenues. Property tax valuations and property tax revenues have increased the past couple of years and increased in FY 2025. The City is in receipt of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds which will be spent on projects as determined by the Board of Commissioners in following the guidelines of the ARPA. Adequate fund balances and a legal debt limit well below statutory limits continue to provide the City of Tarpon Springs with an additional margin of continued fiscal security. The City also experienced upwards of \$10 million dollars in expenditures from Hurricanes Helene and Milton, mostly for debris removal. These are expenditures are 100% reimbursable by FEMA.

Long-term Financial Planning. One of the biggest challenges facing the City is the maintenance and expansion of our infrastructure. Water, storm water and sewer lines are essential to every community and historically, the condition and extent to which they exist, have indicated the level of advancement of a society. For some time the City has methodically inventoried streets and sidewalks, then prioritized and funded street overlay and sidewalk replacement and expansion efforts as well as a program for street reconstruction of brick streets. In order to address the needs of our underground infrastructure, the City uses T.V. trucks to inventory main lines and implemented a systematic annual repair schedule. The City's utility rate consultant performs an annual revenue sufficiency analysis to compare actual revenue, expenses and capital outlay to the rate model. The water and sewer billing rates were approved for ten years through FY 2028. The rates were reevaluated in FY 2021 which produced a rate decrease of 2.2% for FY 2022 and no increases for FY 2023 and FY 2024. Due to the increase in operating and capital cost a revenue sufficiency study was performed in 2023 which resulted in a 9.9% rate increase for water, sewer and reclaimed rates effective December 1, 2023. The City is currently working on revenue sufficiency studies for water-sewer and stormwater along with an impact fee study for water and sewer impacts.

Internal and Budgetary Control. Effective internal accounting control is a major emphasis in the City's accounting system. Internal control seeks to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that financial records are reliable for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental level by the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts when purchase orders are released to vendors. Pursuant to activity delegated to the City Manager, budget transfers within a department are processed administratively. Budget transfers between departments and any other budget amendments that increase or decrease the total budget of a fund must be approved by the Board of Commissioners. Outstanding encumbrances are reported within fund balances at September 30, 2024 based on the specific purpose for which the resources have been restricted, committed or assigned.

Cash Management Policies and Practices. As more completely described in Note III-A in the Notes to the Financial Statements, the City employs a consolidated cash/investment pool to facilitate short-term investments of liquid assets for all City funds. The Board of Commission approved a revised Investment Policy on July 14, 2020 which allows the City to diversify its investments and obtain a greater return on its investments. The Investment Policy allows the City to invest in State approved investments which include U.S. Treasury Bills/Notes, and Federal Agency Securities. In addition, the City utilizes the Florida Municipal Investment Trust Fund and the Prime Fund through the State Board of Administration. Over the years, the City has held to a conservative investment philosophy that the return of the investment principal is more important than the return on the principal. We believe that a conservative investment philosophy best serves the residents of Tarpon Springs.

During Fiscal Year 2024, the average cash/investment pool balance was \$55,342,828 and the total annual earnings net of all bank charges was \$2,245,767 (net of unrealized gain/loss at September 30, 2024) giving an average rate of return of 4.06% on the average balance.

Debt Administration. At September 30, 2024, the City had total outstanding bonds payable of \$26,750,396 representing the Utility System Revenue Bond Series 2013A. The City also had two financed purchases for fire trucks with total outstanding financed purchase payable of \$1,078,735 representing the 2021 fire truck \$348,103 and the 2022 fire truck \$730,632. For further details regarding the City's outstanding debt, please see Note III-F in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The computation of the legal debt margin, which is indicated in the City's Comprehensive Plan, indicates a very low proportion of indebtedness at September 30, 2024 relative to property values at January 1, 2024 (see Schedules 10 through 14 in the Statistical Section for debt information). Schedule 14 demonstrates that coverage for the City's revenue bonds is more than adequate, and is in compliance with the related bond covenants. Schedule 11 shows that the City has no general obligation debt.

Significant Litigation. As explained in Note IV-E in the Notes to the Financial Statements, the City is a defendant in various legal actions which should not have a material adverse impact on the financial position of the City as reported herein.

Risk Management. The City converted to the Florida League of Cities \$25,000 Stop/Loss Property and Liability Self-Insurance program on January 1, 1995 with a Risk Management - Internal Service Fund established for the administration of the City's "self-insurance" activities. Amounts estimated to be payable due to claims occurring on or before September 30, 2024 decreased to \$164,931, insurance premiums increased which caused a decrease in the change in net position of \$29,762 with a corresponding decrease in total Net Position to \$546,894 as of September 30, 2024. For further information, please see Note IV-A in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The City is not "self-insured" for workers' compensation, health, and dental insurance. Workers' compensation insurance is purchased through the Florida League of Cities. The insurance premium is adjusted from year to year based upon past experience, i.e., claims incurred. Health insurance is purchased through Florida Municipal Insurance Trust (FMIT). Dental insurance is purchased through Metropolitan Life. Life and long-term disability insurance was purchased through Hartford Life & Accident.

Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits. The General Employees', Police Officers', and Firefighters' pension plans are self-administered by their own separate Boards of Trustees. City contributions for the year were \$1,217,748, \$1,103,339 and \$555,587 respectively. The City contributions for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Defined Benefit pension plans were in accordance with actuarially determined funding requirements. In addition, the Police Officers' and Firefighters' pension plans are partially funded from excise taxes on certain insurance premiums covering property in Tarpon Springs, collected by the State and remitted to the City. The Police Officers and Firefighters contribute to their pension plans. The General Employees do not contribute to their pension, which is a Defined Contribution Plan administered by Mission Square formerly ICMA-RC (International City/County Management Association Retirement Corporation). For further information regarding these pension plans please see Note IV-G in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Tarpon Springs, Florida for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2023. This was the thirty-third consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City of Tarpon Springs also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated October 1, 2023. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would also like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed in the preparation of this report. Sincere appreciation is also extended to the City's external auditors, Mauldin & Jenkins LLC., for their advice and assistance in the preparation of this report. The Mayor and Board of Commissioners should be given significant credit for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Tarpon Springs finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Cl Ad

Charles Rudd City Manager Ron Harring Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Tarpon Springs Florida

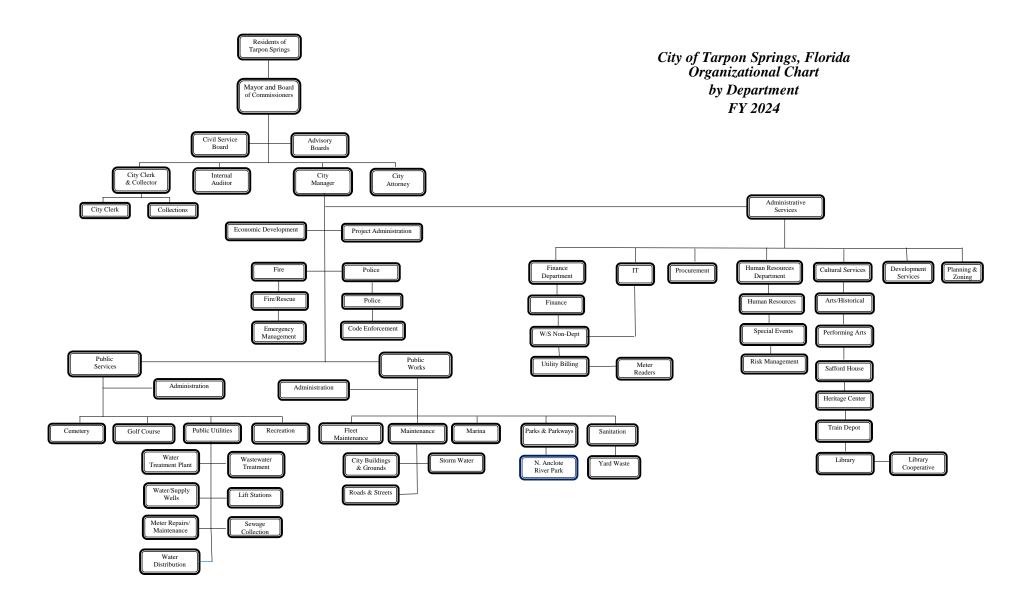
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information other than MD & A

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Other Supplementary Information



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Tarpon Springs, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tarpon Springs, Florida, (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency Fund-Downtown, and Grants Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and pension and other post-employment benefit schedules on pages B-4 through B-17 and B-91 through B-96, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2025, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida March 25, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

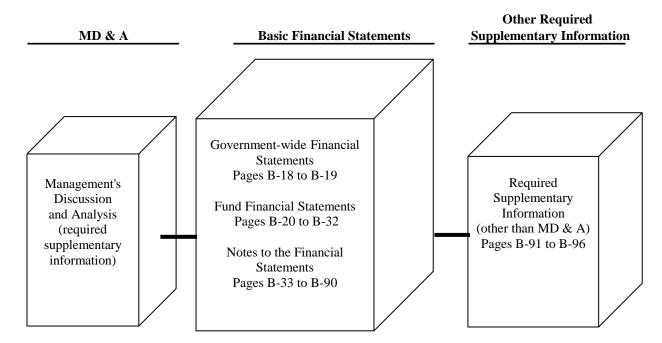
As management of the City of Tarpon Springs (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages A-1 to A-5 of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$171,964,249 (net position). Of this amount, \$14,413,631 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The City's total net position increased by \$13,806,434.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$29,007,323, an increase of \$1,093,546 in comparison with the prior year. The portion of this total amount, \$9,158,468, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$9,158,468, or 26% of the total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total debt decreased by \$1,171,992 (3.84%) \$1,060,000 of which was principal payment on the Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A, and financed purchase principal payments on 2020 fire ladder truck in the amount of \$232,559, 2021 fire truck in the amount of \$169,575 and on the 2022 fire truck in the amount of \$169,262. The Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A has a total principal balance of \$26,545,000; financed purchases for the 2021 fire truck has a principal balance of 348,103 and the 2022 fire truck has a principal balance of 730,632 at September 30, 2024. The City has \$672,566 in Lease Liability at September 30, 2024 for various property and equipment leases and \$865,169 in SBITA Liability at September 30, 2024 for a subscription-based information technology arrangement.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The following graphic provides information and location on the Basic Financial Statements and the Required Supplementary Information.



OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business, in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add up to a total for the primary government.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The Governmental Activities reflects the City's basic services, including general government, police, fire, protective inspections, public works, cultural and recreation. Property taxes, utility services taxes, gas taxes, and sales taxes, along with the City's utilities contribution, finance the majority of these services. The Business-type Activities reflect private sector-type operations, including water, wastewater, reclaimed water, storm water, marina, golf course and solid waste management, where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation including depreciation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages B-18 to B-19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, community redevelopment agency-downtown fund, grants fund and the local option sales tax fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the non-major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages B-20 to B-26 of this report.

Proprietary funds.

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sanitation, water and sewer, storm water, marina and golf course operations. Internal Service funds are an accounting device used to account for its vehicle maintenance and risk management activities. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sanitation fund and the water and sewer fund, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the other three enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual financial statements and schedules section of this report. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages B-27 to B-30 of this report.

Fiduciary funds.

The City maintains one type of fiduciary fund, a pension trust fund. Employee retirement funds are used to report the functions of the pension trust fund. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Individual fund data for the fiduciary funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages B-31 to B-32 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages B-33 to B-90 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages B-91 to B-96 of this report.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules section referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds, internal service funds and fiduciary funds are presented immediately

following the required supplementary information on pensions and other postemployment benefits. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages C-1 to C-20 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$171,964,249 at the close of fiscal year September 30, 2024.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (80%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and lease assets), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to the prior fiscal year.

Statement of Net Position as of September 30

	Governm Activi		Business Activit	• 1	Total Primary Government		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Assets							
Current and other assets \$	43,053,082 \$	49,170,717 \$,, +	21,983,495 \$			
Capital assets	66,992,088	57,951,077	103,123,224	99,699,072	170,115,312	157,650,149	
Total assets	110,045,170	107,121,794	123,097,356	121,682,567	233,142,526	228,804,361	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,548,491	6,250,718	98,344	78,382	2,646,835	6,329,100	
Liabilities							
Current and other liabilities	9,246,991	16,124,370	4,897,350	5,700,012	14,144,341	21,824,382	
Long-term debt outstanding:	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Due within one year	811,176	856,291	1,105,342	1,144,782	1,916,518	2,001,073	
Due in more than one year	11,497,547	20,146,759	26,379,131	27,413,814	37,876,678	47,560,573	
Total liabilities	21,555,714	37,127,420	32,381,823	34,258,608	53,937,537	71,386,028	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,770,813	5,455,418	116,762	134,198	9,887,575	5,589,616	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	62,484,447	54,458,119	75,446,365	70,544,832	137,930,812	125,002,951	
Restricted	13,116,444	11,763,071	6,503,362	6,748,059	19,619,806	18,511,130	
Unrestricted	5,666,243	4,568,482	8,747,388	10,075,252	14,413,631	14,643,734	
Total net position \$	81,267,134 \$	70,789,672 \$	90,697,115 \$	87,368,143 \$	171,964,249	158,157,815	

An additional portion of the City's net position (11%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$14,413,631) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Tarpon Springs is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year. Total government net position increased by \$13,806,434 during the current fiscal year.

For more detailed information see the Statement of Net Position (page B-18).

Statement of Activities

The following schedule compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year.

Changes in Net Position

	_	Governi Activ			_	Business-type Activities		Tota Primary Gov		
		2024		2023		2024		2023	2024	2023
REVENUES	_				_		_			
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	5,141,706	\$	4,762,433	\$	32,352,091	\$	32,099,002 \$	37,493,797 \$	36,861,435
Operating grants and contributions		1,404,332		974,435		237,946		99,238	1,642,278	1,073,673
Capital grants and contributions		9,633,741		2,049,736		2,483,311		333,263	12,117,052	2,382,999
General revenues:										
Property taxes		14,388,608		12,888,797		-		-	14,388,608	12,888,797
Property taxes-TIF County portion		418,249		357,509		-		-	418,249	357,509
Utility taxes		3,960,570		3,950,606		-		-	3,960,570	3,950,606
Communication service taxes		957,290		971,830		-		-	957,290	971,830
Sales, gas and other taxes		6,274,734		6,357,612		-		-	6,274,734	6,357,612
Franchise fees		2,321,987		2,473,730		-		-	2,321,987	2,473,730
State revenue sharing		1,213,674		1,264,001		-		-	1,213,674	1,264,001
Investment income		2,657,130		1,953,838		899,449		746,785	3,556,579	2,700,623
Miscellaneous		239,800		357,267		-		-	239,800	357,267
Total revenues		48,611,821		38,361,794		35,972,797	_	33,278,288	84,584,618	71,640,082
EXPENSES Program Activities Primary Government: Governmental Activities:		7. 1. 10. 7 00		T. 0. 50 200					7.500.500	
General government		7,569,700		5,868,292		-		-	7,569,700	5,868,292
Public safety		21,287,785		21,787,936		-		-	21,287,785	21,787,936
Physical environment		2,001,661		1,851,130		-		-	2,001,661	1,851,130
Transportation		2,957,189		2,783,840		-		-	2,957,189	2,783,840
Economic environment		591,748		706,423		-		-	591,748	706,423
Culture/recreation		5,798,308		5,309,190		-		-	5,798,308	5,309,190
Interest on long-term debt Business-type Activities:		68,234		89,084		-		-	68,234	89,084
Water/Sewer		-		_		19,235,042		18,423,572	19,235,042	18,423,572
Sanitation		-		_		7,645,240		7,696,310	7,645,240	7,696,310
Storm water		-		-		1,882,361		1,726,722	1,882,361	1,726,722
Golf Course		-		_		1,581,424		1,517,899	1,581,424	1,517,899
Marina		-		-		159,492		135,133	159,492	135,133
Total expenses	_	40,274,625		38,395,895	_	30,503,559	_	29,499,636	70,778,184	67,895,531
Increase (decrease) in Net Position	_				_		_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
before Transfers	_	8,337,196	_	(34,101)	_	5,469,238	_	3,778,652	13,806,434	3,744,551
Transfers	_	2,140,266	_	1,896,946	_	(2,140,266)	_	(1,896,946)	-	-
Change in Net Position	_	10,477,462	_	1,862,845	_	3,328,972	_	1,881,706	13,806,434	3,744,551
Net Position - Beginning of year	-	70,789,672	_	68,926,827	_	87,368,143	_	85,486,437	158,157,815	154,413,264
Net Position - End of year	\$	81,267,134	<u> </u>	70,789,672	\$	90,697,115	\$	87,368,143 \$	171,964,249 \$	158,157,815

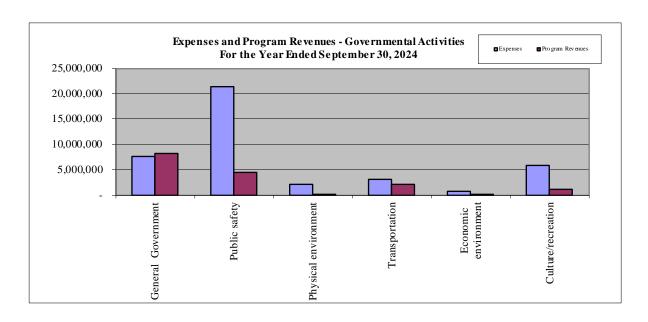
Governmental activities.

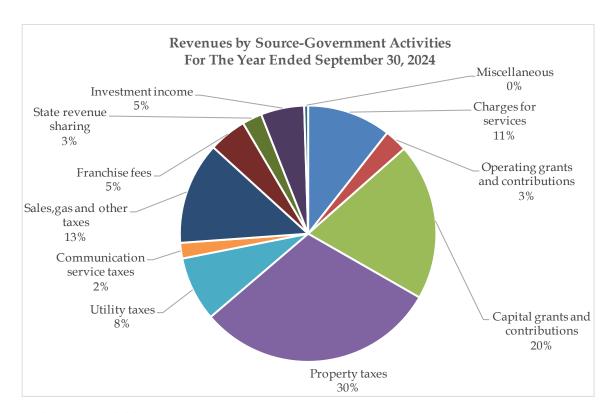
Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$10,477,462 accounting for a 76% increase in the total growth in the net position of the City. The change in net position increased in comparison to the change noted in the previous fiscal year. Key elements of this change are as follows:

Total Governmental activity revenues increased \$10,250,027 in comparison to the previous year. The major increases were:

Revenue Type	Increase	Description
Property Taxes General Fund	\$ 1,416,944	Taxable Assessed Value increase of 11.63%
State Grant-Anclote Turn Basin	\$ 724,753	Grant Reimbursement
State Grant-Mango Street	\$ 573,500	Grant Reimbursement
State Grant-MLK So. Spring	\$ 588,585	Grant Reimbursement
ARPA Revenue	\$ 6,716,182	ARPA Revenue Recognition
Total	\$ 10,019,964	

Total Governmental activity expenses increased \$1,878,730 in comparison to the previous year. The majority of this increase was due to an increase in salary and benefits along with inflation increasing operating and capital costs.





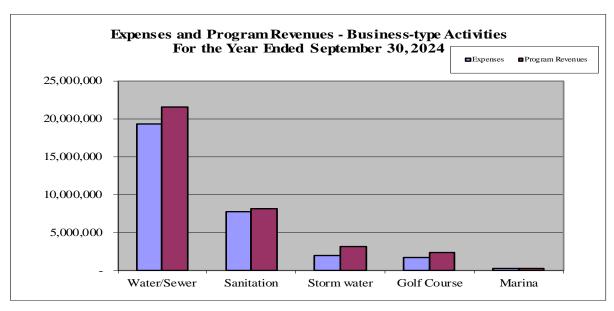
Business-type activities.

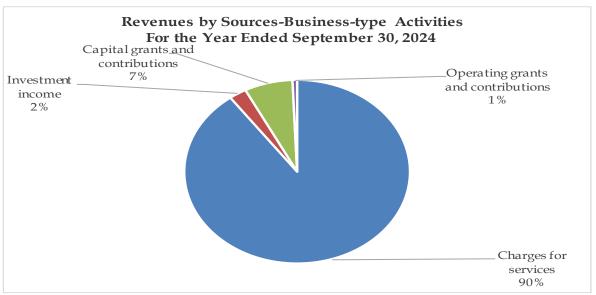
Business-type activities (enterprise funds) increased the City's net position by \$3,328,972, accounting for 24% of the total growth in the government's net position. The change in net position increased in comparison to the change noted in the previous fiscal year. Key elements of this change are as follows:

Total Business-type activity revenues increased \$2,694,509 in comparison to the previous year. The major changes were:

Revenue Type	Increase	Description
Water Sales	\$ 695,106	Rate increase 9.9% 12/1/23
Sewer Sales	\$ 432,441	Rate increase 9.9% 12/1/23
SWFMD Grant-Pent Grosse	\$ 822,796	Grant Reimbursement
ARPA Revenue	\$ 969,234	ARPA Revenue Recognition
Total	\$ 2,919,577	

Total Business-type activity expenses increased \$1,003,923 in comparison to the previous year. This increase is mostly due personnel and operating cost increases in the Water-Sewer and Stormwater Funds.





FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, the City of Tarpon Springs uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$29,007,323, an increase of \$1,093,546 in comparison with the prior year. The majority of this total amount (\$9,158,468) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted, committed or assigned. Major restrictions, commitments or assignments include 1) restricted for capital projects (\$9,485,979) and CRA (\$1,859,559), 2) committed for sidewalks (\$1,747,825) and

perpetual care of the cemetery (\$655,725), and 3) assigned for compensated absences (\$1,289,838) and perpetual exclusive easement (\$720,000).

General Fund.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$9,158,468, while total fund balance was \$14,762,836. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 26% of total General Fund expenditures.

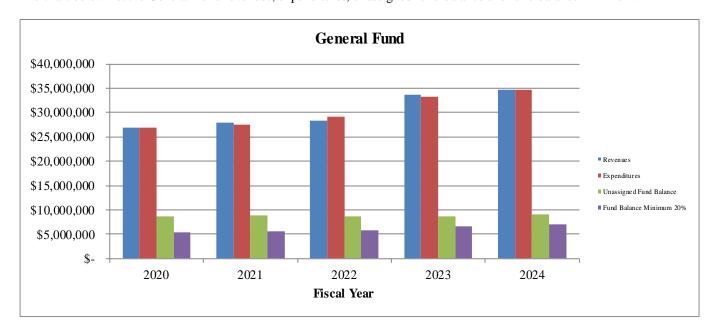
The fund balance of the City's General Fund decreased by \$84,171 during the current fiscal year, a decrease in comparison to the change in fund balance from the previous fiscal year. Key factors in this change are a combination of factors:

Revenues including Transfers In (2,390,266) totaled \$34,682,336, an increase of \$999,753 over the previous fiscal year. The major increases were:

Revenue Type	Increase	Description
Property Taxes General Fund	\$ 1,416,944	Taxable Assessed Value increase of 11.63%
Total	\$ 1,416,944	

Expenditures totaled \$34,766,507, an increase of \$1,547,382 over the previous fiscal year. The major increases were for personnel increases related to salaries and benefits and the increase in the costs of operating supplies.

The chart below list the General Fund revenues, expenditures, unassigned fund balance and fund balance minimum.



Community Redevelopment Agency Fund.

The fund balance of the City's Community Redevelopment Agency Fund increased by \$706,379 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this change are as follows:

• Revenues were \$996,181 an increase of \$178,381 over the previous fiscal year. Property Tax receipts (City portion) increased \$68,434 and Tax Increment Financing receipts (County portion) increased \$60,740. Interest earnings increased \$49,207.

• Expenditures were \$289,802, a decrease of \$23,398 under the previous fiscal year.

Grants Fund.

The fund balance of the City's Grants Fund increased by \$383,703 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this change are as follows:

- Revenues were \$8,365,879 an increase of \$6,929,435 over the previous fiscal year due to American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) recorded revenues increasing \$6,716,183.
- Expenditures were \$7,982,176, an increase of \$6,953,307 over the previous fiscal year. The increase is due to ARPA related projects increase of \$6,616,555.

Optional Sales Tax Fund.

The fund balance of the City's Optional Sales Tax Fund increased by \$786,683 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this change are as follows:

- Revenues were \$5,957,261 an increase of \$1,111,613 over the previous fiscal year. One cent sales tax receipts (Penny for Pinellas) decreased by \$1,792 under the previous fiscal year. The City also received State grant reimbursements in the amount of \$724,753 for Anclote Turn Basin, \$588,585 for MLK So. Spring and \$444,000 for Mango St..
- Expenditures were \$6,070,472, an increase of \$2,511,676 over the previous fiscal year. The major Capital items were for Police Vehicles, Mango St, Extend Pinellas Trail, Anclote Dredging and Turn Basin, and MLK So. Spring.

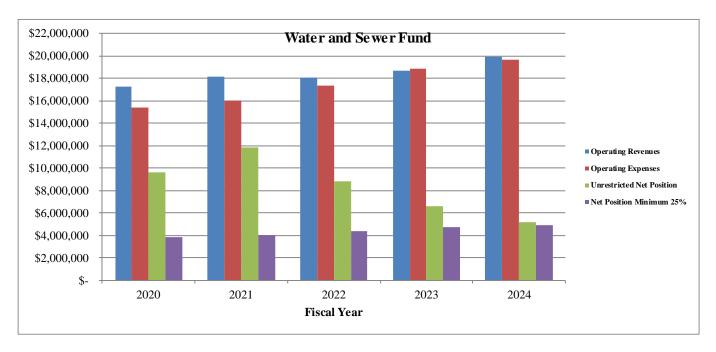
Proprietary Funds.

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Water and Sewer Fund.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$5,208,241, and total change in net position for the year was an increase of \$1,438,531, an increase over the change noted in the previous fiscal year. This year operating revenues increased \$1,257,059, of this amount water sales increased \$695,106 or 6.7% and sewer sales increased \$432,441 or 6.1%. Water and sewer rates were increased on 12/1/2023 by 9.9%. Expenses increased \$920,522 with personnel expenses increasing \$496,498 or 7.8% due to salary and benefit increases and operating expenses increasing \$362,517 or 4.2%.

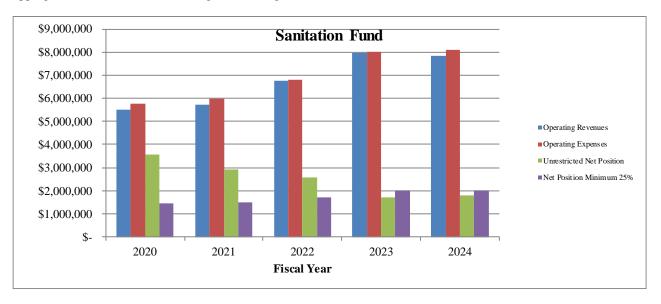
The chart below list the Water and Sewer Fund revenues, expenses, unrestricted net position and unrestricted net position minimum.



Sanitation Fund.

Unrestricted net position of the Sanitation Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$1,781,711, and total change in net position for the year was an increase of \$49,580, a decrease under the change noted in the previous fiscal year. Fiscal Year 2021 was the last year of the previous five-year contract with the City's garbage contractor. The new five-year contract was effective March 31, 2022. This year operating revenues decreased \$114,611, sanitation fees decreased \$99,082 or 1.6% due to less development in the City and the use of roll off containers, recycling fees increased \$44,913 or 4.8%, and Yard Waste Tipping Fees (not part of Refuse and Recycling contract) decreased \$122,938 or 19.4% due to less usage of the yard waste facility due to the increase in rates. Operating expenses increased \$142,965.

The chart below list the Sanitation Fund revenues, expenses, unrestricted net position and unrestricted net position minimum. The Unrestricted Net Position is under the 25% minimum fund balance by \$245,429, FEMA reimbursements from Hurricane Helene once received will offset this deficit along with the increase in the yard waste tipping fees and decrease in the charge for hauling out the debris.



Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for appropriations (expenditures) in the General Fund was an increase of \$2,748,524. Significant budgetary changes between the original budget and the final amended budget in the General Fund involved:

- An increase of \$673,187 for outstanding encumbrances from FY 2023 carried over to FY 2024.
- An increase of \$323,355 for outstanding donations from FY 2023 carried over to FY 2024.
- An increase of \$269,800 for Hurricane Helene expenditures.
- An increase of \$123,790 for Hurricane Idalia expenditures.
- An increase of \$264,850 for compensated absences.

The differences between the final amended budget for appropriations (expenditures) and actual expenditures in the General Fund was a positive variance of \$1,284,071. Significant changes between the final amended budget for expenditures and the actual expenditures in the General Fund involved:

- A positive variance of \$249,829 in Capital Outlay due to items budgeted but not expensed as of fiscal year end.
- A positive variance of \$366,821 in Non-departmental due to the budgeting for an increase to reserves.
- A positive variance of \$285,496 in IT due to the reallocation of expenditures to user departments.
- A positive variance of \$183,682 in the Tree Bank due to budgeted expenditures to be expensed in FY 2024.

Funding for the projects was from current revenues, transfers and the available fund balance.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2024, amounts to \$170,115,312 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and land rights, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and lease assets. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 7.91% (\$12,465,163). Separately there was a 15.6% (\$9,041,011) increase for governmental activities and a 3.43% (\$3,424,152) increase for business-type activities.

Major capital asset events completed during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental activities – Police Vehicles, Mango St, Extend Pinellas Trail, Anclote Dredging and Turn Basin, and MLK So. Spring.

Business-type activities – Pent and Grosse Stormwater, Seabreeze Drive Sewer, Water Pipe Replacement, Manhole and Sewer Line Replacement and Rehabilitation of Lift Stations.

Capital Assets at Year-End Net of Depreciation

		rnmental tivities	Business-ty Activities	•	Total Primary Government		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Land and land rights	9,901,638	\$ 8,010,711 \$	3,892,472 \$	3,613,307 \$	13,794,110	\$ 11,624,018	
Buildings and improvements	6,831,121	7,541,278	1,145,532	1,228,272	7,976,653	8,769,550	
Improvements other than buildings	14,869,720	14,731,850	83,860,106 8	31,758,941	98,729,826	96,490,791	
Machinery and equipment	3,370,869	3,439,373	1,943,668	2,255,322	5,314,537	5,694,695	
Infrastructure	20,351,820	17,768,028	-	-	20,351,820	17,768,028	
Lease assets	652,682	797,640	-	63,605	652,682	861,245	
SBITA assets	848,859	1,075,221	-	-	848,859	1,075,221	
Total	56,826,709	53,364,101	90,841,778	8,919,447	147,668,487	142,283,548	
Construction in progress	10,165,379	4,586,976	12,281,446 1	0,779,625	22,446,825	15,366,601	
Total	66,992,088	\$ 57,951,077 \$	103,123,224 \$ 9	9,699,072 \$	170,115,312	\$ 157,650,149	

The following reconciliation summarizes the change in capital assets, which is presented in detail in Note III-C in the notes.

Change in Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Beginning Balance	\$ 57,951,077 \$	99,699,072 \$	157,650,149
Additions Construction in progress	8,341,027 5,578,403	7,362,574 1,501,821	15,703,601 7,080,224
Net Retirements Depreciation/amortization	(20) (4,878,399)	(5,440,243)	(20) (10,318,642)
Ending Balance	\$ 66,992,088 \$	103,123,224 \$	170,115,312

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$29,366,866 which comprises bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources.

The City's total debt decreased by \$1,171,992 (3.84%), during the current fiscal year. Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A had a principal payment of \$1,060,000. The City had a new finance purchase for a 2022 fire truck in the principal amount of \$899,894 and the City made financed purchase principal payments on the 2020 fire ladder truck in the amount of \$232,559, 2021 fire truck in the amount of \$169,575 and 2022 fire truck in the amount of \$169,262. The City had total lease payments of \$141,020 on various property and equipment leases. The City had SBITA payments of \$214,142.

The City has no outstanding general obligation (G.O.) debt.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	_	Governmental Activities			_		s-type ties	•	Total Primary Government			
	_	2024		2023	_	2024		2023		2024		2023
Financed Purchase	\$	1,078,735	\$	750,237	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,078,735	\$	750,237
SBITA Liability		865,169		1,079,311		-		-		865,169		1,079,311
Lease Liability		672,566		813,586		-		65,596		672,566	\$	879,182
Utility Revenue Bonds, Including Premium	_	-		-		26,750,396	_	27,830,128	_	26,750,396		27,830,128
Total	\$	2,616,470	\$	2,643,134	\$	26,750,396	\$	27,895,724	\$	29,366,866	\$	30,538,858

The City received a rating from Standard & Poor's of AA-/Stable on February 14, 2013 on the Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A. On November 16, 2022 Standard & Poor's Global Ratings affirmed its AA- long term rating on Tarpon Springs, Fla.'s series 2013A-1 and 2013A-2 utility system revenue bonds with a stable outlook.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note III-F in the notes.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The State of Florida, by constitution, does not have a state personal income tax and therefore the State operates primarily using sales, gasoline, and corporate income taxes. Local governments (cities, counties, and school boards) primarily rely on property and a limited array of permitted other taxes (sales, gasoline, utility services, etc.) and fees (franchise, permits, etc.) for their governmental activities. There are a limited number of state-shared revenues and recurring and nonrecurring (one-time) grants from the State of Florida, federal government and other grantor agencies.

For the business-type and certain governmental activities (permitting, recreational programs, etc) the user pays a related fee or charge associated with the service.

The level of taxes, fees and charges for services (including development related impact fees) will have a bearing on the City's specific competitive ability to (a) annex additional land into their corporate limits and (b) encourage development (office, retail, residential and industrial) to choose to be located in their jurisdiction. The City places significant emphasis on encouraging both annexation and economic development. The City now competes with unincorporated Pinellas County for new regional development. In areas of concern affecting all Pinellas County municipalities, City officials regularly meet with other members of Pinellas County Governments.

Construction activity within the City has decreased in FY 2024. The number of building permits pulled has decreased slightly over the previous fiscal years. Property values have also been increasing within the City.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional information, contact the City Finance Director or Assistant Finance Director, offices located on the Second Floor of City Hall, 324 East Pine Street, Tarpon Springs, Florida, 34689.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section contains the following subsections:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of

Net Position - Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual:

General Fund

Community Redevelopment Agency Fund - Downtown

Grants Fund

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds

Notes to the Financial Statements

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowance) Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Capital Assets: Land and land rights Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets: Lease assets	\$	Governmental Activities 12,888,505 \$ 23,414,740 5,193,208 1,483,274 42,918 30,437	Activities 4,647,168 \$ 1,518,346 2,794,633 1,060,742 255,340 2,500 3,709,548 5,984,613	Total 17,535,673 24,933,086 7,987,841 2,544,016 298,258 32,937
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowance) Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Capital Assets: Land and land rights Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:	\$	23,414,740 5,193,208 1,483,274 42,918	1,518,346 2,794,633 1,060,742 255,340 2,500 3,709,548	24,933,086 7,987,841 2,544,016 298,258
Investments Receivables (net of allowance) Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Capital Assets: Land and land rights Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:	,	23,414,740 5,193,208 1,483,274 42,918	1,518,346 2,794,633 1,060,742 255,340 2,500 3,709,548	24,933,086 7,987,841 2,544,016 298,258
Due from other governments Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Capital Assets: Land and land rights Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:		1,483,274 42,918	1,060,742 255,340 2,500 3,709,548	2,544,016 298,258
Inventories Prepaid items Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Capital Assets: Land and land rights Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:		42,918	255,340 2,500 3,709,548	298,258
Prepaid items Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Capital Assets: Land and land rights Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:			2,500 3,709,548	
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Capital Assets: Land and land rights Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:		30,437	3,709,548	32,937
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Capital Assets: Land and land rights Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:		- - -		
Investments Receivables Capital Assets: Land and land rights Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:		- - -		3,709,548
Receivables Capital Assets: Land and land rights Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:		-		5,984,613
Capital Assets: Land and land rights Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:			1,242	1,242
Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:			,	,
Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:		9,901,638	3,892,472	13,794,110
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:		25,275,354	2,214,958	27,490,312
Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:		29,137,821	151,352,417	180,490,238
Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:		14,960,131	9,625,856	24,585,987
Accumulated depreciation Right To Use Lease Assets:		55,826,030	12,281,446	55,826,030
Right To Use Lease Assets:		10,165,379 (79,775,806)	(76,243,925)	22,446,825 (156,019,731)
		(17,113,600)	(70,243,723)	(130,017,731)
		1,034,603	190,813	1,225,416
Accumulated amortization lease assets		(381,921)	(190,813)	(572,734)
Subscription Based IT Arrangements:				
SBITA assets		1,131,812	-	1,131,812
Accumulated amortization SBITA assets		(282,953)		(282,953)
Total Assets		110,045,170	123,097,356	233,142,526
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB.		741,721	98,344	840,065
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans.	-	1,806,770		1,806,770
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	2,548,491	98,344	2,646,835
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		2,867,391	1,072,586	3,939,977
Accrued liabilities		414,349	128,791	543,140
Contracts payable		118,296	950,945	1,069,241
Deposits		18,270	=	18,270
Unearned revenue		5,828,685	607,379	6,436,064
Payable from restricted assets:				
Accounts payable		=	54,387	54,387
Contracts payable		=	45,521	45,521
Customer deposits		-	2,037,741	2,037,741
Non Current Liabilities				
Due Within One Year:				
Bonds payable		-	1,085,000	1,085,000
Financed purchase payable		347,000	-	347,000
SBITA liability		220,919	-	220,919
Leases liability		145,340	-	145,340
Compensated absences		82,500	20,342	102,842
Claims payable		15,417	-	15,417
Due In More Than One Year:				
Bonds payable		-	25,665,396	25,665,396
Financed purchase payable		731,735	-	731,735
Total OPEB liability		2,562,900	339,819	2,902,719
SBITA liability		644,250	-	644,250
Lease liability		527,226	-	527,226
Compensated absences		1,663,736	373,916	2,037,652
Net pension liability		5,218,186	-	5,218,186
Claims payable		149,514	<u> </u>	149,514
Total Liabilities	_	21,555,714	32,381,823	53,937,537
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		880,603	116,762	997,365
Deferred inflows of resources related to Leases		4,045,212	=	4,045,212
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans		4,844,998		4,844,998
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	9,770,813	116,762	9,887,575
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		62,484,447	75,446,365	137,930,812
Restricted for :				
Capital projects - optional sales tax		7,963,163	-	7,963,163
Capital projects - impact fee programs		1,370,506	3,502,046	4,872,552
Transportation		152,310	-,,	152,310
Community redevelopment		1,859,559	_	1,859,559
Law enforcement programs		165,885	-	1,859,559
Grant and special programs		950,066	_	950,066
Other contractual obligations		654,955	- -	654,955
Bond reserve		JJ4,733	2,045,894	2,045,894
		-	2,045,894 955,422	955,422
Bond renewal and replacement		-	JJJ,444	755,422
Bond renewal and replacement Unrestricted		5,666,243	8,747,388	14,413,631

	,	Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
		Operating			Capital		Primary Government					
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental	Business-type			
	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	_	Activities	Activities	Total		
Function/Program Activities												
Primary Government:												
Governmental Activities:												
General government	\$ 7,569,700 \$,	\$	8,781	\$	7,566,095	\$	509,890 \$	- \$,		
Public safety	21,287,785	4,090,068		354,317		24,218		(16,819,182)	-	(16,819,182)		
Physical environment	2,001,661	154,393		17,011		-		(1,830,257)	-	(1,830,257)		
Transportation	2,957,189	-		142,775		2,005,119		(809,295)	-	(809,295)		
Economic environment	591,748	-		169,094		-		(422,654)	-	(422,654)		
Culture/recreation	5,798,308	392,531		712,354		38,309		(4,655,114)	-	(4,655,114)		
Interest on long-term debt	68,234					-	-	(68,234)		(68,234)		
Total governmental activities	40,274,625	5,141,706		1,404,332		9,633,741	=	(24,094,846)		(24,094,846)		
Business-Type Activities:												
Water/Sewer	19,235,042	19,950,767		_		1,521,765		_	2,237,490	2,237,490		
Sanitation	7,645,240	7,847,055		237,946		-		_	439,761	439,761		
Storm Water	1,882,361	2,076,229		-		961,546		_	1,155,414	1,155,414		
Golf Course	1,581,424	2,341,385		_		-		_	759,961	759,961		
Marina	159,492	136,655		_		-		-	(22,837)	(22,837)		
Total business-type activities	30,503,559	32,352,091		237,946		2,483,311	-	-	4,569,789	4,569,789		
Total primary government	\$ 70,778,184 \$	37,493,797	\$	1,642,278	\$	12,117,052	=	(24,094,846)	4,569,789	(19,525,057)		
				General Rever	nues	:						
				Taxes:								
				Property ta	axes			14,388,608	_	14,388,608		
		Property taxes -Tax Increment						, ,		,,		
		Financing (TIF) - County portion						418,249	_	418,249		
		Utility taxes						3,960,570	_	3,960,570		
		Communication service taxes						957,290	_	957,290		
		Half-cent sales tax						2,084,763	-	2,084,763		
		Local option gas tax						319,715	-	319,715		
		Local option sales tax						3,697,705	_	3,697,705		
		Local business tax						104,679	-	104,679		
		Other taxes						67,872	-	67,872		
		Franchise fees						2,321,987	-	2,321,987		
		State revenue sharing						1,213,674	-	1,213,674		
		Investment income						2,657,130	899,449	3,556,579		
		Miscellaneous						239,800	-	239,800		
		Transfers						2,140,266	(2,140,266)			
		Total General Revenues						34,572,308	(1,240,817)	33,331,491		
	Change in Net Position					Position		10,477,462	3,328,972	13,806,434		
		Net Position - Beginning						70,789,672	87,368,143	158,157,815		
				Net Position -	End	ling	\$	81,267,134 \$	90,697,115 \$	171,964,249		

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	_	General Fund	_	Community Redevelopment Agency Downtown	<u>-</u>	Grants		Optional Sales Tax		Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,321,372	\$	868,915	\$	760,866 \$	5	5,603,478	\$	2,927,312	
Investments		15,603,122		984,785		2,996,973		2,348,999		988,774	22,922,653
Accrued interest receivable		113,597		2,822		52,902		16,204		492	186,017
Accounts receivable - net of											
allowance for doubtful accounts		72,089		-		-		36,636		-	108,725
Lease receivable		4,265,076		-		-		-		-	4,265,076
Taxes receivable		633,141		-		-		-		-	633,141
Due from other governments		318,228		-		38,117		1,074,082		52,847	1,483,274
Prepaid items	-	18,437		12,000	-			-	-	-	30,437
Total Assets	\$ _	23,345,062	\$	1,868,522	\$	3,848,858	S	9,079,399	\$	3,969,425	42,111,266
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS											
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	890,171	\$	6,141	\$	491,005 \$	5	981,736	\$	322,374 \$	2,691,427
Accrued liabilities		397,833		-		4,220		-		-	402,053
Contracts payable		-		-		-		118,296		-	118,296
Deposits		18,270		2 922		-		16.204		-	18,270
Unearned revenue	-	3,230,740		2,822	-	2,578,427	_	16,204		492	5,828,685
Total Liabilities	_	4,537,014		8,963	_	3,073,652	_	1,116,236		322,866	9,058,731
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Leases	_	4,045,212		-	_	_		-		_	4,045,212
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,045,212		-		-		-		-	4,045,212
Fund Balances:	_			_		_			_		
Nonspendable		238,301		12,000		_		_		-	250,301
Restricted		373,736		1,847,559		775,206		7,963,163		1,863,561	12,823,225
Committed		1,250,915		-		-		-		1,782,998	3,033,913
Assigned		3,741,416		-		-		-		-	3,741,416
Unassigned	_	9,158,468		-				-			9,158,468
Total Fund Balances	_	14,762,836		1,859,559	-	775,206	_	7,963,163		3,646,559	29,007,323
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ _	23,345,062	\$	1,868,522	\$	3,848,858	S _	9,079,399	\$	3,969,425	42,111,266

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	29,007,323
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets \$ Less accumulated depreciation	144,258,079 (79,204,306)	65,053,773
Lease assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	1 02 1 502	
Governmental lease assets Less accumulated amortization	1,034,603 (381,921)	652,682
SBITA assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Governmental SBITA assets	1,131,812	
Less accumulated amortization	(282,953)	848,859
Certain deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans. Deferred outflows of resources related to opeb.	1,806,770 738,349	2,545,119
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Financed purchases payable Compensated absences Lease liability SBITA liability Accrued interest on long-term liabilities	(1,078,735) (1,719,784) (672,566) (865,169) (3,499)	(4,339,753)
Certain liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources related to opeb	(5,218,186) (876,601)	
Other postemployment benefits Deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans	(2,551,251) (4,844,998)	(13,491,036)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs	(', - ' ', - ')	(-2, 12 2,000)
of fleet maintenance and risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in		
governmental activities in the statement of net position.		990,167
Net position of governmental activities.	\$	81,267,134

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	General Fund	Community Redevelopment Agency Downtown	Grants	Optional Sales Tax	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	Tunu	Downtown	Grants	Tux	Tunus	Tunus
Taxes	\$ 18,944,566	\$ 466,581	\$ -	\$ 3,697,705	\$ 319,715	\$ 23,428,567
Permits and fees	3,015,946	-	-	-	92,961	3,108,907
Intergovernmental	4,189,944	418,249	7,844,641	1,848,165	158,620	14,459,619
Charges for services	3,958,015	-	-	-	-	3,958,015
Fines and forfeitures	167,317	-	-	-	3,928	171,245
Other	2,016,282	111,351	521,238	411,391	379,271	3,439,533
Total Revenues	32,292,070	996,181	8,365,879	5,957,261	954,495	48,565,886
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government:	140.021					140.021
Board of commissioners	140,831	-	-	-	-	140,831
City manager	330,717	-	-	-	-	330,717
Financial administration	556,755	-	-	-	-	556,755
Human resources	369,987	-	-	-	-	369,987
Purchasing	263,316	-	-	-	-	263,316
Management information services	756,539	-	-	-	-	756,539
City attorney	414,930	-	-	-	-	414,930
Planning	807,397	-	-	-	-	807,397
City clerk	432,813	-	-	-	-	432,813
Projection administration	77,612	-	-	-	-	77,612
Non-departmental	1,049,582		1,500,000	· 	<u> </u>	2,549,582
	5,200,479		1,500,000	-	<u> </u>	6,700,479
Public Safety:					400.000	44 #80 84#
Police	11,425,118	-	-	-	103,227	11,528,345
Fire/ems/emergency management	7,329,928	-	270,170	-	-	7,600,098
Protective inspections	1,112,686				<u> </u>	1,112,686
	19,867,732		270,170		103,227	20,241,129
Physical Environment:	1 220 404					1 220 404
City buildings/grounds	1,230,404	-	-	-	-	1,230,404
Cemetery	476,603	-	-	-	-	476,603
Other	49,079		27,751	· 	<u> </u>	76,830
	1,756,086		27,751	-	<u> </u>	1,783,837
Transportation:	4.440.000					4 440 440
Other	1,469,239				<u> </u>	1,469,239
	1,469,239			· ———	<u> </u>	1,469,239
Economic Environment:						
Economic development	150,799	197,220	13,312		<u> </u>	361,331
	150,799	197,220	13,312		<u> </u>	361,331
Culture and Recreation:						
Library	1,615,895	-	-	-	-	1,615,895
Parks and recreation	2,548,543	-	-	-	-	2,548,543
Cultural	865,104	-	-	-	-	865,104
Other					13,603	13,603
	5,029,542				13,603	5,043,145
Capital Outlay	918,479	54,568	6,170,943	5,482,978	1,286,713	13,913,681
Debt Service	374,151	38,014	0,170,515	587,494		999,659
Dest per rice	371,131	20,011	-		-	
Total Expenditures	34,766,507	289,802	7,982,176	6,070,472	1,403,543	50,512,500
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		706,379	383,703	(113,211		(1,946,614)
	(=, . , 1, 157)	. 50,517	200,100	(113,211	, (112,010)	(1,710,011)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	899,894		899,894
Transfers in	2,390,266	-	-	-	250,000	2,640,266
Transfers out				. <u> </u>	(500,000)	(500,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,390,266			899,894		3,040,160
Net Change in Fund Balances	(84,171)	706,379	383,703	786,683	(699,048)	1,093,546
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	14,847,007	1,153,180	391,503	7,176,480	4,345,607	27,913,777
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 14,762,836	\$ 1,859,559	\$ 775,206	\$ 7,963,163	\$ 3,646,559	\$ 29,007,323

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,093,546
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of			
activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.			
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets			
is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.	Φ.	12.012.501	
Expenditures for capital assets	\$	13,913,681	0.460.225
Less current year depreciation	_	(4,444,356)	9,469,325
In the statement of activities the loss on disposition of capital assets			
is reported. The loss is not a use of current resources and thus is not			(20)
reported in the funds.			(20)
Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds;			
however issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net			
assets. In the current year these amounts are:			
Finance purchase proceeds	-	(899,894)	(899,894)
Repayment of long term debt principal is an expenditure in the			
governmental funds, however the repayment reduces long-term			
liabilities in the statement of net position. Current year amounts are:			
Financed purchase principal payments		571,396	
SBITA principal payments		214,142	
Lease principal payments	_	141,020	926,558
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not			
require the use of current financial resources and therefore are			
not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			
Current year change in accrued interest		4,867	
Current year change in compensated absences		27,400	
Lease and SBITA amortization		(371,320)	
Net pension liability		8,864,758	
Current year change in the liability for other postemployment benefits		(412,629)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans.		(3,774,686)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to opeb.		71,486	
Deferred inflows of resources related to opeb		265,099	(100 110)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans	_	(4,798,085)	(123,110)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs			
of fleet maintenance and risk management to individual funds.			
The net income of the internal service funds is reported with			
governmental activities.			11,057
Change in net position of governmental activities.		\$	10,477,462

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

						Variance with Final Budget -
		Budgeted A	mounts			Positive
	Orig	ginal	Final	_	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:						
Taxes		537,700 \$	18,637,700	\$	18,944,566 \$	306,866
Permits and fees		338,644	2,942,034		3,015,946	73,912
Intergovernmental		71,568	4,404,158		4,189,944	(214,214
Charges for services		558,200	3,681,200		3,958,015	276,81
Fines and forfeitures		66,432	166,432		167,317	88:
Other		52,244	1,277,671		2,016,282	738,61
Total Revenues	30,4	124,788	31,109,195	-	32,292,070	1,182,87
Expenditures: Current:						
General Government:						
Board of commissioners		47,711	147,711		140,831	6,88
City manager	3	349,888	375,533		330,717	44,81
Financial administration	(527,413	564,291		556,755	7,53
Human resources	3	356,417	370,217		369,987	23
Purchasing	2	259,296	263,496		263,316	18
Management information services	1,0	061,202	1,042,035		756,539	285,49
City attorney		255,000	417,000		414,930	2,07
Planning		32,006	815,841		807,397	8,44
City clerk		148,676	458,257		432,813	25,44
Project administration		64,216	164,216		77,612	86,60
Non-departmental		547,247	1,534,378		1,049,582	484,79
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		049,072	6,152,975	-	5,200,479	952,49
Public Safety:				-	<u> </u>	
Police	10,0	551,741	11,162,167		11,425,118	(262,95
Fire/ems/emergency management		09,486	7,467,172		7,329,928	137,24
Protective inspections		14,197	1,135,977		1,112,686	23,29
•		375,424	19,765,316	_	19,867,732	(102,41
Physical Environment:				_		
City buildings/grounds	1,1	07,280	1,246,977		1,230,404	16,57
Cemetery	2	187,763	490,122		476,603	13,51
Tree bank		81,000	232,761		49,079	183,68
	1,0	576,043	1,969,860	-	1,756,086	213,77
Transportation: Roads and streets	1 3	370,515	1,472,211		1,469,239	2,97
	1,,	770,313	1,472,211	-	1,407,237	2,77
Economic Environment: Economic development	1	44,986	150,886		150,799	8
Culture and Recreation:				-		
Library	1 (517,029	1,680,835		1,615,895	64,94
Parks and recreation		527,368	2,603,016		2,548,543	54,47
Cultural		885,917	1,087,171		865,104	222,06
Culturu		030,314	5,371,022	-	5,029,542	341,48
Capital Outlay		55,700	1,168,308	-	918,479	249,82
Debt Service		-	-	-	374,151	(374,15
Total Expenditures	33.3	802,054	36,050,578	-	34,766,507	1,284,07
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		377,266)	(4,941,383)	-	(2,474,437)	2,466,94
Other Financing Sources:	(2,0	.,/	(.,,, .2,,000)	-	(.,, /)	_,,,,
Transfers in	2.5	540,266	2,540,266		2,390,266	(150,00
Total Other Financing Sources		540,266	2,540,266	-	2,390,266	(150,00
Net Change in Fund Balances		337,000)	(2,401,117)	-	(84,171)	2,316,94
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		347,007	14,847,007		14,847,007	, - 7"
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 14,5	510,007 \$	12,445,890	Φ.	14,762,836 \$	2,316,94

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND - DOWNTOWN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

					Variance with Final Budget -
		Budgeted A	mounts		Positive
	_	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	_				
Taxes	\$	467,083 \$	467,083	\$ 466,581 \$	(502)
Intergovernmental		419,369	419,369	418,249	(1,120)
Other	_	3,978	3,978	111,351	107,373
Total Revenues	_	890,430	890,430	996,181	105,751
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Economic Environment:					
Other		326,184	326,184	197,220	128,964
Capital Outlay		564,246	886,879	54,568	832,311
Debt Service	_			38,014	(38,014)
Total Expenditures	_	890,430	1,213,063	289,802	923,261
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(322,633)	706,379	1,029,012
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	1,153,180	1,153,180	1,153,180	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$_	1,153,180 \$	830,547	\$ 1,859,559 \$	1,029,012

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GRANTS FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

FOR THE TEAR ENDED SEFTEMBER 30,	2021					Variance with Final Budget -
		Budgete	d A	mounts		Positive
	_	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	_		_			
Intergovernmental	\$	298,323	\$	10,633,760	\$ 7,844,641 \$	(2,789,119)
Other	_	177,978	_	302,102	521,238	219,136
Total Revenues	_	476,301	_	10,935,862	8,365,879	(2,569,983)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government:						
Other		-		1,500,000	1,500,000	-
Public Safety:						
Fire		280,323		280,323	270,170	10,153
Physical Environment:						
Other		18,072		27,872	27,751	121
Economic Environment:						
Other		-		-	13,312	(13,312)
Capital Outlay		177,906		9,247,467	6,170,943	3,076,524
Total Expenditures	_	476,301	_	11,055,662	7,982,176	3,073,486
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	-	_	(119,800)	383,703	503,503
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(119,800)	383,703	503,503
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	391,503	_	391,503	391,503	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$_	391,503	\$_	271,703	\$ 775,206 \$	503,503

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

SEP1EMBER 30, 2024	Ві	ess-type Activi				Governmental			
	Sanitation		Water and Sewer		Non-Major Enterprise Funds		Total		Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS		_				•		-	
Current Assets:	004.505		2 502 545		002 505		4 6 4 7 4 6 0		10 5 7 50
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 881,735 691,365	\$	2,782,747 826,981	\$	982,686	\$	4,647,168 1,518,346	\$	406,562 492,087
Receivables:	0,1,505		020,701				1,510,510		1,72,007
Interest	4,161		53,775		-		57,936		249
Accounts - billed (net)	444,619		1,132,416		140,367		1,717,402		-
Accounts - unbilled Due from other governments	245,211 237,946		691,618		82,466 822,796		1,019,295 1,060,742		-
Inventories	-		226,599		28,741		255,340		42,918
Prepaid items	-		-		2,500		2,500		-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents/investments:	11.120		14000				20.505		
Customer deposits-cash and cash equivalents Customer deposits-investments	14,438 675,562		16,357 1,326,103		-		30,795 2,001,665		-
Total Current Assets	3,195,037	_	7,056,596		2,059,556	-	12,311,189	-	941,816
Non-Current Assets:		_				•		-	
Restricted:									
Cash and cash equivalents:									
Impact fees ARPA fund	-		2,526,235		-		2,526,235		-
Construction fund	-		1,151,889 629		-		1,151,889 629		-
Investments:	_		02)		_		02)		•
Impact fees	-		981,632		-		981,632		-
Reserve fund	-		2,045,894		-		2,045,894		-
Renewal and replacement fund Receivables:	-		955,422		-		955,422		-
Accrued interest	_		59		_		59		_
Accounts receivable - billed (net)	-		1,183		-		1,183		-
Capital Assets:									
Land and land rights	421,435		2,566,730		904,307		3,892,472		-
Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings	101,713 1,885,827		1,602,520 141,012,346		510,725 8,454,243		2,214,958 151,352,416		44,756 814,814
Machinery and equipment	1,293,735		6,066,866		2,265,254		9,625,855		148,704
Accumulated depreciation	(1,199,725)		(69,327,981)		(5,716,219)		(76,243,925)		(571,500)
Construction in progress	214,098		8,828,033		3,239,315		12,281,446		-
Right to use Lease Assets:					100.012		100.012		
Lease asset Lease accumulated amortization	_		-		190,813 (190,813)		190,813 (190,813)		
Total Non-Current Assets	2,717,083	_	98,411,457	•	9,657,625		110,786,165	•	436,774
Total Assets	5,912,120	_	105,468,053		11,717,181		123,097,354		1,378,590
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB.	7,005	_	82,106		9,233		98,344	_	3,372
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,005	_	82,106		9,233	-	98,344	-	3,372
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities:	15.067		010 416		220 101		1.072.504		177.064
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	15,067 11,111		819,416 98,233		238,101 19,447		1,072,584 128,791		175,964 8,797
Contracts payable	682,745		203,539		64,661		950,945		-
Bonds payable	· -		1,085,000		-		1,085,000		-
Claims payable	-		-		-				15,417
Compensated absences	2,556		14,114		3,672		20,342		2,141
Unearned revenue Current Liabilities (payable from restricted assets):	-		573,530		33,849		607,379		-
Accounts payable	-		54,387		-		54,387		-
Contracts payable	-		45,521				45,521		-
Customer deposits	690,000	_	1,342,460		5,281	-	2,037,741	-	202 210
Total Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities:	1,401,479	_	4,236,200		365,011	-	6,002,690	-	202,319
Bonds payable	-		25,665,396		-		25,665,396		-
Claims payable	-		-		-		-		149,514
Total OPEB liability	24,209		283,708		31,902		339,819		11,649
Compensated absences Total Non-Current Liabilities	7,634 31,843	_	300,414 26,249,518		65,868 97,770		373,916 26,379,131	-	24,311 185,474
Total Liabilities	1,433,322	_	30,485,718		462,781	•	32,381,821	-	387,793
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	,,-	_	, ,	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-		-	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.	8,318		97.482		10,962		116,762		4,002
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,318	_	97,482		10,962	-	116,762	-	4,002
	3,310	_),, 1 02		10,702	•	110,702		7,002
NET POSITION					0.40===				10
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	2,695,774		63,255,356		9,495,235		75,446,365		436,774
Revenue bond reserve requirements	_		2,045,894		_		2,045,894		_
Revenue bond renewal and replacement requirements	-		955,422		-		955,422		-
Capital projects - impact fee program	-		3,502,046		-		3,502,046		_
Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$\frac{1,781,711}{4,477,485}	<u>-</u>	5,208,241 74,966,959	¢	1,757,436 11,252,671		8,747,388 90,697,115	· c	553,393 990,167
1 Otal INCL I OSILIOII	Ψ +,+//,403	φ=	14,700,739	\$	11,434,071	Ф	70,097,113	.	770,107

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		В	usir	ness-type Acti	vitie	es		
			Е	nterprise Fund	ls			Governmental
	-					Non-Major		Activities -
		a		Water and		Enterprise		Internal
On antin - Barrens	-	Sanitation		Sewer	-	Funds	Total	Service Funds
Operating Revenues:	ф	7 945 950	¢	10 724 459	Φ	4504021 ¢	22.075.249 ¢	2 220 476
Charges for services Other	\$	7,845,859 1,196	\$	19,724,458 226,309	Þ	4,504,931 \$ 47,481	32,075,248 \$ 274,986	3,320,476
Other	-	1,190		220,309	-	47,461	274,980	
Total Operating Revenues	_	7,847,055		19,950,767		4,552,412	32,350,234	3,320,476
Operating Expenses:								
Personnel services		718,413		6,858,533		1,375,639	8,952,585	481,465
Contractual services		6,603,821		1,370,302		1,052,576	9,026,699	117,335
Supplies		48,786		1,913,319		330,095	2,292,200	534,635
Repairs and maintenance		67,275		1,479,580		299,772	1,846,627	861,821
Utilities		13,199		1,741,910		98,702	1,853,811	1,219
Insurance		-		-		-	-	1,296,156
Lease amortization		-		-		63,604	63,604	-
Depreciation	_	160,849		4,813,841		401,948	5,376,638	62,723
Total Operating Expenses	_	7,612,343		18,177,485		3,622,336	29,412,164	3,355,354
Operating Income (Loss)	_	234,712		1,773,282		930,076	2,938,070	(34,878)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):								
Investment income		69,815		414,283		112,392	596,490	21,704
Net change in fair value of investments		36,222		247,005		-	283,227	24,231
Intergovernmental grants		237,946		-		-	237,946	-
Interest expense		(32,676))	(1,048,040)		(941)	(1,081,657)	-
Amortization of bond premium		_		19,732		-	19,732	_
Other revenue		_		-		1,857	1,857	_
Other expense		(221))	(9,517)		<u> </u>	(9,738)	
T 111 0 1 5								
Total Non-Operating Revenues		211.006		(27.6 527)		112 200	47.057	45.025
(Expenses)	-	311,086		(376,537)	-	113,308	47,857	45,935
Income before Contributions								
and Transfers	_	545,798		1,396,745		1,043,384	2,985,927	11,057
Capital grants and contributions				1,521,765		961,546	2,483,311	_
Transfers out		(496,218)	,	(1,479,979)		(164,069)	(2,140,266)	_
	-	(470,210)		(1,47),272)	-	(104,007)	(2,140,200)	
Total Capital Grants, Contributions								
and Transfers Out	_	(496,218)	<u> </u>	41,786		797,477	343,045	
Change in Net Position		49,580		1,438,531		1,840,861	3,328,972	11,057
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	4,427,905		73,528,428		9,411,810	87,368,143	979,110
Net Position - End of Year	\$	4,477,485	\$	74,966,959	\$	11,252,671 \$	90,697,115 \$	990,167

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

			ness-type Activitie	es		C
	_	Е	nterprise Funds	Non-Major		Governmental Activities -
			Water and	Enterprise		Internal
	,	Sanitation	Sewer	Funds	Total	Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:			<u> </u>	Tunus	Total	Service I unus
	\$	7,603,467 \$	19,873,688 \$	3,724,001 \$	31,201,156 \$	_
Cash payments to suppliers	Ψ	(7,007,146)	(7,347,906)	(1,583,643)	(15,938,695)	(2,908,166)
Cash payments to suppliers Cash payments to employees		(708,744)	(6,748,504)	(1,372,480)	(8,829,728)	(472,394)
Cash received from other funds		(700,711)	(0,710,501)	(1,572,100)	(0,029,720)	3,320,476
Other expense		(221)	(9,517)	1,857	(7,881)	5,520,170
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	(112,644)	5,767,761	769,735	6,424,852	(60,084)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		(406.219)	(1.470.070)	(164,060)	(2.140.266)	
Transfers out		(496,218)	(1,479,979)	(164,069)	(2,140,266)	-
Intergovernmental grants		237,946	(62.240)	(0.41)	237,946	-
Interest paid		(32,676)	(63,240)	(941)	(96,857)	-
Advance to other fund	-	100,000	-	 -	100,000	
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		(100.049)	(1.542.210)	(165.010)	(1 900 177)	
financing activities	_	(190,948)	(1,543,219)	(165,010)	(1,899,177)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Principal payments on debt		_	(1,060,000)	_	(1,060,000)	_
Principal payments on lease		_	(1,000,000)	(65,596)	(65,596)	_
Interest payments on debt		_	(984,800)	(05,570)	(984,800)	_
Contributed capital from other governmental entities		_	1,261,277	961,546	2,222,823	_
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(142,019)	(6,347,007)	(2,375,367)	(8,864,393)	(5,750)
Contributed capital - impact fees		(1.2,01)	260,488	-	260,488	(5,755)
Net cash used for capital and related						
financing activities		(142,019)	(6,870,042)	(1,479,417)	(8,491,478)	(5,750)
Ç						
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest on investments		69,815	414,283	112,392	596,490	21,704
Proceeds of investment sales & maturities		1,040,775	8,709,225	-	9,750,000	-
Purchase of investments	_	(715,775)	(4,284,225)	<u> </u>	(5,000,000)	
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	394,815	4,839,283	112,392	5,346,490	21,704
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(50,796)	2,193,783	(762,300)	1,380,687	(44,130)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	946,969	4,284,074	1,744,986	6,976,029	450,692
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$_	896,173 \$	6,477,857 \$	982,686 \$	8,356,716 \$	406,562
Cash and cash equivalents classfied as:						
	\$	881,735 \$	2,782,747 \$	982,686 \$	4,647,168 \$	406,562
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current:		,	, , ,	,	, , ,	,
Customer deposits		14,438	16,357	-	30,795	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - non-current:						
Impact fees		-	2,526,235	-	2,526,235	-
ARPA fund		-	1,151,889	-	1,151,889	-
Construction fund	_	- +	629	-	629	-
	\$_	896,173 \$	6,477,857 \$	982,686 \$	8,356,716 \$	406,562

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Busin Er		Governmental		
	_;	Sanitation	Water and Sewer	Non-Major Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	234,712 \$	1,773,282 \$	930,076 \$	2,938,070 \$	(34,878)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to						
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Other revenue		-	-	1,857	1,857	-
Other expense		(221)	(9,517)	-	(9,738)	-
Depreciation expense		160,849	4,813,841	401,948	5,376,638	62,723
Amortization expense		-	-	63,605	63,605	-
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Decrease in accounts receivable - interest		7,384	41,745	-	49,129	-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable - billed (net)		4,852	26,009	(5,045)	25,816	-
Increase in unbilled accounts receivable		(17,878)	(130,665)	(12,167)	(160,710)	-
Increase in due from other governments		(237,946)	-	(822,796)	(1,060,742)	-
Increase in inventories		-	(33,320)	(1,898)	(35,218)	(21,002)
Decrease in prepaid items		-	5,002	-	5,002	-
Increase in deferred outflow-OPEB		(1,051)	(16,893)	(2,018)	(19,962)	(973)
Increase (decrease) in accounts and contracts payable		(290,016)	(840,888)	199,169	(931,735)	116,706
Increase in accrued liabilities		7,060	57,728	10,094	74,882	5,577
Decrease in claims payable		-	-	-	-	(192,704)
Increase in unearned revenue		-	-	11,597	11,597	-
Increase in customer deposits		15,951	26,411	230	42,592	-
Increase in total OPEB liability		5,111	74,567	8,764	88,442	3,959
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		426	(5,373)	(12,290)	(17,237)	611
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources-OPEB		(1,877)	(14,168)	(1,391)	(17,436)	(103)
Total adjustments	_	(347,356)	3,994,479	(160,341)	3,486,782	(25,206)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$_	(112,644) \$	5,767,761 \$	769,735 \$	6,424,852 \$	(60,084)

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Employee Retirement Funds
Assets	_	_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	579,417
Money market		1,190,164
Interest receivable		138,417
City Contributions		277,597
Investments, at fair value:		
U.S. Government Securities		16,449,299
Municipals		239,388
Equities Common Stock		32,206,158
Mutual Funds		38,538,379
Corporate Bonds		2,249,522
Real Estate	_	3,136,002
Total Investments	_	92,818,748
Total Assets	_	95,004,343
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		5,120
Total Liabilities	_	5,120
Net Position		
Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$_	94,999,223

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Additions:	-	Employee Retirement Funds	
Contributions			
Contributions:	\$	2 976 674	
Employer Plan members	Þ	2,876,674	
State of Florida		752,142	
Total Contributions	-	798,099	
Total Contributions	-	4,426,915	
Investment Income:			
Net increase in fair value of			
investments (realized and unrealized)		15,947,955	
Interest & Dividends		2,381,606	
	-	18,329,561	
Less Investment Expenses:	-		
Investment management fees		253,336	
	-	253,336	
	-		
Net Investment Income	-	18,076,225	
	_		
Total Additions	_	22,503,140	
Deductions:	_		
Deductions.			
Benefits		4,690,783	
Lump sum DROP distributions		800,713	
Refunds of contributions		39,054	
Administrative expense	_	194,365	
Total Deductions		5,724,915	
=		-,,,,,	
Change in Net Position		16,778,225	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	-	78,220,998	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	94,999,223	

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Tarpon Springs, Florida (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Tarpon Springs was incorporated in 1887 and operates as a Commission /Manager form of government. The City provides traditional governmental services such as public safety, culture and recreation, public works, water and sewer services, and solid waste disposal. The legal authority by which the City was created and governed is Chapter 5364 Laws of Florida 1903, as amended.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City of Tarpon Springs (the primary government) and its component units. Component units are included in the reporting entity due to the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

The City has developed criteria to determine whether other entities are component units of the City. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City of Tarpon Springs are *financially accountable*.

The City of Tarpon Springs would be considered *financially accountable* if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will (significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization) on the organization or (2) there is potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City of Tarpon Springs (i.e., entitled to or can access the organization's resources, is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization, or is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization).

The City of Tarpon Springs would be considered *financially accountable* if an organization is fiscally dependent (budget, rates, tax levies and ability to issue debt requires City approval) on and there is potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City of Tarpon Springs regardless of whether the organization has (1) a separately elected governing board, (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (3) a jointly appointed board.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

<u>Blended Component Unit: Community Redevelopment Agency – Downtown Tarpon Springs:</u>

The Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), created by statutory authority of Florida Statute Chapter 163, Part III, and legal authority was created and is governed by City of Tarpon Springs Ordinance 2001-24, although it is legally separate, is reported as if it was part of the City (blended component unit) due to the City Commission serving as the governing board of the CRA and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the CRA. All revenues of the CRA are used in the district to fund capital improvements within the district that belong to the City. The operations of the CRA have been incorporated into the City's annual comprehensive financial report as a major governmental fund. Separate financial statements for the CRA are not available.

<u>Related Organization – Tarpon Springs Housing Authority (TSHA):</u>

TSHA is a public housing authority created by City Resolution 1062 (1964), under Section 421.04 of the Florida Statutes. TSHA receives primary funding from the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The City Commission appoints the governing board, however, the City Commission is not able to impose its will on the TSHA, nor does the City have any responsibility for the budget, debt, financing deficits, or fiscal management of TSHA. Consequently, it is not a component unit of the City of Tarpon Springs. Separate audited financial statements of TSHA, as of March 31, 2023, are available from TSHA.

Fiduciary Component Units – Police Officers Pension Fund:

The City's police officers participate in the Police Officers Pension Plan, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Plan functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two police officers are elected by the membership, two City residents are appointed by the City's Board of Commissioners and a fifth member elected by the other four members constitute the pension board. The City and the Plan participants are obligated to fund all Plan costs based upon actuarial valuations. The City is authorized to establish benefit levels and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the contribution levels.

Fiduciary Component Units – Firefighters Pension Fund:

The City's firefighters participate in the Firefighters Pension Plan, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Plan functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two firefighters are elected by the membership, two City residents are appointed by the City's Board of Commissioners and a fifth member elected by the other four members constitute the pension board. The City and the Plan participants are obligated to fund all Plan costs based upon actuarial

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

valuations. The City is authorized to establish benefit levels and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the contribution levels.

Fiduciary Component Units – General Employees' Pension Fund:

The City's full-time City employees, (except for Police Officers and Firefighters) and civilian police and fire department employees participate in the General Employees' Pension Plan, a single-employer defined contribution pension plan. The Plan functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members of the General Employees Retirement Plan are elected by the membership, two members are the Finance Director and the Human Resources Director, and one member is a Commissioner selected by the consensus of the Board of Commissioners. The City contributes 9.0% to the members and the pension board administers the Plan.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The City's Basic Financial Statements contain three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

1. Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by private-sector businesses. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of the City. The difference between assets and deferred outflows of revenue, and liabilities and deferred inflows of revenues is reported as net position. Changes in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. All revenues and expenses are

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

reported as soon as the underlying transaction has occurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other quasi-external charges between enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

2. Fund financial statements. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements are, in substance, very similar to the financial statements presented in the previous financial reporting model. An emphasis is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type categories. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds (by category) are summarized into a single column.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grant revenues are an exception, as they are considered available when eligible expenditures have occurred even though they may be collected for up to one year after the current fiscal year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures on general long-term, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when the liability has matured, with the exception of interest and principal which are recognized as expenditures when funds are transferred to the debt service fund to make payments due shortly after the fiscal year end. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the City the right to use leased assets, are reported as expenditures in

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, utility taxes, franchise fees, certain other tax revenues, and licenses associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Community Redevelopment Agency Fund-Downtown Tarpon Springs – is a special revenue fund used to account for the activity of the Downtown Tarpon Springs Community Redevelopment Agency Trust Fund with Tax Increment Financing. The main source of revenues is the Tax Increment Financing provided by the City and Pinellas County and any interest thereon.

Grants Fund – is a special revenue fund used to account for the activity of certain governmental grants which includes the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA).

Optional Sales Tax Fund – is a capital project fund used to account for the majority of the City's capital projects. Revenues are received from the one-cent sales tax.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sanitation Fund – is used to account for the activities of the City's residential and commercial refuse, recycling and yard waste collection system where the intent is that costs of providing services to the public is recovered primarily through user charges.

Water and Sewer Fund – is used to account for the water, sewer and reclaimed system, where the intent is that costs of providing services to the public is recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds – is used to account for the activities of the vehicle maintenance and risk management services provided to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Employee Retirement Funds – is used to account for the activities of the police and fire defined benefit pension plans and the general employees defined contribution plans.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Operating and Non-operating items in Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds (water and sewer, sanitation, stormwater, marina and golf course) are charges to customers for the use of the service. The principal operating revenues of the City's internal service funds (vehicle maintenance and risk management) are the internal charges to the user departments of the City. Operating expenses for the enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make use of estimates that affect reported amounts in the basic financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance</u>

Cash and Investments:

The City utilizes a consolidated cash pool to account for cash and investments of all City funds other than those which are required by ordinance to be physically segregated. The consolidated cash pool concept allows each participating fund to benefit from the economies of scale and improved yield which are inherent to a larger investment pool. Formal accounting records detail the individual equities of the participating funds. The cash pool utilizes a single checking account for all City receipts and disbursements with a separate checking account for payroll disbursements.

All pooled cash and investment accounts in the individual funds that are in a deficit (overdraft) position with respect to the consolidated cash pool are reclassified at year-end to interfund payables to the General Fund, the fund selected by management to reflect the offsetting interfund receivables in such cases.

The City utilizes a very conservative investment philosophy when it invests its pooled cash funds in that the return of the principal is more important than the return on the principal. The City does not actively trade its portfolio and generally holds investments until maturity. Through the use of a laddered approach to maturities and by timing

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

maturities to cash needs, the City does not anticipate the need to sell investments to meet cash flow requirements.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Under the current investment policy, consolidated cash pool investments are limited to the following: time deposits and savings accounts of authorized financial institutions, Money Market Funds, United States Government Securities, Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, Non-Taxable Governmental Bonds, Florida State Board of Administration Investment Pool (name changed to "Florida Prime") and the Florida Municipal Investment Trust Fund. The Fire and Police Pension Trust Funds are authorized to invest in a wide range of investments including common stock, corporate bonds, commercial paper and the Fire Pension can also invest in real estate.

Receivables and payables:

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset equally by a Nonspendable fund balance account in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Lease receivables are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term.

Inventories and prepaid items:

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the average cost method. Governmental fund-type inventories are charged to the budgetary accounts as the items are consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements when purchased.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangibles and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 and more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred and are not capitalized. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>YEARS</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20-30
Improvements Other Than Buildings	15-30
Machinery and Equipment	5-10
Intangibles-Software Purchases	5-10
Right to use leased equipment	3-10
Right to use leased property	5-10
Infrastructure	30

Compensated Absences:

<u>Accrued Leave</u> – Regular, full-time, permanent employees earn vacation and sick leave starting with the first day of employment.

Vacation Leave – All regular full-time and part-time (over 19 hours) employees are eligible after completion of their probationary period (Police and Fire employees follow their respective bargaining unit). Non-exempt employees are allowed to accrue two years and exempt employees are allowed to accrue three years. Part-Time employees' accruals are pro-rated based on the scheduled work week. Employees lose the excess vacation accrual without compensation for balances exceeding the allowable limits on October 1st of each year.

Vacation leave is earned based on years of continuous and credible service as follows:

Years	Total Weeks
Of Service	Per Year
1 to 5	two weeks
5 to 9	three weeks
10 and over	four weeks

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Sick Leave – All regular full-time employees are eligible after one month of employment to receive one day a month. Maximum allowable sick leave that can be carried forward from one fiscal year to the next is 528 hours plus the equivalent of the current year's accrued sick leave for General Employees. Police and Fire employees have no maximum and follow their respective bargaining unit. Upon retirement or separation in good standing, employees shall be paid a percentage of accrued sick time equal to their full years of service, i.e. five (5) years = 5%, six (6) years = 6%, etc. with a maximum not to exceed forty (40) days.

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vested vacation and sick leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Vested vacation or sick leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Long-Term Obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue recorded in the general fund relates to rental payments from Florida Hospital North Pinellas (formerly Helen Ellis Memorial Hospital) that is for the next fiscal year, Hospital Lease 2041 – 2070 that was paid in FY 2019, Local Business Taxes and Mausoleum sales.

Unearned revenue recorded in the grants fund relates to American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding to be expended on approved ARPA projects.

Unearned revenue in the golf course fund is for gift certificates and rainchecks that will be redeemed in the next fiscal year and sewer impacts/connections in the water-sewer fund.

Deferred Outflows of Resources/Deferred Inflows of Resources:

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Concept Statement No. 4 "Elements of Financial Statements" introduced two new elements of the financial statements in addition to Assets, Liabilities and Net Position:

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Deferred Outflows of Resources – represent a consumption of net assets by the government that applies to future periods.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – represent an acquisition of net assets by the government that applies to future periods.

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 63 "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" provides financial reporting guidance for Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources and also identifies Net Position as the residual of all the elements (Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources) presented in a statement of financial position.

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65 "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities" establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, the City has previously determined that Differences between Expected and Actual Experience, changes in assumptions, and differences between expected and actual earnings on investments in Pensions, Leases and OPEB are revenues of the subsequent year FY 2025, are to be classified as Deferred Inflows of Resources. Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings and changes in assumptions in Pensions and OPEB, are to be classified as Deferred Outflows of Resources.

Net Position:

The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is presented in three components — net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, leases or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. This component does not include the portion of debt attributable to the unspent proceeds.

Restricted – This component consists of net position that have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$19,619,806 of restricted net

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

position, of which \$7,438,560 is restricted by enabling legislation and the balance remaining of \$12,181,246 is restricted by grants, legislation and other external restrictions.

Unrestricted – This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" and "restricted".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance:

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components — nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – This component includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This component consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Committed – This component consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision making authority which includes ordinances and resolutions that are both equally binding. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance and resolution) it employed previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned – This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments are made by City management based on Commission direction.

Unassigned – This classification represents amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

Fund Balance/Net Position Policy:

I. Purpose

To establish a fund balance/net position policy tailored to the needs of the City to insure against unanticipated events that would adversely affect the financial condition of the City and jeopardize the continuation of necessary public services. This policy will ensure the City maintains adequate fund balance / net position and reserves in the City's various operating funds to provide the capacity to: (1) provide sufficient cash flow for daily financial needs, (2) secure and maintain investment grade bond ratings, (3) offset significant economic downturns and revenue shortfalls, and (4) provide funds for unforeseen expenditures related to emergencies.

II. Definitions of Fund Balance/Net Position

Fund Balance of Governmental Funds:

Fund Balance - As defined by the *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* of the Government Finance Officers Association, fund balance is "the difference between assets and liabilities reported in a governmental fund."

Non-Spendable Fund Balance – Amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers (such as creditors, grantors, or contributors), or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the Board of Commissioners, the City's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Commissioners taking the same formal action (ordinance or resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

Assigned Fund Balance – Consists of amounts that the City intends to use for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed; the intent shall be expressed by the management of the City.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

Net Position of Proprietary Funds:

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers (such as creditors, grantors, or contributors), or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – The residual balance of net position after the elimination of the following amounts, net investment in capital assets and the restricted net position.

III. Policy

The City will maintain reservations of unassigned fund balance in the General Fund and unrestricted net position in the Proprietary Funds of the City. The City shall retain the minimum requirement for each fund listed below.

A. General Fund - There shall be a reserve balance in its unassigned fund balance equal to 20% of the current fiscal year operating expenditure and transfers out budgeted for the fund. For the purposes of the calculation, the current fiscal year budget shall be the budget as originally adopted by resolution on or before September 30th for the subsequent fiscal year. The reserve shall be in addition to all other categories of fund balance which include Non-Spendable, Restricted, Committed and Assigned. In any fiscal year where the City is unable to fund the reserve balance of Unassigned fund balance as required in this section, the City shall not budget any amount of unappropriated fund balance for the purpose of balancing the budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

B. Enterprise Funds - The City maintains a Sanitation Fund, Water and Sewer Fund, Storm Water Fund, Marina Fund and a Golf Course Fund. With the exclusion of the Marina and Golf Course Funds the City shall maintain a balance of unrestricted net position equal to 25% of the operating expenses and transfers out of the current fiscal year budget for that fund. For the purposes of this calculation, the current year shall be the budget as originally adopted by resolution on or before September 30th for the subsequent fiscal year. The unrestricted amount shall be in addition to all other required restrictions of net position including but limited to amounts restricted for debt service and/or amounts restricted for renewal and replacement of long lived assets.

IV. Utilization of Surplus Reserves

In the event that the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund or unrestricted net position of the Proprietary Funds exceed the amounts set forth above, the excess may be utilized for any lawful purpose. Nevertheless, it is recommended that priority be given to utilizing the excess within the fund in which it was generated. It may also be used for one-time costs including the establishment of or increase in legitimate restrictions, commitments or assignments of fund balance or restrictions of net position.

V. Replenishment of Reserve Deficits

If, at the end of any fiscal year, the actual amount of unassigned fund balance or unrestricted net position falls below the required fund levels set forth herein, the City Manager shall prepare and submit a plan for expenditure or expense reductions and/or revenue increases to the City Commission. As a part of the annual budget review, the City Commission shall review and, if necessary, amend the plan submitted by the City Manager for restoring the amounts of unassigned fund balance or unrestricted net position to the required levels. Any deficit in the required amount must be restored no later than the end of the second fiscal year following the occurrence.

VI. Annual Review

Compliance with the provisions of this policy shall be reviewed as a part of the annual budget adoption process.

The Unrestricted Net Position in the Sanitation Fund is under the 25% minimum fund balance by \$245,429 at September 30, 2024. FEMA reimbursements from Hurricane Helene once received will offset this deficit along with the increase in the yard waste tipping fees and reduction in the cost of removing debris.

Interfund Transactions:

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans (advances), services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation of the Government-wide columnar presentation. Establishment/Elimination of Funds:

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 there were no new funds and none were eliminated.

E. Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

The following Government Accounting Standards were effective in fiscal year 2024.

GASB 99 – *Omnibus* 2022. This standard is effective for fiscal year end September 30, 2024. The objective of this statement is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This standard did not impact the City's financial statements.

GASB 100 – Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This standard is effective for fiscal year end September 30, 2024. The objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This standard did not impact the City's financial statements.

Note II - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary information

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds except for the trust funds which are not required to be budgeted. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project-length financial plans, in addition to annual appropriated budgets, are adopted for all capital project funds. Supplemental budgetary appropriations were necessary during fiscal 2024 but had immaterial financial statement impact.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as restricted, committed or assigned fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because they will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

In accordance with state law, the City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is approved by the Commission through the passage of a resolution.
- 4. All budget transfers between departments and all budget amendments must be approved by the Commission. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a department of a fund. The legal level of budgetary control per the city charter is the department level. During fiscal 2024, periodic amendments were made to the approved budget.
- 5. Budgets for the Governmental Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the Governmental Funds.

The assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the Pinellas County Property Appraiser and Pinellas County Tax Collector. The laws of the State regulating tax assessment are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State Statutes permit cities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to ten mills. The millage rate in effect for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 was 5.3700.

The tax levy of the City is established by the Board of Commissioners prior to October 1 of each year and the Pinellas County Property Appraiser incorporates the millage into the total tax levy, which includes the municipalities, independent districts, County, and the School Board tax requirements.

All property is reassessed according to its fair value on January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the Executive Director of the State Department of Revenue for review to determine if the roll meets all of the appropriate requirements of state statutes.

All taxes are due and payable on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Tax Collector. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they were assessed, and at such time a lien on the property is recorded. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

January, and 1% in the month of February. The taxes paid in March or after are without discount.

Delinquent taxes on real property bear interest of 18% per year. On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property.

Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holders after a period of two years. Unsold certificates are held by the County. Delinquent taxes on personal property bear interest of 18% per year until the tax is satisfied either by seizure and sale of the property or by the five-year statute of limitations.

The City does not accrue its portion of the County-held certificates due to the immateriality of the amount.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

General Fund – Police Department had expenditures over budget in the amount of \$262,951. This is due to the Police Officers Pension actuary requiring an additional contribution of \$277,597 for FY 2024 on March 3, 2025.

Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds

A. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

Deposits:

All cash of the City is entirely insured either by federal depository insurance corporation (FDIC) or via banks' participation as qualified public depositories pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, "Security for Public Deposits". The City is required to verify that monies are invested in "qualified public depositories" as defined in Florida Statutes section 280.02. Florida Statutes require depositories of public funds to provide collateral each month at least equal to 50 percent of the average daily balance of all public deposits in excess of deposit insurance. At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits that were insured through the "FDIC" or as "Qualified Public Deposits" was \$6,293,411 which consisted of Checking accounts in the amount of \$6,293,411.

Pooled Cash and Investments:

To increase returns and minimize fees, the City follows the practice of pooling available cash and investments of all funds with the exception of retirement plan investments.

Investment Policy – Authorized Investments: Florida Statutes (218.415) authorize municipalities to invest excess funds in time deposits or savings accounts of financial institutions approved by the State Treasurer, obligations of the U.S. Government, U.S. Government Instrumentalities, Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (name changed to

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

"Florida Prime") and mutual funds investing in U.S. Government securities. The City adopted its own investment policy that also authorizes the City to invest in the following: a) obligations of government-sponsored corporations (Instrumentalities – which are usually "AAA" rated but have no explicit government guarantee) which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve; b) commercial paper having received an "A1/P1" or higher rating by a nationally recognized rating agency; c) non-negotiable certificates of deposit and bank investment contracts (BIC), which can be insured, collateralized at the Federal Reserve or qualify as State qualified public deposits as defined by Florida statutes; d) taxable or tax-exempt government bonds, notes or other obligations of state or local governments, including municipal corporations and special districts, of investment grade quality; e) Florida Municipal Investment Trust Funds (FMIVT) and f) any other investments authorized by law and by resolution of the City Commission.

Over the years, the City has held to a conservative investment philosophy with the idea that the return of the investment principal is more important than the return on the principal. We believe that a conservative investment philosophy best serves the residents of Tarpon Springs. Given this strategy, the basis to determine whether market yields are being achieved shall be the average investment return as stated by the Florida Prime, formerly the SBA, for each fiscal year ending September 30. The average investment return as stated by the Florida Prime for fiscal year ending September 30, 2024 is 5.52%. During Fiscal Year 2024, the average cash/investment pool balance was \$55,342,828 and the total annual earnings net of all bank charges was \$2,245,767 (net of unrealized gain/loss at September 30, 2024) giving an average rate of return of 4.06% on the average balance.

Additional information regarding the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Prime Fund) may be obtained from the State Board of Administration.

The Florida Municipal Investment Trust Fund (FMIVT) is an external investment pool administrated by the Florida League of Cities, Inc. It is an interlocal governmental entity created under the laws of the State of Florida. The FMIVT is an authorized investment under section 163.01 of the Florida Statutes. The fair value of the positions in the FMIVT portfolios is the same as the value of the portfolio shares.

The City follows Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 53 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments". The City of Tarpon Springs does not invest in derivative instruments.

The City follows Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72 "Fair Value Measurement and Application". GASB 72 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy to certain investments as mentioned below:

Level 1 Inputs – directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Level 2 Inputs – inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These inputs are derived from or corroborated by the observable market data through correlation or by other means.

Level 3 Inputs – unobservable inputs used only when relevant Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are unavailable.

Investments are held by the City's/Funds' custodians, trust companies having trust powers in the State of Florida. Investments in the Fund are reported at fair value. Level 2 hierarchy fair values were determined by the custodians using a market approach, and matrix pricing techniques. Investment transactions are recognized on the trade date.

At year-end, the government's cash and investment balances were as follows, excluding pension plan investments:

	Maturity/			Rating	Hierarch
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments	WAM	Fair Value	Rating	Agency	Level
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		 _			
Cash on Hand		\$ 107,692			
Deposits with Banks -					
Chase Bank - Checking Accounts					
Operating Funds		6,175,481			
Bond Proceeds		 629			
		 6,176,110			
Bank of America - Checking Account					
Operating Funds		 117,301			
		117,301			
State Board of Administration (Florida Prime)					
Plan A	35 days	14,844,118	AAAm	S & P	n/a
Total State Board of Administration (Florida Prime)		 14,844,118			
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		21,245,221			

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

	Maturity/			Rating	Hierarch
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments	WAM	Fair Value	Rating	Agency	Level
Investments:					
Federal Farm Credit Bank	10/21/2024	997,575	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Farm Credit Bank	11/22/2024	994,073	AA+	S & P	2
Treasury Bill	11/30/2024	999,609	AA+	S & P	1
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	12/16/2024	993,374	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Farm Credit Bank	12/27/2024	990,805	AA+	S & P	2
Treasury Bill	12/31/2024	998,883	AA+	S & P	1
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	1/28/2025	987,020	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	2/26/2025	984,174	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	3/27/2025	981,632	AA+	S & P	2
Treasury Bill	3/31/2025	981,102	AA+	S & P	1
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	4/15/2025	985,563	AA+	S & P	2
Treasury Bill	4/30/2025	997,484	AA+	S & P	1
Treasury Bill	8/15/2025	991,992	AA+	S & P	1
Treasury Bill	8/31/2025	1,482,703	AA+	S & P	1
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp Note	9/29/2025	1,011,069	AA+	S & P	2
Treasury Bill	1/31/2026	492,422	AA+	S & P	1
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	2/3/2026	1,000,787	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	4/29/2026	979,140	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp Note	7/9/2026	1,001,008	AA+	S & P	2
Federal National Mortgage Association	2/26/2027	1,001,888	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	6/11/2027	1,005,955	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	8/23/2027	1,004,773	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Farm Credit Bank	9/10/2027	2,001,664	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	1/12/2028	1,006,601	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	9/21/2028	1,011,062	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	12/18/2028	1,008,382	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp Note	2/6/2029	1,000,811	AA+	S & P	2
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	6/26/2029	3,026,148	AA+	S & P	2
Total Investments		30,917,699			
Total Pooled Cash and Investments		\$ 52,162,920			

Cash and investments as of September 30, 2024 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position	 9/30/2024	
Primary Government:	_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,535,673	
Investments	24,933,086	
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	3,709,548	
Investments	 5,984,613	
Total Pooled Cash and Investments per ACFR	\$ 52,162,920	

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Interest Rate Risk:

In compliance with the City's Investment Policy, as of September 30, 2024, the City minimized the interest rate risk by limiting the effective duration of security types not to exceed five years with the exception of securities related to a specific cash flow such as a reserve fund and investing operating funds in primarily shorter-term securities or similar government investment pools so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the secondary market prior to maturity.

Credit Risk:

In compliance with the City's Investment Policy, as of September 30, 2024, the City minimized credit risk losses due to default of a security issuer or backer, by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, U. S. Government Agency securities and government investment pools, and by pre-qualifying the financial institutions with which the City does business.

Pension Plan Assets

The City reports three pension funds in the accompanying financial statements. Each of the plans has a separate governing board of trustees, a separate investment policy, and differing investment restrictions/risks. Consequently each is disclosed separately below. The Firefighters and Police Officers retirement systems are defined benefit plans and the General Employees retirement plan is a defined contribution plan. All investments at year-end were in compliance with the respective plan investment policies.

Investments are held by the City's/Funds' custodians, trust companies having trust powers in the State of Florida. Investments in the Fund are reported at fair value. Level 2 hierarchy fair values were determined by the custodians using a market approach, and matrix pricing techniques. Investment transactions are recognized on the trade date.

Firefighters' Retirement System

Deposits:

Fiduciary Trust International periodically holds un-invested cash in its capacity as custodian of the Firefighters' Retirement System (the Plan). These funds exist temporarily as cash in the process of collection from the sale of securities.

Investments:

Investment Policy – Authorized Investments: The Board of Trustees of the Firefighters' Retirement System are authorized to invest in time, savings and money market accounts of an

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; obligations of the U. S. Government or an agency or instrumentality of the U. S. Government, including mortgage-related securities; domestic and international equity securities such that not more than 5% of the Plan's assets shall be invested in the common stock of any one issuing company and no more than 5% of the Plan's assets shall be invested in foreign securities; domestic fixed income investments rated "Aaa, Aa, A or Baa" or the equivalent of a nationally recognized rating agency; money market funds with an "A1" rating or the equivalent of a nationally recognized rating agency; bonds issued by the State of Israel; and investments in direct real estate investment partnerships which may be in open end or closed end limited partnership funds, all real estate investments are limited to 20% of the total fund at fair value.

At year-end, the Firefighters' Retirement System cash and investment balances were as follows:

		Moody's	Hierarchy
Firefighters' Retirement System Cash and Investments	Fair Value	Rating	Level
Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Cash in Managed Investment Accounts	\$ 1,514	n/a	1
Money market	1,190,164		
Investments:			
U. S. Government Securities	4,706,617	AAA	2
Municipals	239,388	Aa1/Aa2/Aa3	2
Domestic Corporate Bonds	1,370,519	Aa1/Aa2/Aa3	2
Real Estate Fund-Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)	3,136,002	n/a	n/a
Mutual Funds	2,445,896		
Equities Common Stock	26,064,500	n/a	1
Total Investments	37,962,922		
Total Managed Cash and Investments	\$ 39,154,600		

The real estate fund has no unfunded commitments at September 30, 2024. The redemption frequency is quarterly and requires 30 days notice. The fund is valued at NAV of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.

Credit Risk:

State law provides that retirement plan fixed income securities must have a quality rating of "A" or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services at the time of purchase. Fixed income investments which are downgraded to a "BAA" or equivalent rating must be liquidated within a reasonable period of time not to exceed twelve months. Fixed income investments that are downgraded below a "BAA" rating are to be liquidated immediately.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Interest Rate Risk:

Through its investment policies, the Plan manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates and uses the weighted average maturity method. In this regard, the Plan adopted the Lehman Aggregate Bond Index (LBAB) bench mark performance evaluator. Additionally, the bond portion of the Plan's portfolio is expected to perform in the top 40th percentile and the effective duration of its fixed income investment portfolio will not exceed 125% of the duration of the (LBAB) duration.

Police Officers' Retirement System

Deposits:

Salem Trust periodically holds un-invested cash in its capacity as custodian of the Police Officers' Retirement System (the Plan). These funds exist temporarily as cash in the process of collection from the sale of securities.

Investments:

Investment Policy – Authorized Investments: The Board of Trustees of the Police Officers' Retirement System are authorized to invest in time, savings and money market accounts of an institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; obligations of the U. S. Government or an agency or instrumentality of the U. S. Government, including mortgage-related securities; domestic equity securities such that not more than 5% of the Plan's assets shall be invested in the common stock of any one issuing company; domestic fixed income investments rated "Aaa, Aa, or A" or the equivalent of a nationally recognized rating agency; money market funds with an "A1" rating or the equivalent of a nationally recognized rating agency.

At year-end, the Police Officers' Retirement System cash and investment balances were as follows:

		Moody's	Hierarchy
Police Officers' Retirement System Cash and Investments	Fair Value	Rating	Level
Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Cash in Managed Investment Accounts	\$ 577,903	n/a	
Investments:			
U. S. Government Agencies	11,742,682	AAA	2
Domestic Corporate Bonds	879,003	A1/A2/A3	2
Equities Common Stock	23,184,445	n/a	1
Total Investments	35,806,130		
Total Managed Cash and Investments	\$ 36,384,033		

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Credit Risk:

State law provides that retirement plan fixed income securities must have a quality rating of "A" or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating services at the time of purchase. Fixed income investments which are downgraded to a "BAA" or equivalent rating must be liquidated within a reasonable period of time not to exceed twelve months. Fixed income investments that are downgraded below a "BAA" rating are to be liquidated immediately.

Interest Rate Risk:

Through its investment policies, the Plan manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates and uses the weighted average maturity method. In this regard, the Plan adopted the Lehman Brothers Government/Credit Bond Index (LBGC) bench mark performance evaluator. Additionally, the bond portion of the Plan's portfolio is expected to perform in the top 40th percentile and the effective duration of its fixed income investment portfolio will not exceed 125% of the duration of the Lehman Brothers Government/Corporate Bond Index duration.

General Employees' Retirement Systems

Deposits:

The General Employees Retirement Systems is a defined contribution plan and all contributions are self-directed by the plan participants (including the non-vested portion) to their investment choices. There is no un-invested cash with ICMA-RC (International City/County Management Association Retirement Corporation) the administrator of the plans.

Investments:

Investment Policy – Authorized Investments: The plan participants of the General Employees' Retirement Systems may elect to allocate investments among a variety of mutual funds, money market funds and fixed return funds.

		Moody's
General Employees' Retirement System Investments	Fair Value	Rating
Investments:		
Mutual Funds - General Employees Pension Plan	\$ 19,049,696	n/a

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Interest Rate Risk:

Through its investment policies, the Plan manages it's investment options by requiring that they rank in the top 40% of their Morning Star Category Universe for the trailing three and five year periods.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the Governmental and Business-type activities in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities												
		Non-Major											
						C	ptional	Go	vernmental		Internal		
	General		CRA		Grants	Sa	ales Tax		Funds		Service		Total
Interest	\$ 113,597	\$	2,822	\$	52,902	\$	16,204	\$	492	\$	249	\$	186,266
Accounts - billed	72,089		-		-		36,636		-		-		108,725
Leases	4,265,076		-		-		-		-		-		4,265,076
Taxes	633,141		-		-		-		-		-		633,141
Total receivables	\$ 5,083,903	\$	2,822	\$	52,902	\$	52,840	\$	492	\$	249	\$	5,193,208
Allow. for uncollectibles	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Net total receivables	\$ 5,083,903	\$	2,822	\$	52,902	\$	52,840	\$	492	\$	249	\$	5,193,208

		B [.]				
				N	on-Major	
			Water/	Е	nterprise	
	S	anitation	 Sewer		Funds	 Total
Interest	\$	4,161	\$ 53,775	\$	=	\$ 57,936
Accounts - billed		491,059	1,237,105		143,890	1,872,054
Accounts - unbilled		245,211	 691,618		82,466	 1,019,295
		740,431	1,982,498		226,356	2,949,285
Allow. for uncollectibles		(46,440)	(104,689)		(3,523)	(154,652)
Net total receivables	\$	693,991	\$ 1,877,809	\$	222,833	\$ 2,794,633
Restricted:				•		
Accrued interest		-	59		-	59
Accounts - billed		_	 1,183		-	 1,183
Total restricted receivables	\$		\$ 1,242	\$	-	\$ 1,242

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for Governmental Activities the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	_	Buitance		mercuses	_	Beereases	Bulance
Land and land rights	\$	8,010,711	\$	1,890,927	\$	- \$	9,901,638
Construction in progress		4,586,976		13,366,404		(7,788,001)	10,165,379
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	12,597,687		15,257,331		(7,788,001)	20,067,017
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings		25,275,354		-		-	25,275,354
Improvements other than buildings		27,488,047		1,649,774		-	29,137,821
Machinery and equipment		14,658,872		863,093		(561,834)	14,960,131
Infrastructure		51,888,797		3,937,233			55,826,030
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_	119,311,070		6,450,100		(561,834)	125,199,336
less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(17,734,076)		(710,157)		-	(18,444,233)
Improvements other than buildings		(12,756,197)		(1,511,904)		-	(14,268,101)
Machinery and equipment		(11,219,499)		(931,577)		561,814	(11,589,262)
Infrastructure		(34,120,769)		(1,353,441)		<u> </u>	(35,474,210)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(75,830,541)		(4,507,079)		561,814	(79,775,806)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		43,480,529		1,943,021		(20)	45,423,530
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	56,078,216	\$ _	17,200,352	\$ =	(7,788,021) \$	65,490,547
Lease assets, net							652,682
SBITA assets, net						_	848,859
Total capital assets, net as reported in the statem	ent of	net position				-	66,992,088

Included above is \$436,774 of capital assets in Internal Service Funds.

Lease asset activity for Governmental Activities the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

		Beginning						Ending
Governmental Activities:		Balance		Increases		Decreases	_	Balance
Lease assets:	•				_			
Property	\$	432,383	\$	-	\$	-	\$	432,383
Equipment	-	602,220			_		_	602,220
Total	•	1,034,603	_		-		_	1,034,603
less accumulated amortization for:								
Property		(92,141)		(72,547)		-		(164,688)
Equipment		(144,822)		(72,411)		_		(217,233)
Total	•	(236,963)	_	(144,958)	_		_	(381,921)
Total lease assets, net	\$	797,640	\$ _	(144,958)	\$		\$_	652,682

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

SBITA asset activity for Governmental Activities the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

		Beginning			Ending
Governmental Activities:	_	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
SBITA assets:	_				
Property	\$	1,131,812 \$	5	S \$	1,131,812
Total	-	1,131,812			1,131,812
less accumulated amortization for:					
Equipment	_	(56,591)	(226,362)		(282,953)
Total	-	(56,591)	(226,362)		(282,953)
Total lease assets, net	\$	1,075,221 \$	(226,362)	S \$	848,859

Capital asset activity for Business-type Activities the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

		Beginning				Ending
Business-type Activities:	_	Balance	_	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land and land rights	\$	3,613,307	\$	279,165 \$	- \$	3,892,472
Construction in progress		10,779,625		8,661,950	(7,160,129)	12,281,446
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	14,392,932	_	8,941,115	(7,160,129)	16,173,918
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings		2,214,958		-	-	2,214,958
Improvements other than buildings		144,533,224		6,819,193	-	151,352,417
Machinery and equipment	_	9,421,038		264,216	(59,398)	9,625,856
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_	156,169,220		7,083,409	(59,398)	163,193,231
less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		(986,686)		(82,740)	-	(1,069,426)
Improvements other than buildings		(62,774,283)		(4,718,028)	-	(67,492,311)
Machinery and equipment	_	(7,165,716)	_	(575,870)	59,398	(7,682,188)
Total accumulated depreciation		(70,926,685)		(5,376,638)	59,398	(76,243,925)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		85,242,535		1,706,771	-	86,949,306
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	99,635,467	\$ =	10,647,886 \$	(7,160,129) \$	103,123,224
Lease assets						-
Total capital assets, net as reported in the staten	nent of	net position			=	103,123,224

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Lease asset activity for Business-type Activities the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Business-type Activities:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Lease assets:	_		_	
Equipment	\$ 190,813 \$	\$	- \$	190,813
Total	190,813		-	190,813
less accumulated amortization for:				
Equipment	(127,209)	(63,604)		(190,813)
Total	(127,209)	(63,604)		(190,813)
Total lease assets, net	\$ 63,604 \$	(63,604) \$	\$	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	513,461
Public safety		1,314,220
Physical environment		209,906
Transportation		1,479,553
Economic environment		194,734
Culture/recreation		732,482
Internal service funds	_	62,723
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	4,507,079
Business-type activities:		
Sanitation	\$	160,849
Water and Sewer		4,813,841
Stormwater		321,378
Marina		1,495
Golf Course	_	79,075
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	5,376,638

 $Lease\ amortization\ expense\ was\ charged\ to\ functions/programs\ of\ the\ primary\ government\ as\ follows:$

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	113,320
Economic environment		31,638
Total amortization expense - governmental activities	\$	144,958
	-	
Business-type activities:		
Golf Course	\$	63,604
Total amortization expense - business-type activities	\$	63,604

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

SBITA amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Total amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 226,362
General government	\$ 226,362
Governmental activities:	

The City follows Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 51 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets". The City implemented GASB 51 and has included software purchases within the category "Improvements other than buildings" and easements are included within "Land and land rights".

D. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers</u>

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2024, is as follows:

Advances to / from other funds:

There are no outstanding advances at September 30, 2024.

In Fiscal Year 2021, the sanitation fund advanced funds to the community redevelopment agency CRA fund in the amount of \$300,000 for the purpose of providing the balance of monies required for the purchase of the property at 61 W. Tarpon Avenue. This advance was decreased with a reimbursement of \$100,000 in Fiscal Year 2024. This noninterest-bearing advance is to be repaid from CRA property tax receipts as they are collected. At September 30, 2024, the advance was paid in full.

Interfund transfers:

	_			Transfer In:		
	' <u>-</u>			Non-major	Internal	
		General		Governmental	Service Funds	
	_	Fund	_	Funds	Vehicle Maint	Total
Transfer Out:	_		=			
Non-major Governmental						
Funds	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$ -	\$ 500,000
Enterprise Funds:						
Sanitation		496,218		-	-	496,218
Water & Sewer		1,479,979		-	-	1,479,979
Non-major Enterprise Funds		164,069		-	-	164,069
	\$	2,390,266	\$	250,000	\$ -	\$ 2,640,266

Transfers are primarily used to 1) transfer revenues that have been collected in the required fund per state law to the funds and activities that state law allows for expenditures; 2) transfer

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

of "payment in lieu of taxes" contributions from the utility funds to the General Fund; 3) transfer funding from governmental funds to capital project funds; and 4) transfer matching funds from the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds to various grant programs.

E. <u>Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)</u>

Right to use lease asset:

On January 12, 2021 a lease was approved leasing an asphalt parking lot located on the western portion of 116 S. Pinellas Avenue. The lease commenced on February 1, 2021 and will terminate on January 31, 2031. During the first year of the lease the City will pay \$12,000 in monthly installments of \$1,000. The lease will increase annually on the anniversary of the lease in the amount of 3%. The City paid \$12,985 in lease payments in FY 2024.

On January 25, 2022 a lease was approved leasing an asphalt parking lot located on the southside of Court Street. The lease commenced on February 1, 2022 and will terminate on January 31, 2032. During the first year of the lease the City will pay \$12,000 in monthly installments of \$1,000. The lease will increase annually on the anniversary of the lease in the amount of 3%. The City paid \$12,607 in lease payments in FY 2024.

On July 8, 2022 a lease was approved leasing an asphalt parking lot located at the southwest corner of Hibiscus and Orange streets. The lease commenced on August 1, 2022 and will terminate on July 31, 2032. During the first year of the lease the City will pay \$12,000 in monthly installments of \$1,000. The lease will increase annually on the anniversary of the lease in the amount of 3%. The City paid \$12,422 in lease payments in FY 2024.

On March 19, 2019 a lease was approved leasing a generator at the City Hall complex. The lease commenced on November 1, 2019 and will terminate on October 31, 2029. During the first year of the lease the City will pay \$84,168 in monthly installments of \$7,014. The lease has no provisions for increasing. The City paid \$84,168 in lease payments in FY 2024.

On July 27, 2021 a lease was approved leasing golf carts at the City golf course. The lease commenced on October 1, 2021 and will terminate on September 30, 2024. During the first year of the lease the City will pay \$66,537 in monthly installments of \$5,545. The lease has no provisions for increasing. The City paid \$66,537 in lease payments in FY 2024. The lease is paid in full at September 30, 2024.

On October 22, 2022 a lease was approved for the City wellness clinic. The lease commenced on October 1, 2022 and will terminate on September 30, 2025. During the first year of the lease the City will pay \$42,795 in monthly installments of \$3,566. The lease has no provisions for increasing. The City paid \$43,977 in lease payments in FY 2024.

Annual lease service requirements to maturity for the leases is as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities						
Year Ended							
September 30 -		Principal		Interest			
2025	\$	145,340	\$	20,778			
2026		106,269		18,228			
2027		109,484		16,223			
2028		112,798		14,156			
2029		116,214		12,024			
2030-2032		82,462		36,237			
Total	\$	672,566	\$	117,647			

City as Lessor:

The City is lessor on various leases. Included in this amount are rents of \$300,000 received under the terms of a 40-year lease dated September 1, 2000, with the Tarpon Springs Hospital Foundation, Inc. for rental of the Helen Ellis Memorial Hospital property and facilities that are owned by the City. The previous lease with the Tarpon Springs Health Facilities Authority was terminated on September 1, 2000 and a new lease between the City and the Tarpon Springs Hospital Foundation, Inc. was commenced on September 1, 2000. The annual rent with the original lease was \$250,000 and on the fifth anniversary the base rent shall be increased by ten percent and on each annual anniversary thereafter the annual base rent shall be increased by two percent.

On December 1, 2015 Ordinance 2015-23 was approved by the Board of Commissioners which submitted to the electors of the City of Tarpon Springs a proposed amendment to section 5.0 (base rent) of the lease between the City of Tarpon Springs and the Tarpon Springs Hospital Foundation. The electors approved this referendum question on March 15, 2016. If a state-of-the-art emergency room is completed by July 31, 2022 the base rent will be \$300,000 annually. Beginning FY 2017-2018 the City will reserve the difference between the current base rent and the \$300,000 and upon issuance of a certificate of completion before July 31, 2022 the reserve funds shall be remitted to the Foundation. The certificate of completion was issued in December 2021 and the reserve funds were remitted to the Foundation in January 2022.

On August 7, 2018 Ordinance 2018-19 was approved by the Board of Commissioners which submitted to the electors of the City of Tarpon Springs a proposed extension of and amendments to the lease between the City of Tarpon Springs and the Tarpon Springs Hospital Foundation. The lease was extended through August 31, 2070 with Base Rent due for the period September 1, 2040 through August 31, 2070 in the amount of \$3,000,000 no later than 30 days after the effective date of this amendment. This amount was received by the City on January 3, 2019. The lease amendments also approved two renewal options, the first renewal period shall be for a period of fifteen (15) years, commencing on September 1, 2070 and expiring on August 31, 2085. The second renewal period shall be for a period of ten (10) years, commencing on September 1, 2085 and expiring on August 31, 2095. The Foundation shall

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

pay to the City as base rent the sum of \$300,000 for each of the renewal periods if exercised by the Foundation.

Included in the aggregate rental income is \$73,500 received under the terms of a 50-year lease dated March 17, 2004 with Savannah Cove Limited Partnership for leasing of the land in which Savannah Cove Limited Partnership has an elder housing apartment complex. The annual rent with the lease is \$73,500 annually. As part of the closing of the lease on March 17, 2004, the City loaned Savannah Cove Limited Partnership \$200,000 in which interest shall be payable on this Promissory Note at a fixed per annum rate equal to zero percent (0%). The entire remaining unpaid Principal shall be due and payable on the 17th day of March, 2054 (the "Maturity Date"). In the event this Note is not repaid on the Maturity Date, interest shall commence accruing at such time at a rate of eighteen percent (18%) per annum. The loan was recorded as an accounts receivable in the City's financial statements at September 30, 2021 in the amount of \$200,000. New ownership of Savannah Cove requested to payoff the loan, which was approved by the Board of Commissioners, at a present value of \$107,847.52 in November 2021 with the balance being written off.

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of two fire trucks. This lease agreement qualifies as capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA):

On June 1, 2023 a SBITA was approved with Central Square to provide the cloud based financial software for the City. The software provides the following services the City uses: Financial, Payroll, Human Resources, Cash Receipts, Fleet Management, Asset Management, Building Permits, Business Licenses, Code Enforcement, Planning, Utilities etc. The lease commenced on July 1, 2023 and will terminate on June 30, 2028. During the first year of the lease the City will pay \$244,140 in monthly installments of \$20,345. The lease will increase annually on the anniversary of the lease in the amount of 5%. The City paid \$214,142 in lease payments in FY 2024.

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ended				_				
September 30 -		Principal		Interest				
2025	\$	220,919	\$	38,628				
2026		227,911		44,614				
2027		235,125		51,026				
2028		181,214		41,348				
Total	\$	865,169	\$	175,616				

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

F. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

Financed Purchases:

The City has entered into agreements for financing the acquisition of two fire trucks. The agreements qualify as financed purchases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

						Financed	Purch	nases				
Year ended		2021 Fire Truck				2022 Fire Truck				Total		
September 30-	I	Principal	I	nterest	I	Principal		Interest	I	Principal]	Interest
2025	\$	172,542	\$	6,091	\$	174,458	\$	22,430	\$	347,000	\$	28,521
2026		175,561		3,072		179,814		17,075		355,375		20,147
2027		-		-		185,335		11,554		185,335		11,554
2028						191,025		5,864		191,025		5,864
Totals	\$	348,103	\$	9,163	\$	730,632	\$	56,923	\$	1,078,735	\$	66,086

Utility System Revenue Bonds:

On March 12, 2013 the City issued \$35,795,000 Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A; \$28,370,000 of the Series 2013A issue (2013A-2) is issued to pay the costs of the design, permitting, acquisition and construction of well sites, pipelines and the reverse osmosis water plant project, funding necessary reserves, and paying all related costs; \$7,425,000 of the Series 2013 issue (2013A-1) is for refunding the City's outstanding Utility System Revenue Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2007A.

The 2013A-1 serial bonds are due in annual installments of \$315,000 at October 1, 2024 to \$355,000 due October 1, 2028, interest at 2.375% to 4.00%; 3.375% term bonds in the amount of \$1,950,000 due October 1, 2029 to October 1, 2033 in annual installments of \$365,000 to \$415,000; 3.50% term bonds in the amount of \$1,335,000 due October 1, 2034 to October 1, 2036 in annual installments of \$430,000 to \$460,000.

The 2013A-2 serial bonds are due in annual installments of \$745,000 at October 1, 2024 to \$835,000 due October 1, 2028, interest at 2.375% to 5.00%; 3.375% term bonds in the amount of \$3,680,000 due October 1, 2029 to October 1, 2033 in annual installments of \$670,000 to \$805,000; 5.00% term bonds in the amount of \$1,000,000 due October 1, 2029 to October 1, 2033 in annual installments of \$200,000; 3.50% term bonds in the amount of \$3,240,000 due October 1, 2034 to October 1, 2036 in annual installments of \$1,045,000 to \$1,115,000; 3.625% term bonds in the amount of \$2,600,000 due October 1, 2037 to October 1, 2038 in annual installments of \$1,270,000 to \$1,330,000; 5.00% term bonds in the amount of \$730,000 due October 1, 2037 to October 1, 2038 in annual installments of \$365,000; 3.75% term bonds in the amount of \$7,465,000 due October 1, 2039 to October 1, 2042 in annual installments of \$1,765,000 to \$1,970,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

The Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A are limited obligations of the City payable solely from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of the net revenues of the City's Utility System "System". The pledge of the Systems net revenues does not constitute a lien upon any property of the City. The covenants of the ordinances authorizing the bonds include, among other things, an obligation of the City to fix and maintain such rates, and collect such fees, rentals and other charges for the services and facilities of the System and revise the same from time to time whenever necessary, which will provide gross revenues in each fiscal year sufficient to pay the cost of operation and maintenance of the system. The City's bond resolution requires a minimum debt service coverage of net revenues sufficient to pay 110% of the bond service requirement on all outstanding bonds in the applicable bond year; or net revenues sufficient to pay 105% of the bond service requirement on all outstanding bonds and net revenues, water system capital facilities fees and sewer system capital facilities fees sufficient to pay 120% of the bond service requirement on all outstanding bonds; plus one hundred percent (100%) of all reserve and other payments required to be made pursuant to the ordinances authorizing the bonds. The City further covenants that such rates, fees, rentals and other charges will not be reduced so as to render them insufficient to provide gross revenues for such purpose.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds are as follows:

	Utility System Revenue Bonds									
Year Ended		2013	3A-1			2013A	2		Total	
2025	\$	325,000	\$	153,494	\$	760,000 \$	804,806	\$	1,085,000 \$	958,300
2026		335,000		143,588		785,000	781,888		1,120,000	925,476
2027		345,000		133,538		805,000	758,338		1,150,000	891,876
2028		355,000		123,188		835,000	728,188		1,190,000	851,376
2029		365,000		112,538		870,000	698,288		1,235,000	810,826
2030-2034		2,015,000		369,638		4,855,000	2,979,975		6,870,000	3,349,613
2035-2039		905,000		47,775		7,290,000	1,974,250		8,195,000	2,022,025
2040-2042		-		-		5,700,000	432,750		5,700,000	432,750
Totals	\$	4,645,000	\$	1,083,759	\$	21,900,000 \$	9,158,483	\$	26,545,000 \$	10,242,242

The City has pledged future net revenues of the City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Utility System defined as all income or earnings, including any income from the investment of funds, derived by the City from the operation of the utility after deduction of current expenses for the operation, maintenance and repair of the system, but not including reserves for renewals and replacements, for extraordinary repairs or any allowance for depreciation to repay the \$35,795,000 Utility System Revenue Bonds issued in March 2013. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the costs of the design, permitting, acquisition and construction of well sites, pipelines and the reverse osmosis water plant project, funding necessary reserves, and paying all related costs; refunding the City's outstanding Utility System Revenue Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2007A. The bonds are payable solely from the Utility System net revenues and are payable through October 1, 2042. The principal of the Bonds at September 30, 2024 are \$26,545,000, Series 2013A-1 \$4,645,000 and Series 2013A-2 \$21,900,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Interest paid for the current year and net revenues were Series 2013A-1 \$161,369 and Series 2013A-2 \$823,431 and \$7,022,165 respectively.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Financed purchases payable:					
Financed purchases	\$ 750,237	\$ 899,894	\$ (571,396)	\$ 1,078,735	\$ 347,000
Total financed purchases payable	750,237	899,894	(571,396)	1,078,735	347,000
SBITA purchases payable:					
SBITA purchases	\$ 1,079,311	\$ -	\$ (214,142)	\$ 865,169	\$ 220,919
Total SBITA purchases payable	1,079,311	-	(214,142)	865,169	220,919
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 1,773,025	\$ 1,234,063	\$ (1,260,852)	\$ 1,746,236	\$ 82,500
Other postemployment benefits	2,146,312	416,588	-	2,562,900	· -
Leases	813,586	-	(141,020)	672,566	145,340
Net pension liability	14,082,944	8,702,144	(17,566,902)	5,218,186	-
Claims payable	357,635	-	(192,704)	164,931	15,417
Governmental activities					
Long-term liabilities	\$21,003,050	\$ 11,252,689	\$ (19,947,016)	\$ 12,308,723	\$ 811,176
Business-type Activities:					
Bonds and notes payable:					
Utility system revenue bonds	\$27,605,000	\$ -	\$ (1,060,000)	\$ 26,545,000	\$ 1,085,000
Less deferred amounts:					
For issuance premiums (discounts)	225,128		(19,732)	205,396	
Net utility system revenue bonds	27,830,128		(1,079,732)	26,750,396	1,085,000
Total bonds and notes payable	27,830,128		(1,079,732)	26,750,396	1,085,000
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated absences	411,495	386,654	(403,891)	394,258	20,342
Leases	65,596	-	(65,596)	-	-
Other postemployment benefits	251,377	88,442	-	339,819	-
Business-type activities					
Long-term liabilities	\$28,558,596	\$ 475,096	\$ (1,549,219)	\$ 27,484,473	\$ 1,105,342

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year end \$26,452 of internal service funds compensated absences are included in the above amounts. Compensated absences for governmental activities, are generally liquidated by the general fund with \$1,719,784. Also, for governmental activities, net pension liabilities and other post-employment benefits are liquidated by the general fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

G. Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at September 30, 2024, include the following:

		Community				
		Redevelopment		Optional	Non-Major	Total
	General Agency			Sales	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Downtown	Grants	Tax	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	18,437	12,000	-	-	-	30,437
Leases	219,864	-	-	-	-	219,864
Restricted for:						
Donations received	373,736	-	-	-	-	373,736
Capital projects - impact fee programs	-	-	-	-	1,370,506	1,370,506
Community redevelopment	-	1,847,559	-	-	-	1,847,559
Capital projects - optional sales tax	-	-	-	7,963,163	-	7,963,163
Transportation	-	-	-	-	152,310	152,310
Law enforcement programs	-	-	-	-	165,885	165,885
Grant programs	-	-	775,206	-	-	775,206
Public art program	-	-	-	-	173,984	173,984
Land preservation	-	-	-	-	876	876
Committed to:						
Cemetery	655,725	-	-	-	-	655,725
Tree bank	401,652	-	_	-	-	401,652
Right of way	148,424	-	_	-	-	148,424
Sidewalks	45,114	-	_	-	1,702,711	1,747,825
Employee benefit cost deferral	-	-	_	-	80,287	80,287
Assigned to:						
Compensated absences	1,289,838	-	-	-	-	1,289,838
Disaster reserve	50,000	-	-	-	-	50,000
Subsequent years expenditures	586,600	-	-	-	-	586,600
Insurance/Other	202,469	-	-	-	-	202,469
Perpetual exclusive easement	720,000	-	_	-	-	720,000
Management Designations	302,164	-	_	-	-	302,164
Public safety	67,403	-	_	_	-	67,403
Library	100,000	-	-	-	-	100,000
Hospital Lease 2041-2070	163,549	-	_	-	-	163,549
Other contractual obligations	259,393	-	_	-	-	259,393
Unassigned:	9,158,468	-	-	-	-	9,158,468
otal Fund Balances	\$ 14,762,836	\$ 1,859,559	\$ 775,206	\$ 7,963,163	\$ 3,646,559	\$ 29,007,323

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – Amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to remain intact.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution/ordinance) of the City Commission, which is the highest level of decision-making authority, with the same formal action (resolution/ordinance) occurring prior to the City's fiscal year end. Commitments may be modified or removed only by the City Commissioners taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes spendable fund balance amounts established by management of the City that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – This is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

Note IV - Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is self-insured within certain parameters for losses arising from claims for property and general liability. The City converted to the Florida League of Cities \$25,000 Stop/Loss property and liability self-insurance program on January 1, 1995. The City is responsible for up to a maximum liability of \$593,661 for Fiscal Year 2024. Claims for each occurrence above \$25,000 and above \$593,661 for all occurrences for the fiscal year, along with the related legal fees, are covered by the Florida League of Cities. Settled claims have not exceeded excess coverage in any of the past three years. The unrestricted net position balance of \$455,131 is a reserve for unexpected catastrophic events.

The transactions relating to the self-insurance program are accounted for in the Risk Management Fund, an Internal Service Fund. The billings by the Risk Management Fund to the various operating funds (the interfund premiums) are based on the total of the premium charged by the Florida League of Cities for the fiscal year.

Expenditures/expenses reported in excess of actual losses is the result of a reasonable provision for anticipated future losses. The claims liability reported at September 30, 2024 is based on the requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In addition, the liability includes amounts to cover claims incurred but not reported at September 30, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Changes in the claims liability amounts in Fiscal Years 2024 and 2023 were:

	Sel	f Insurance
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	345,700
Current year claims and changes in estimates		160,951
Claim payments		(149,016)
Balance at September 30, 2023		357,635
Current year claims and changes in estimates		(71,416)
Claim payments		(121,288)
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$	164,931

The City is not self-insured for workers' compensation, health and dental insurance. Due to the City's experience rating on workers' compensation, the City purchases insurance through the Florida League of Cities. The workers' compensation premium is adjusted from year to year based upon past experience, i.e., claims incurred. The City purchases health, dental, life and long-term disability insurance for the employees, employees pay for a portion of their own dependent coverage. Health insurance is purchased through Florida Municipal Insurance Trust. Dental insurance is purchased through Metropolitan Life. Life and Long-Term Disability insurance is purchased through Hartford Life & Accident.

B. <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency.

Effective January 1, 1997, Federal Legislation converted the deferred compensation assets from City assets to employee assets held in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. As a result of these changes, plan assets are no longer subject to the claims of the City's general creditors.

C. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City will issue conduit debt to fulfill a public need or purpose. Conduit debt is not reported as liabilities in the financial statements of the City and the City is not obligated in any manner for their repayment. As of September 30, 2024, there were no conduit debt obligations of the City.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

D. <u>Landfill Monitoring Costs</u>

In October 1992, the City closed its landfill. State and federal laws require the City to perform post-closure monitoring for 20 years, which began in 1994. This facility is classified as a closed Class III landfill and shall be monitored and maintained in accordance with State requirements. The closed landfill includes a disposal footprint of approximately fifty-five acres.

On August 24, 2012 a new permit titled "Solid Waste Closure [long-term care] Permit – Landfill" was issued by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection which replaces the previous permit. This extension of the long-term care period was required at the facility for an indefinite period of time until sufficient data has been collected to demonstrate that the site has "stabilized" as defined in Rule 17-701.020(64), F.A.C. The current permit expires February 5, 2032 and states that financial assurance is no longer required for this facility. The City had expenses of \$11,633 in Fiscal Year 2024 for post-closure monitoring and maintenance at the facility.

E. Commitments and Contingencies

The following table lists the outstanding encumbrances at September 30, 2024. These encumbrances are reported in the financial statements based on the specific purpose of the resources that have been provided.

		Governmental Activities								
					Optional	N	on-Major			
	(General			Sales	Go	vernmental	I	nternal	
		Fund	Grants		Tax		Funds	5	Service	Total
Encumbrances Outstanding	\$	259,393	\$ 2,327,540	\$	2,328,016	\$	204,449	\$	23,694	\$ 5,143,092
					Business-T	ype A	Activities			
				N	Non-Major					
			Water and]	Enterprise					
	Sa	anitation	Sewer		Funds		Total			

General Fund – of the amount above, \$41,560 is for mowers for the Parks Department.

Grants Fund –\$2,327,540 is for American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) approved projects.

Optional Sales Tax – of the amount noted above, \$509,864 is for Elfers Trail; \$750,703 is for Police Vehicles; \$291,360 is for Fire/EMS Transport Vehicle.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - of the amount noted above, \$55,826 is for Library Improvements Design; \$65,373 is for Elfers Trail; \$59,499 is for Dorsett Park Playground.

Sanitation Fund - of the amount noted above, \$116,658 is for the new City Clerk Building.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Water and Sewer – of the amount noted above, \$863,477 is for the new City Clerk Building; \$1,038,216 is for Cybersecurity; \$540,000 is for Aeration Basin Improvements.

Non-Major Enterprise Funds – of the amount noted above, \$1,281,761 is for Pent/Grosse Stormwater Project.

During Fiscal Year 2024 and prior fiscal years, the City received revenues and contributions related to grants from Southwest Florida Water Management District, the State of Florida, the federal government and other grantors. These grants are for specific purposes and are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. Based upon prior experience, City management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

The City is a defendant in various legal actions which, in the opinion of management, will not have any significant effect on the financial statements of the City.

F. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", establishes accounting and reporting requirements for postretirement benefits (OPEB). The standard does not require funding of OPEB expense, but any difference between the amount funded to the plan and the OPEB liability is required to be recorded in the employers' financial statements as an increase (or decrease) in the net OPEB liability. The City is a pay as you go plan, there for the full OPEB liability is recorded in the statements.

Plan Description and Funding Policy

The City of Tarpon Springs administers a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan") that provides medical insurance benefits to its employees and their eligible dependents. Because the City provides a medical plan to active employees of the City and their eligible dependents, the City is also required by Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, to provide retirees with the opportunity to participate in this Plan. Employees who retire from the City of Tarpon Springs and their dependents are eligible to continue to participate in the City's health insurance programs at the "blended" employee group rate which is determined annually by the City and approved by the City Commission. Retirees have 31 days to elect to enroll in the City's health insurance plan in which they were participating at the time of retirement unless otherwise stated in a plan document or collective bargaining agreement. As of the latest actuarial valuation date, a total of 262 active employees and 16 retired, inactive employees were participating in the City's health program. The City provides no funding for any portion of the premiums after retirement; however, the City recognizes that there is an "implicit subsidy" arising as a result of the blended rate premium since retiree health care costs, on average, are higher than active employee healthcare costs. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund since an irrevocable trust has not been established to fund the plan. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Total OPEB Liability

The measurement date for the City's liability is September 30, 2024, the same as the reporting date. The measurement period for the OPEB cost was October 1, 2023 to September 30, 2024. The components of the City's OPEB liability at September 30, 2024 are as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$2,902,719
OPEB Plan fiduciary net position	-
City's net OPEB liability	\$2,902,719

OPEB Plan fiduciary net position as a

percentage of total OPEB liability 0.00%

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability at September 30, 2024 was based on the actuarial valuation for the period October 1, 2023 to September 30, 2024. Significant methods and assumptions used for this valuation are as follows:

Inflation Rate	3.10%
Discount Rate	3.81%
Healthcare cost trend rate	8.00%

Mortality rates were based:

General Employees-SOA Pub-2010 General Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021.

Police and Fire Employees-SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021.

An experience study was not done, as it was not considered necessary to support the actuarial results.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2024 was 3.81%. The discount rate used to measure the Total liability at September 30, 2023 was 4.09%. Because the City's OPEB costs are funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a bond rate was used to determine the total OPEB liability. The Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index based on the 20 Year AA Municipal Bond rate as of September 30, 2024 rates were applied for the applicable time periods.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	T	otal OPEB
		Liability
Balances at September 30, 2023	\$	2,397,689
Changes for the Year:		
Service cost		165,660
Interest		109,574
Changes in assumptions		395,426
Gain attributable to experience		-
Benefit payments		(165,630)
Net Changes		505,030
Balances at September 30, 2024	\$	2,902,719

Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table represents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 3.81%, as well as what the City's total liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (2.81%) or one percentage-point higher (4.81%) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.81%	3.81%	4.81%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,163,326	\$ 2,902,719	\$ 2,666,631

Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates — The following table represents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0%, as well as what the City's total liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage-point lower (7.0%) or one percentage-point higher (9.0%) than the current discount rate:

		Current				
	Healthcare Cost					
	1% Decrease Trend Rate 1% Increase					
	7.00% 8.00% 9.00%					
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,558,006	\$ 2,902,719	\$ 3,314,675			

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – For the year ended September 30, 2024 the City recognized OPEB expense of \$295,600. At September 30, 2024, the City has deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$320,292	(88,509)
Changes in assumptions	519,773	(908,856)
Total	\$840,065	\$ (997,365)

Deferred outflow of resources shown above will be recognized as OPEB expense in the following years:

Year Ended September 30:

2025	\$ (26,903)
2026	(41,407)
2027	(176,762)
2028	(55,871)
2029	46,025
Thereafter	 97,618
	\$ (157,300)

G. Employee Pension Plans

The City oversees three separate pension plans: the General Employees' Pension Plan that covers full-time City employees and civilian police and fire department employees; the Police Officers' Retirement System for non-civilian Police Department employees, and; the Municipal Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund for City firefighters and Fire Department officers. Although an outside firm administers each plan, the plans are sponsored by and fiscally dependent on the City.

Substantially all of the government's full-time employees participate in one of three separate pension plans; two of which are single-employer, defined benefit pension plans for Police Officers and Firefighters, and a single-employer defined contribution pension plan for most General Employees.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans for Firefighters and Police Officers

The City maintains two separate single employer defined benefit pension plans for Firefighters and Police Officers which are included as Pension Trust Funds of the City's reporting entity. Each plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City Ordinances assign the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Board of Trustees of each retirement plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

The Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Plans do not issue separate stand-alone financial reports. The assets of each plan may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members and beneficiaries of that plan in accordance with the terms of each plan document.

The Florida Constitution requires local governments to make the actuarially determined contributions. The Florida Division of Retirement reviews and approves each local government's actuarial report prior to its use for funding purposes. Additionally, the State collects two locally authorized insurance premium surcharges (one for the Police Pension Plan on casualty insurance policies and one for the Firefighter Pension Plan on certain real and personal property insurance policies within the corporate limits) which can only be distributed after the State has ascertained that the local government has met their actuarial funding requirement for the then most recently completed fiscal year.

Police Officers Pension Plan

Plan Description:

Plan administration:

The Police Officers' Pension Trust provides retirement, termination, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan.

The Board of Trustees is comprised of:

- a) Two Commission appointees,
- b) Two members of the system elected by a majority of the other covered Police Officers and,
- c) A fifth member elected by the other 4 and appointed by the Commission. Each person employed by the City Police Department as a full-time Police Officer becomes a member of the Plan as a condition of his employment. All Police Officers are therefore eligible for plan benefits as provided for in the plan document and by applicable law.

Plan membership as of October 1, 2023:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	43
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11
Active plan members	44
	98

Benefits provided:

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Normal Retirement:

Eligibility: Earlier of 1) Age 50 and the completion of 10 years of credited service, or 2) the

completion of 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.

Benefit amount: 3% of average monthly earnings times credited service.

Minimum benefit amount: \$450

Early Retirement:

Eligibility: Age 45 and the completion of 10 years of credited service.

Benefit amount: Accrued benefit, reduced 3% per year that the commencement of benefits precedes normal retirement.

Vesting (Termination):

Less than 10 years of credited service: Refund of member contributions without interest.

10 years or more: Accrued benefit payable at age 50 or later, on a reduced basis if to commence prior to normal retirement date or refund of member contributions.

Disability:

Service Incurred: Covered from date of employment.

Non-service Incurred: 10 years of credited service.

Service Incurred Benefit: Accrued benefit, but not less than 50% of average monthly earnings.

Non-service Incurred Benefit: Accrued benefit, but not less than 25% of average monthly earnings.

Death Benefits:

Service Incurred: Spouse receives 100% of average monthly earnings.

Non-service Incurred:

Vested: Spouse receives 25% of average monthly earnings.

Non-vested: Refund of member contributions.

Benefit Adjustment:

2.1% increase every fifth year.

Contributions:

The City's funding policy for the Police Officer's plans is to provide for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll which, when combined with employee and state contributions, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Administrative costs for the Police Officer's plans are financed through investment earnings.

The state contributions are required by state statute. The Police Officers is a .85% excise tax on the gross receipts from premiums collected on casualty insurance policies covering property within the City's corporate limits.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Contribution Rates:

Employee: 8.00%

Premium Tax: 0.85% tax on premiums for applicable insurance policies.

City: Remaining amount necessary for payment of Normal (current year's)

Cost and amortization of the accrued past service liability over 30

years.

Net Pension Liability:

The measurement date is September 30, 2024.

The measurement period for the pension expense was October 1, 2023 to September 30, 2024.

The reporting period is October 1, 2023 through September 30, 2024.

The sponsor's Net Pension Liability was measured as of September 30, 2024.

The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2023 updated to September 30, 2024 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Service based

Discount Rate 7.25% Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives:

Female: PubS.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year. Male: PubS.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives:

Female: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year. Male: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives:

Female: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees.

Male: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees.

All rates for healthy lives are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

The previously described mortality assumption rates were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2021 FRS valuation report for special risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics.

75% of active deaths are assumed to be service-incurred.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments can be determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	50%	7.50%
International Equity	10%	8.50%
Domestic Fixed Income	35%	2.50%
Cash	5%	2.50%
	100%	

Inflation rate of investment advisor

2.50%

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. No projected benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 4.87 percent. The high quality municipal bond rate was based on the daily rate closest to, but not later than the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Changes i	n Net	Pension	Liability

			Incre	ease (Decrease)			
	Total Pension		P	lan Fiduciary	1	Net Pension	
		Liability	1	Net Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)	
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2023		38,702,542	\$	30,075,531		8,627,011	
Changes for a year:							
Service cost		833,567		-		833,567	
Interest		2,798,968		-		2,798,968	
Experience Gains/Losses		403,283		-		403,283	
Contributions - Employer		-		1,103,339		(1,103,339)	
Contributions - State		-		415,395		(415,395)	
Contributions - Employee		-		382,437		(382,437)	
Net Investment Income		-		6,676,384		(6,676,384)	
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(1,859,299)		(1,859,299)		-	
Administrative Expense		<u> </u>		(65,243)		65,243	
Net Changes		2,176,519		6,653,013		(4,476,494)	
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2024	\$	40,879,061	\$	36,728,544	\$	4,150,517	

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability

90%

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to changes in the Discount Rate:

	1%	6 Decrease	Current Discount Rate		1	% Increase	
		6.25%	7.25%			8.25%	
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	9,286,525	\$	4,150,517	\$	(58,446)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.

Detailed information about the pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position is available in separately issued Plan financial reports on pages B-87 and B 88.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions:

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized a Pension Expense of \$1,471,939.

On September 30, 2024, the Sponsor reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

	Oı	Deferred utflows of esources]	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	421,481	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		231,905		-
Net difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan investments		-		1,981,147
Total	\$	653,386	\$	1,981,147

Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions will be recognized in Pension Expense as follows:

2025	\$ 154,284
2026	429,282
2027	(1,011,976)
2028	(899,351)
2029	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (1,327,761)

Firefighters Pension Plan

Plan Description:

Plan administration:

The Firefighters Pension Trust provides retirement, termination, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan.

The Board of Trustees is comprised of:

- a) Two Commission appointees,
- b) Two members of the system elected by a majority of the other covered Firefighters and,
- c) A fifth member elected by the other 4 and appointed by the Commission. Each person employed by the City Fire Department as a full-time Firefighter becomes a member of the Plan as a condition of his employment. All Firefighters are therefore eligible for plan benefits as provided for in the plan document and by applicable law. Plan membership as of October 1, 2023:

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	41
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	7
Active plan members	36
	84

Benefits provided:

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Eligibility:

Earlier of 1) Age 50 and the completion of 10 years of credited service, or 2) the completion of 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.

Benefit amount: 3% of average final compensation times credited service prior to 10/1/1999, plus 3.25% of average final compensation times credited service after 10/1/1999.

Cost of Living Increase: All retirees, excluding disability retirees and vested terminated persons, who retire on or after October 1, 1999, and their joint pensioners and beneficiaries, receive, beginning on the first October 1 following 5 years of retirement, a 2% per year cost of living increase.

Vesting (Termination):

Less than 10 years: Refund of member contributions without interest.

10 years or more: Accrued benefit payable at normal retirement date or refund of member contributions.

Disability:

Eligibility:

- a) 10 years of contributing service for non-service related; coverage from date of hire for service incurred.
- b) Total and permanent disability prior to normal retirement date.

Benefit amount: Benefit accrued to date of disability but not less than 42% of average final compensation (service incurred).

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits:

Service Incurred: Benefit accrued to date of death but not less than 42% of average final compensation. Benefit payable for 10 years.

Non-service Incurred:

Vested: Benefit accrued to date of death but not less than 25% of average final compensation. Benefit payable for 10 years.

Non-vested: Refund of member contributions.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Contributions:

The City's funding policy for the Firefighter's plans is to provide for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll which, when combined with employee and state contributions, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Administrative costs for the Firefighter's plans are financed through investment earnings.

The state contributions are required by state statute. The Firefighters is a 1.85% excise tax on the gross receipts from premiums collected on property insurance policies covering property within the City's corporate limits.

Contribution Rates:

Employee: 9.45%

Premium Tax: 1.85% tax on premiums for fire insurance policies.

City: Remaining amount necessary for payment of Normal (current

year's) Cost and amortization of the accrued past service liability

over 30 years, but not less than 7% of member salaries

Net Pension Liability:

The measurement date is September 30, 2024.

The measurement period for the pension expense was October 1, 2023 to September 30, 2024.

The reporting period is October 1, 2023 through September 30, 2024.

The sponsor's Net Pension Liability was measured as of September 30, 2024.

The Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2023 updated to September 30, 2024 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Service based

Discount Rate 7.30% Investment Rate of Return 7.30%

Mortality Rate Healthy Active Lives:

Female: PubS.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year. Male: PubS.H-2010 for Employees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Healthy Retiree Lives:

Female: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Male: PubS.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set forward one year.

Mortality Rate Beneficiary Lives:

Female: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees.

Male: PubG.H-2010 for Healthy Retirees, set back one year.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

80% PubG.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees / 20% PubS.H-2010 for Disabled Retirees.

All rates are projected generationally with Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018.

The previously described mortality assumption rates were mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida. This law mandates the use of the assumptions used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida retirement System (FRS). The above rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2021 FRS valuation report for special risk employees, with appropriate adjustments made based on plan demographics.

90% of active deaths are assumed to be service-incurred.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments can be determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation adopted as of September 30, 2024, as provided by Mariner, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	53%	7.50%
International Equity	12%	8.50%
Domestic Fixed Income	20%	2.50%
Real Estate	10%	4.50%
GTAA	5%	3.50%
	100%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.30%.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset	
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)	
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2023	\$ 38,436,766	\$ 32,980,833	\$ 5,455,933	
Changes for a year:				
Service cost	775,786	-	775,786	
Interest	2,822,133	-	2,822,133	
Experience Gains/Losses	257,994	-	257,994	
Changes of Assumptions	659,127	-	659,127	
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	-	-	-	
Contributions - Employer	-	555,587	(555,587)	
Contributions - State	-	382,704	(382,704)	
Contributions - Employee	-	320,907	(320,907)	
Net Investment Income	-	7,730,149	(7,730,149)	
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contr	(2,663,154)	(2,663,154)	-	
Administrative Expense	-	(86,043)	86,043	
Net Changes	1,851,886	6,240,150	(4,388,264)	
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2024	\$ 40,288,652	\$ 39,220,983	\$ 1,067,669	
Dlan Eiduciam Nat Desition as monantage of Total Dension I	! -1. !!!/	070/		

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability

97%

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to changes in the Discount Rate:

	1%	% Decrease Current Discount Rate		1	% Increase	
_		6.30%		7.30%		8.30%
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	5,980,108	\$	1,067,669	\$	(3,000,968)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.

Detailed information about the pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position is available on pages B-87 and B-88.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions:

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized a Pension Expense of \$693,099.

On September 30, 2024, the Sponsor reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ι	Deferred	Defe	rred
	Oı	utflows of	Inflo	ws of
	R	esources	Resor	urces
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	349,498	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		803,886		-
Net difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan investment		-	2,86	53,851
Total	\$	1,153,384	\$ 2,86	53,851

Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions will be recognized in Pension Expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2025	\$ (193,416)
2026	611,843
2027	(1,063,178)
2028	(1,065,716)
2029	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (1,710,467)

Applicable totals for all of the City's defined benefit pension plans are reflected below:

	Pol	Police Officers		Firefighters		
	Pe	Pension Plan		Pension Plan		Totals
Net Pension Liability	\$	4,150,517	\$	1,067,669	\$	5,218,186
Deferred Outflows	\$	653,386	\$	1,153,384	\$	1,806,770
Deferred Inflows	\$	1,981,147	\$	2,863,851	\$	4,844,998
Pension Expense	\$	1,471,939	\$	693,099	\$	2,165,038

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Financial Statements for the Police Officers and Firefighters Pension Plans are provided by the Actuary:

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS

	Define	Defined Contribution	
	Police Officers Pension	Firefighters Pension	General Employee Pension
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Short Term Investments	\$ 577,186	\$ -	\$ -
Prepaid Benefits	-	-	-
Money Market	-	1,190,164	-
Cash	717	1,514	
Total Cash and cash equivalents:	577,903	1,191,678	-
Receivables:			
Additional City Contributions	277,597	-	-
Investment Income	70,875	67,542	-
Total Receivables:	348,472	67,542	-
Investments:			
U.S. Bonds and Bills	5,170,907	1,657,302	-
Federal Agency Guaranteed Securities	6,571,775	3,049,315	-
Corporate Bonds	879,003	1,370,519	-
Municipal Obligations	-	239,388	-
Stocks	6,141,658	26,064,500	-
Mutual Funds:			
Fixed Income	-	2,445,896	-
Equity	17,042,787	-	19,049,696
Pooled/Common/Commingled Funds: Real Estate		3,136,002	
Total Investments	35,806,130	37,962,922	19,049,696
Total Assets	36,732,505	39,222,142	19,049,696
Liabilities			
Payables:			
Prior Refunds	1,232	-	-
Administrative Expenses	2,729	1,159	
Total Liabilities	3,961	1,159	
Net Position			
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 36,728,544	\$ 39,220,983	\$ 19,049,696

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS

		Defined B	Defined Contribution	
	•	Police Officers Pension	Firefighters Pension	General Employees Pension
Additions:				
Contributions:				
Plan members	\$	382,437 \$	320,907	\$ 48,798
Employer		1,103,339	555,587	1,217,748
State of Florida		415,395	382,704	
Total Contributions		1,901,171	1,259,198	1,266,546
Investment Income:				
Net increase in fair value of investments		5,727,182	7,033,989	3,186,784
Interest & Dividends		1,044,635	854,063	482,908
Less Investment Expense (a)		(95,433)	(157,903)	-
Net Investment Income		6,676,384	7,730,149	3,669,692
Total Additions		8,577,555	8,989,347	4,936,238
Deductions:				
Distributions to Members:				
Benefit Payments		1,859,299	1,823,387	1,008,097
Lump Sum DROP Distributions		-	800,713	-
Refunds of Member Contributions			39,054	
Total Distributions		1,859,299	2,663,154	1,008,097
Administrative Expense		65,243	86,043	43,079
Total Deductions		1,924,542	2,749,197	1,051,176
Net Increase in Net Position		6,653,013	6,240,150	3,885,062
Net Position Restricted for Pensions - Beginning of Year		30,075,531	32,980,833	15,164,634
Net Position Restricted for Pensions - End of Year	\$	36,728,544 \$	39,220,983	\$ 19,049,696

⁽a) Investment related expenses include investment advisory, custodial and performance monitoring fees.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

The City's General Employees pension plan, a single employer, defined benefit pension plan, was terminated by the Board of Commissioners (BOC) effective November 30, 1995. The City converted its General Employees Defined Benefit plan into a Defined Contribution plan effective October 1, 1996 with the conversion on September 15, 1997. All plan assets accumulated through September 15, 1997 in the previous Defined Benefit pension plan were liquidated and reallocated to the new Defined Contribution plan participants, minus amounts required to liquidate current liabilities of the old plan.

All Plan provisions of the General Employees Defined Contribution plan, including benefits, eligibility, vesting, etc., are established by City Ordinance, the most recent of which is Ordinance 2002-34. The Plan Ordinance may be amended by the BOC after the public hearings are held. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report and is not included in any other retirement system's or entity's financial report.

The City's General Employees Defined Contribution Pension Plan was established to provide supplemental income to employees upon retirement. The Plan year is from October 1, of a respective year through the following September 30 of that year. All employees are eligible to participate in the Plan, except Firefighters and Police Officers. Also excluded from Plan participation are elected officials and employees whose customary employment is for less than 30 hours in any one week and their total hours for a Plan year are less than One Thousand hours.

At September 30, 2024, there were 231 active Plan members, 125 vested and 106 partially vested. The City contributes 9.0% of covered salary beginning after three months of employment and Plan members do not contribute to the Plan but can contribute to the ICMA Deferred Compensation Plan. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the BOC. Employer contributions become vested on a graduated basis at the rate of 20% per Plan year with full vesting after five vested years of employment. The total City contributions to the General Employees pension plan during Fiscal Year 2024 were \$1,217,748

On February 22, 2008, the City changed administrators of the Plan and all funds with VALIC (Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company) were transferred to ICMA-RC (International City/County Management Association Retirement Corporation) the new administrator of the Plan.

A new Administrative Services Agreement with ICMA-RC was approved on December 16, 2013 (Inception Date) for an initial term beginning on the Inception Date and ending (3) years after the Inception Date. On August 20, 2019 this agreement was renewed for an additional three years and with the option to renew automatically for each succeeding quarter thereafter.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2024

The City's General Employees Pension Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized in the period that the contributions are due.

All Investments are reported at their fair value by the administrator of the plan based on their quoted market price. All investments are directed by Plan participants, including the non-vested portion of the City's contributions. Plan participants may elect to allocate investments among a variety of mutual funds, money market funds, and fixed return funds. No individual stocks, bonds or other investments are held within the plan.

As of September 30, 2024, the General Employees Pension fund held investments (other than U.S. Government and U.S. Government guaranteed obligations) in the following organizations comprising 5% or more of the net position available for benefits.

	Number			
Asset Description	of Shares	Fair Value		
Am Funds 2020 Trgt Ret R6	99,086	\$ 1,433,768		
Am Funds 2025 Trgt Ret R6	68,884	1,124,188		
Am Funds 2030 Trgt Ret R6	125,397	2,289,755		
Am Funds 2035 Trgt Ret R6	90,344	1,820,427		
Am Funds 2045 Trgt Ret R6	43,759	970,578		
Fidelity 500 Index Fund	4,869	977,400		
MFS Growth Allocation R6	40,527	1,073,165		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

Pension Schedules - Police Officers and Firefighters Pension Trust Funds

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Police Officers Pension Trust Fund
Firefighters Pension Trust Fund
Schedule of Contributions and Notes to Schedule
Police Officers Pension Trust Fund

Firefighters Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Investment Returns

Police Officers and Firefighters

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Schedule of Changes in Total Liability

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police Officers Pension Trust Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

	9/30/2024	9/30/2023	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015
Total Pension Liability:										
Service Cost	\$ 833,567	\$ 799,251	\$ 702,824	\$ 753,859	\$ 758,884	\$ 755,760	\$ 667,849	\$ 604,591	\$ 814,107	\$ 792,099
Interest	2,798,968	2,700,657	2,604,290	2,530,012	2,473,025	2,311,900	2,182,922	2,027,488	1,960,385	1,845,378
Change in Excess State Money	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20,737)	12,974	7,763	-
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-	19,460	528,023	-	-	(119,708)
Experience Gains/Losses	403,283	22,732	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	-	-	430,608	(187,652)	(278,163)	686,913	193,927	(14,341)	(727,466)	(319,167)
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	927,618	-	(244,872)	-	-	660,290	541,040	-
Contributions - Buy Back	-	-	-	61,720	-	10,289	17,148	-	56,848	-
Benefit Payments, including employee refunds	(1,859,299)	(2,542,572)	(1,927,814)	(2,305,238)	(1,582,830)	(1,656,476)	(1,242,540)	(946,845)	(891,933)	(877,118)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	2,176,519	980,068	2,737,526	852,701	1,126,044	2,127,846	2,326,592	2,344,157	1,760,744	1,321,484
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	38,702,542	37,722,474	34,984,948	34,132,247	33,006,203	30,878,357	28,551,765	26,207,608	24,446,864	23,125,380
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 40,879,061	\$ 38,702,542	\$ 37,722,474	\$ 34,984,948	\$ 34,132,247	\$33,006,203	\$ 30,878,357	\$ 28,551,765	\$26,207,608	\$ 24,446,864
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:										
Contributions - Employer	1,103,339	745,207	656,304	616,790	487,500	419,992	281,834	241,324	369,399	639,284
Contributions - State	415,395	354,936	305,168	274,793	274,483	262,762	247,970	225,484	220,273	207,813
Contributions - Employee	382,437	322,107	305,249	301,848	290,389	285,455	269,438	251,275	264,978	262,499
Contributions - Buy Back	-	-	-	61,720	-	10,289	17,148	-	56,848	-
Net Investment Income	6,676,384	3,068,501	(4,684,210)	5,241,798	1,011,772	290,797	2,526,845	2,640,786	1,292,444	(68,190)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of										
Employee Contributions	(1,859,299)	(2,542,572)	(1,927,814)	(2,305,238)	(1,582,830)	(1,656,476)	(1,242,540)	(946,845)	(891,933)	(877,118)
Administrative Expense	(65,243)	(73,098)	(67,273)	(48,031)	(49,308)	(57,843)	(46,628)	(56,933)	(52,805)	(36,428)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	6,653,013	1,875,081	(5,412,576)	4,143,680	432,006	(445,024)	2,054,067	2,355,091	1,259,204	127,860
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	30,075,531	28,200,450	33,613,026	29,469,346	29,037,340	29,482,364	27,428,297	25,073,206	23,814,002	23,686,142
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 36,728,544	\$ 30,075,531	\$ 28,200,450	\$ 33,613,026	\$ 29,469,346	\$29,037,340	\$ 29,482,364	\$ 27,428,297	\$25,073,206	\$ 23,814,002
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 4,150,517	\$ 8,627,011	\$ 9,522,024	\$ 1,371,922	\$ 4,662,901	\$ 3,968,863	\$ 1,395,993	\$ 1,123,468	\$ 1,134,402	\$ 632,862
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	89.85%	77.71%	74.76%	96.08%	86.34%	87.98%	95.48%	96.07%	95.67%	97.41%
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,780,464	\$ 4,026,340	\$ 3,815,616	\$ 3,773,099	\$ 3,629,864	\$ 3,568,189	\$ 3,367,974	\$ 3,140,932	\$ 3,312,219	\$ 3,550,062
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	86.82%	214.26%	249.55%	36.36%	128.46%	111.23%	41.45%	35.77%	34.25%	17.83%
Notes to Schedule:										

Changes of assumptions: Total Pension Liability and GASB 68 Pension expense measured as of September 30, 2024 reflect no assumption changes.

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	9/30/2024	9/30/2023	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015
Total Pension Liability:										
Service Cost	\$ 775,786	\$ 657,155	\$ 678,196	\$ 672,507	\$ 618,856	\$ 624,885	\$ 502,577	\$ 451,742	\$ 470,186	\$ 433,596
Interest	2,822,133	2,728,617	2,603,889	2,478,210	2,388,833	2,260,369	2,145,398	2,080,242	1,949,568	1,901,472
Change in excess State money	-	-	-	=	=	(68,720)	=	=	-	4,353
Share Plan Allocation	-	-	-	8,226	-	34,360	-	-	-	-
Experience Gains/Losses	257,994	186,033	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	=	-	(5,673)	-	-	-	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	-	-	183,218	85,900	(99,941)	134,039	387,233	(4,067)	226,161	(141,504)
Changes of Assumptions	659,127	619,081	-	=	360,735	652,014	=	=	954,519	=
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of										
Employee Contributions	(2,663,154)	(1,999,648)	(1,606,564)	(1,587,137)	(1,488,398)	(1,488,093)	(1,904,939)	(1,603,051)	(2,252,731)	(989,960)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,851,886	2,191,238	1,858,739	1,657,706	1,780,085	2,143,181	1,130,269	924,866	1,347,703	1,207,957
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	38,436,766	36,245,528	34,386,789	32,729,083	30,948,998	28,805,817	27,675,548	26,750,682	25,402,979	24,195,022
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$40,288,652	\$ 38,436,766	\$ 36,245,528	\$ 34,386,789	\$ 32,729,083	\$ 30,948,998	\$ 28,805,817	\$ 27,675,548	\$ 26,750,682	\$ 25,402,979
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:										
Contributions - Employer	555,587	480,000	793,917	769,397	797.112	777,408	776,966	560,252	758,808	974.041
Contributions - State	382,704	292,387	272,146	241,803	219,619	217,232	213,788	205,597	223,925	242,782
Contributions - Employee	320,907	261,889	254,965	251,792	251,256	255,510	247,177	201.094	197,641	183,224
Net Investment Income	7,730,149	3,420,104	(4,673,722)	6,565,953	2,478,669	744,272	2,735,006	3,023,816	1,821,061	316,096
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of	.,,	-,,	(1,010,100)	-,,	_,,	,	_,,,,,,,,,	-,,	-,0,00-	,
Employee Contributions	(2,663,154)	(1,999,648)	(1,606,564)	(1,587,137)	(1,488,398)	(1,488,093)	(1,904,939)	(1,603,051)	(2,252,731)	(989,960)
Administrative Expense	(86,043)	(81,313)	(73,079)	(73,884)	(85,586)	(60,473)	(55,735)	(56,818)	(39,185)	(66,388)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	6,240,150	2,373,419	(5,032,337)	6,167,924	2,172,672	445,856	2,012,263	2,330,890	709,519	659,795
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	32,980,833	30,607,414	35,639,751	29,471,827	27,299,155	26,853,299	24,841,036	22,510,146	21,800,627	21,140,832
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$39,220,983	\$ 32,980,833	\$ 30,607,414	\$ 35,639,751	\$ 29,471,827	\$ 27,299,155	\$ 26,853,299	\$ 24,841,036	\$ 22,510,146	\$ 21,800,627
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Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,067,669	\$ 5,455,933	\$ 5,638,114	\$ (1,252,962)	\$ 3,257,256	\$ 3,649,843	\$ 1,952,518	\$ 2,834,512	\$ 4,240,536	\$ 3,602,352
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of										
the Total Pension Liability	97.35%	85.81%	84.44%	103.64%	90.05%	88.21%	93.22%	89.76%	84.15%	85.82%
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,395,830	\$ 2,771,316	\$ 2,698,038	\$ 2,664,465	\$ 2,658,781	\$ 2,703,808	\$ 2,616,053	\$ 2,127,978	\$ 2,090,999	\$ 2,535,620
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	31.44%	196.87%	208.97%	-47.02%	122.51%	134.99%	74.64%	133.20%	202.80%	142.07%
Notes to Schedule:										

Changes of assumptions: Total Pension Liability and GASB 68 Pension expense measured as of September 30, 2024 reflect the following assumption change. - The discount rate was updated from 7.45% to 7.30%.

	9/30/2024	9/30/2023	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016	9/30/2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,638,266	\$ 1,026,717	\$ 915,366	\$ 891,583	\$ 790,221	\$ 740,756	\$ 514,963	\$ 500,665	\$ 587,919	\$ 722,857
Contributions in Relation to the										
Actuarially Determined Contributions	1,518,734	1,100,143	961,472	891,583	761,983	682,754	529,804	453,834	581,909	847,097
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 119,532	\$ (73,426)	\$ (46,106)	\$ -	\$ 28,238	\$ 58,002	\$ (14,841)	\$ 46,831	\$ 6,010	\$ (124,240)
Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$ 4,780,464	\$ 4,026,340	\$3,815,616	\$ 3,773,099	\$ 3,629,864	\$ 3,568,189	\$ 3,367,974	\$ 3,140,932	\$ 3,312,219	\$ 3,550,062
Covered Payroll	31.77%	27.32%	25.20%	23.63%	20.99%	19.13%	15.73%	14.45%	17.57%	23.86%

Notes to Schedule:

The following assumptions were used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution for the plan year ending September 30, 2024:

Calculation Timing The Actuarially Determined Contribution is calculated using a October1, 2022 valuation date.

Interest Rate 7.25%

Assumptions All other assumptions and methods used for determining the Actuarially Determined Contribution can be found in the October 1, 2024 Actuarial Valuation Report

for the City of Tarpon Springs Firefighter's Pension Trust Fund prepared by Foster & Foster Actuaries and Consultants.

	9	9/30/2024	9	9/30/2023	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9	/30/2019	9	/30/2018	9	/30/2017	9	/30/2016	9	/30/2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	827,733	\$	693,161	\$ 1,003,536	\$ 978,879	\$ 1,086,439	\$	1,039,195	\$	951,675	\$	932,405	\$	945,300	\$	992,531
Contributions in Relation to the																	
Actuarially Determined Contribution		938,291		772,387	1,066,063	 1,002,974	1,016,731		994,640		990,754		765,849		982,733		1,212,470
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(110,558)	\$	(79,226)	\$ (62,527)	\$ (24,095)	\$ 69,708	\$	44,555	\$	(39,079)	\$	166,556	\$	(37,433)	\$	(219,939)
Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$	3,395,830	\$	2,771,316	\$ 2,698,038	\$ 2,664,465	\$ 2,658,781	\$ 2	2,703,808	\$	2,616,053	\$	2,127,978	\$	2,090,999	\$	2,535,620
Covered Payroll		27.63%		27.87%	39.51%	37.64%	38.24%		36.79%		37.87%		35.99%		47.00%		47.82%

Notes to Schedule:

The following assumptions were used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution for the plan year ending September 30, 2024:

Calculation Timing The Actuarially Determined Contribution is calculated using a October 1, 2022 valuation date.

Interest Rate 7.60%

Assumptions All other assumptions and methods used for determining the Actuarially Determined Contribution can be found in the October 1, 2024 Actuarial Valuation Report

for the City of Tarpon Springs Firefighter's Pension Trust Fund prepared by Foster & Foster Actuaries and Consultants.

Police Officers Pension Trust Fund Schedule of Investment Returns

	Fiscal Year										
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Annual money-weighted rate of return	_		-			_					
net of investment expense	22.17%	10.93%	-14.05%	17.99%	3.54%	0.99%	9.28%	10.62%	5.44%	-0.29%	

Firefighters Pension Trust Fund Schedule of Investment Returns

	Fiscal Year										
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Annual money-weighted rate of return											
net of investment expense	23.76%	11.32%	-13.12%	22.30%	9.18%	2.80%	11.29%	13.66%	8.52%	1.49%	

Notes to Schedule:

This information is required for ten years.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule of Changes in Total Liability Other Post Employment Benefits Last Seven Fiscal Years

	9/30/2024	9/30/2023	9/30/2022	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018
Total OPEB Liability:							
Service Cost	\$ 165,660	\$ 130,328	\$ 121,504	\$ 275,446	\$ 173,739	\$ 155,770	\$ 128,874
Interest	109,574	97,347	89,074	80,247	93,722	98,666	69,877
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	-	-	-	768,290	117,912	-	317,530
Gain Attributable to Experience	-	(115,371)	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in Assumptions	395,426	90,862	(1,710,758)	(6,779)	311,583	101,497	13,362
Benefit Payments	(165,630)	(159,551)	(144,549)	(178,622)	(160,479)	(106,754)	(101,479)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	505,030	43,615	(1,644,729)	938,582	536,477	249,179	428,164
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	2,397,689	2,354,074	3,998,803	3,060,221	2,523,744	2,274,565	1,846,401
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 2,902,719	\$ 2,397,689	\$ 2,354,074	\$ 3,998,803	\$ 3,060,221	\$ 2,523,744	\$ 2,274,565
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 17,062,125	\$ 16,485,145	\$ 16,758,275	\$ 16,270,170	\$ 16,045,850	\$ 15,758,601	\$ 15,359,260
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	17.0%	14.5%	14.0%	24.6%	19.1%	16.0%	14.8%

Notes to Schedule:

Plan Assets:

Other Items

⁻ No assets are accummulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

st This information is required for ten years. However, only seven years of information is available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes.

Local Option Gas Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's share of local gas tax revenues that are legally restricted to the maintenance and improvement of City roads and streets.

Impact Fees Fund - This fund is used to account for the receipt of impact fees and interest thereon and disbursements for qualified non-major capital expenditures of Police, Fire, Library, Recreation, General Government, Fire Impact Surcharge and Transportation Impact Fees.

Law Enforcement Programs Fund - This fund is used to account for Law Enforcement sources of funds that are restricted as to their use based on the fine or confiscated property that is received by the City.

Special Programs Fund - This fund is used to account for programs in which the revenue source is restricted or committed by Law and or Interlocal agreement for specific purposes. These include the employee benefit cost deferral, public art program and land preservation.

Capital Projects Funds:

Capital project funds are used to account for and report financial sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

General Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the annual street and sidewalk construction projects. Funding is provided by transfers from the sidewalk improvement and local option gas tax funds.

Sidewalk Improvement Fund - This fund was established by City Charter for funding sidewalk improvements.

Major Governmental Fund

Capital Projects Fund:

Optional Sales Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the one cent local option sales tax revenues received which are to be used only for capital improvements to the City's infrastructure and specified capital outlays as required by state statutes.

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds												
ASSETS		Local Option Gas Tax		Impact Fees]	Law Enforcement Programs	Special Programs		Total				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accrued interest receivable Due from other governments Total Assets	\$	2,241 - - 52,847 55,088	\$	1,466,373	_	- - -	- - -		1,895,038 - - 52,847 1,947,885				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	•	33,000	Ψ.	1,466,373	= ^Φ	<u> </u>	233,201	= [©] =	1,747,003				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$	-	\$	95,867 -	\$	5,278 \$	114	\$	101,259				
Total Liabilities		-		95,867	_	5,278	114	_	101,259				
Fund Balances: Restricted Committed		55,088		1,370,506	_	165,885	174,860 80,287		1,766,339 80,287				
Total Fund Balances		55,088		1,370,506	_	165,885	255,147	_	1,846,626				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	55,088	\$	1,466,373	\$	171,163	255,261	\$_	1,947,885				

_		Ca	pital Projects Fur	nds		_	Total
_	General Projects		Sidewalk Improvement		Total		Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	318,337	\$	713,937 988,774	\$	1,032,274 988,774	\$	2,927,312 988,774
	-		492		492		492
\$ -	318,337	\$	1,703,203	\$	2,021,540	\$	52,847 3,969,425
Ψ =	310,337	· •	1,703,203	Ψ	2,021,540	Ψ:	3,707,423
\$	221,115	\$	- 492	\$	221,115 492	\$	322,374 492
	221,115		492		221,607		322,866
_	97,222		- 1,702,711	•	97,222 1,702,711	•	1,863,561 1,782,998
_			1,702,711		1,702,711		1,702,770
_	97,222		1,702,711		1,799,933		3,646,559
\$	318,337	\$	1,703,203	\$	2,021,540	\$	3,969,425

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds								
		Local Option Gas Tax	Impact Fees	L	aw Enforcement Programs	Special Programs	Total		
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	319,715 \$		\$	- \$	- \$	319,715		
Permits and fees		-	92,961		-	-	92,961		
Intergovernmental		-	129,500		29,120	-	158,620		
Fines and forfeitures		-	-		3,928	-	3,928		
Other		7,125	87,697		12,684	154,743	262,249		
Total Revenues		326,840	310,158		45,732	154,743	837,473		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public Safety:									
Police		-	-		103,227	-	103,227		
Culture and Recreation:									
Other		-	-		-	13,603	13,603		
Capital Outlay		_	454,974		_	120,547	575,521		
Total Expenditures	•	-	454,974		103,227	134,150	692,351		
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		326,840	(144,816)		(57,495)	20,593	145,122		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in		_	_		_	_	_		
Transfers out		(350,000)	_		_	(50,000)	(400,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(350,000)	-		<u> </u>	(50,000)	(400,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(23,160)	(144,816)		(57,495)	(29,407)	(254,878)		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		78,248	1,515,322		223,380	284,554	2,101,504		
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	55,088 \$	1,370,506	\$	165,885 \$	255,147 \$	1,846,626		

_	Ca		Total	
	General Projects	Sidewalk Improvement	Total	Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	319,715
	-	-	-	92,961
	-	-	-	158,620
	-	-	-	3,928
	14,569	102,453	117,022	379,271
	14,569	102,453	117,022	954,495
				102 227
	-	-	-	103,227 13,603
	711,192	-	711,192	1,286,713
	711,192	-	711,192	1,403,543
_	(696,623)	102,453	(594,170)	(449,048)
	250,000	-	250,000	250,000
_	-	(100,000)	(100,000)	(500,000)
_	250,000	(100,000)	150,000	(250,000)
	(446,623)	2,453	(444,170)	(699,048)
_	543,845	1,700,258	2,244,103	4,345,607
\$ _	97,222 \$	1,702,711 \$	1,799,933 \$	3,646,559

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL OPTION GAS TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	,	Budgete	d A	mounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	_	Original		Final	A	ctual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	_		-		_		
Taxes	\$	347,255	\$	347,255	\$	319,715 \$	(27,540)
Other		516		516		7,125	6,609
Total Revenues	_	347,771	_	347,771	_	326,840	(20,931)
Other Financing Uses:							
Transfers out		(350,000)		(350,000)		(350,000)	-
Total Other Financing Uses	_	(350,000)	_	(350,000)	_	(350,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,229)		(2,229)		(23,160)	(20,931)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	78,248	_	78,248	_	78,248	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ _	76,019	\$	76,019	\$_	55,088 \$	(20,931)

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL IMPACT FEES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

							Variance with	
							Final Budget -	
	_	Budgeted Amounts					Positive	
	_	Original		Final	Actual Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	148,400	\$	129,500 \$	(18,900)	
Permits and Fees		383,229		383,229		92,961	(290,268)	
Other	_	6,559		6,559		87,697	81,138	
Total Revenues	_	389,788		538,188		310,158	(228,030)	
Expenditures:								
Capital Outlay	_	743,357		1,192,461		454,974	737,487	
Total Expenditures	_	743,357		1,192,461	_	454,974	737,487	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(353,569)		(654,273)		(144,816)	509,457	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	1,515,322	-	1,515,322		1,515,322		
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$_	1,161,753	\$	861,049	\$_	1,370,506 \$	509,457	

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAW ENFORCEMENT PROGRAMS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	,	-					Variance with
	_	Budgete	ed A	amounts	_		Final Budget - Positive
	_	Original		Final	Ac	ctual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	_					_	
Intergovernmental	\$	62,400	\$	62,400	\$	29,120 \$	(33,280)
Fines and forfeitures		7,300		7,300		3,928	(3,372)
Other		1,234		1,234		12,684	11,450
Total Revenues	-	70,934		70,934	_	45,732	(25,202)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public Safety:							
Police		138,134		142,199		103,227	38,972
Capital Outlay		8,500		8,500		-	8,500
Total Expenditures	-	146,634		150,699	_	103,227	47,472
Net Change in Fund Balances		(75,700)		(79,765)		(57,495)	22,270
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	-	223,380		223,380	_	223,380	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	147,680	\$	143,615	\$	165,885 \$	22,270

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL PROGRAMS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

							Variance with Final Budget -
		Budgeted Amounts					Positive
		Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:		_					_
Other	\$	31,798	\$	31,798	\$	154,743 \$	122,945
Total Revenues	_	31,798		31,798	_	154,743	122,945
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Culture/Recreation:							
Other		12,329		11,562		13,603	(2,041)
Capital Outlay		70,000		250,767		120,547	130,220
Total Expenditures	_	82,329		262,329	_	134,150	128,179
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Under Expenditures	_	(50,531)		(230,531)	_	20,593	251,124
Other Financing Uses:							
Transfers out		(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)	-
Total Other Financing Uses	_	(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(100,531)		(280,531)		(29,407)	251,124
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	284,554		284,554		284,554	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$_	184,023	\$	4,023	\$_	255,147 \$	251,124

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

					Variance with Final Budget -
		Budgeted Ar		Positive	
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:		_			_
Other	\$	\$	-	\$ 14,569 \$	14,569
Total Revenues	_	<u> </u>	-	14,569	14,569
Expenditures:					
Capital Outlay		250,000	754,405	711,192	43,213
Total Expenditures		250,000	754,405	711,192	43,213
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	_	(250,000)	(754,405)	(696,623)	57,782
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers in		250,000	250,000	250,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources		250,000	250,000	250,000	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(504,405)	(446,623)	57,782
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		543,845	543,845	543,845	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	543,845 \$	39,440	\$ 97,222 \$	57,782

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

					Variance with Final Budget -
		Budgeted A	mounts		Positive
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:		_			_
Other	\$_	13,144	13,144	5 102,453 \$	89,309
Total Revenues		13,144	13,144	102,453	89,309
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out Total Other Financing Uses	_	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		(86,856)	(86,856)	2,453	89,309
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	1,700,258	1,700,258	1,700,258	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$_	1,613,402 \$	1,613,402	5 1,702,711 \$	89,309

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OPTIONAL SALES TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes \$	3,751,402	\$ 3,751,402	\$ 3,697,705 \$	` ' '
Intergovernmental	-	6,053,925	1,848,165	(4,205,760)
Charges for Services	64,137	355,497	-	(355,497)
Other	60,000	367,648	411,391	43,743
Total Revenues	3,875,539	10,528,472	5,957,261	(4,571,211)
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay	3,446,666	17,076,873	5,482,978	11,593,895
Debt Service	615,121	615,121	587,494	27,627
Total Expenditures	4,061,787	17,691,994	6,070,472	11,621,522
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(186,248)	(7,163,522)	(113,211)	7,050,311
Other Financing Sources: Issuance of debt Total Other Financing Sources	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	899,894 899,894	899,894 899,894
Total Other I maneing Bources			077,074	077,074
Net Change in Fund Balances	(186,248)	(7,163,522)	786,683	7,950,205
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	7,176,480	7,176,480	7,176,480	
Fund Balances - End of Year \$	6,990,232	\$ 12,958	\$ 7,963,163 \$	7,950,205

Enterprise Funds

Non-Major Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for the financing, acquisition, operation and maintenance of governmental facilities and services that are supported primarily by user charges.

Stormwater Fund - This fund is used to account for the provision of stormwater services to the residents of the City.

Marina Fund - This fund is used to account for the provision of marina services to the residents of the City.

Golf Course Fund - This fund is used to account for the provision of golf course services to the residents of the City.

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Storm Water	Marina	Golf Course	Total
ASSETS	_				
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,060 \$	25,207 \$	952,419 \$	982,686
Receivables:					
Accounts - billed (net)		136,721	3,646	-	140,367
Accounts - unbilled		82,466	-	-	82,466
Due from other governments		822,796	-	-	822,796
Inventories		-	-	28,741	28,741
Prepaid items	_	<u> </u>		2,500	2,500
Total Current Assets	_	1,047,043	28,853	983,660	2,059,556
Non-Current Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Land and land rights		852,551	400	51,356	904,307
Buildings and improvements		10,647	25,388	474,690	510,725
Improvements other than buildings		6,203,894	631,849	1,618,500	8,454,243
Machinery and equipment		2,208,669	-	56,585	2,265,254
Accumulated depreciation		(3,690,637)	(646,817)	(1,378,765)	(5,716,219)
Construction in progress		3,190,726	-	48,589	3,239,315
Right to use Lease Assets:					
Lease asset		-	-	190,813	190,813
Lease accumulated amortization		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(190,813)	(190,813)
Total Capital Assets		8,775,850	10,820	870,955	9,657,625
Total Non-Current Assets		8,775,850	10,820	870,955	9,657,625
Total Assets	_	9,822,893	39,673	1,854,615	11,717,181
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB.		7,551	-	1,682	9,233
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	7,551		1,682	9,233
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		202,646	5,808	29,647	238,101
Accrued liabilities		12,890	1,087	5,470	19,447
Contracts payable		64,661	-	-	64,661
Customer deposits		-	5,281	-	5,281
Compensated absences		1,318	-	2,354	3,672
Unearned revenue		-	-	33,849	33,849
Total Current Liabilities		281,515	12,176	71,320	365,011
Non-Current Liabilities:					
Total OPEB liability		26,092	-	5,810	31,902
Compensated absences		41,921	1,237	22,710	65,868
Total Non-Current Liabilities		68,013	1,237	28,520	97,770
Total Liabilities	_	349,528	13,413	99,840	462,781
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.		8,966	-	1,996	10,962
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	8,966	<u> </u>	1,996	10,962
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		8,613,460	10,820	870,955	9,495,235
Unrestricted		858,490	15,440	883,506	1,757,436
Total Net Position	\$ -	9,471,950 \$	26,260 \$	1,754,461 \$	11,252,671

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Storm Water	Marina		Golf Course			Total
Operating Revenues:	-			•		•		
Charges for services	\$	2,065,965	\$ 136,428	\$	2,302,538	\$	6	4,504,931
Other	_	8,407	227	-	38,847	-		47,481
Total Operating Revenues	_	2,074,372	136,655	•	2,341,385	_		4,552,412
Operating Expenses:								
Personnel services		766,459	80,829		528,351			1,375,639
Contractual services		397,113	35,089		620,374			1,052,576
Supplies		107,038	5,847		217,210			330,095
Repairs and maintenance		276,261	7,274		16,237			299,772
Utilities		14,112	28,958		55,632			98,702
Lease amortization		-	-		63,604			63,604
Depreciation	-	321,378	1,495		79,075	-		401,948
Total Operating Expenses	_	1,882,361	159,492		1,580,483	_		3,622,336
Operating Income (Loss)	_	192,011	(22,837)		760,902	_		930,076
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):								
Investment income		63,211	-		49,181			112,392
Interest expense		-	-		(941)			(941)
Other revenue	_	1,857				-		1,857
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	_	65,068			48,240	-		113,308
Income (Loss) before capital grants and transfers	-	257,079	(22,837)	•	809,142	_		1,043,384
Capital grants		961,546	-		-			961,546
Transfers out	_	(164,069)			_			(164,069)
Total Capital Grants and								
and Transfers Out		797,477	-		-			797,477
Change in Net Position		1,054,556	(22,837)		809,142			1,840,861
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	8,417,394	49,097		945,319	_		9,411,810
Net Position - End of Year	\$	9,471,950	\$ 26,260	\$	1,754,461	\$	S	11,252,671

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Storm Water	Marina	Golf Course	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$	1,236,132 \$	134,887 \$	2,352,982 \$	3,724,001
Cash payments to suppliers		(602,268)	(73,004)	(908,371)	(1,583,643)
Cash payments to employees		(751,184)	(79,321)	(541,975)	(1,372,480)
Other expense		1,857	-	-	1,857
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	(115,463)	(17,438)	902,636	769,735
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Transfers out		(164,069)	-	-	(164,069)
Interest paid		<u> </u>	- -	(941)	(941)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		(164,069)	-	(941)	(165,010)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Principal payments on lease		-	-	(65,596)	(65,596)
Contributed capital from other governmental entities		961,546	-	-	961,546
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(2,061,325)		(314,042)	(2,375,367)
Net cash used for capital and related					
financing activities		(1,099,779)	-	(379,638)	(1,479,417)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest on investments		63,211	<u> </u>	49,181	112,392
Net cash provided by investing activities		63,211	<u> </u>	49,181	112,392
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,316,100)	(17,438)	571,238	(762,300)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,321,160	42,645	381,181	1,744,986
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	5,060 \$	25,207 \$	952,419 \$	982,686
Coch and each equivalents alossfied as:					
Cash and cash equivalents classfied as: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,060 \$	25,207 \$	952,419 \$	982,686
1	· -	-,	-,	, , , , ,	,

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Storm Water	Marina	Golf Course	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	192,011 \$	(22,837) \$	760,902 \$	930,076
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Other revenue		1,857	_	_	1.857
Depreciation expense		321,378	1,495	79,075	401,948
Amortization expense		-	-	63,605	63,605
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Increase in accounts receivable - billed (net)		(3,277)	(1,768)	-	(5,045)
Increase in unbilled accounts receivable		(12,167)	-	-	(12,167)
Increase in due from other governments		(822,796)	-	-	(822,796)
Increase in inventories		-	-	(1,898)	(1,898)
Increase in deferred outflow-OPEB		(1,534)	-	(484)	(2,018)
Increase in accounts and contracts payable		192,256	3,934	2,979	199,169
Increase in accrued liabilities		7,942	404	1,748	10,094
Increase in unearned revenue		-	-	11,597	11,597
Increase in customer deposits		-	230	-	230
Increase in total OPEB liability		6,794	-	1,970	8,764
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		3,410	1,104	(16,804)	(12,290)
Decrease in deferred inflow-OPEB		(1,337)	-	(54)	(1,391)
Total adjustments	_	(307,474)	5,399	141,734	(160,341)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(115,463) \$	(17,438) \$	902,636 \$	769,735

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are established to finance and account for goods and services provided by a designated department to other departments within the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. Revenue in these funds is derived from charges to other City funds for services rendered.

Vehicle Maintenance Fund - This fund is used to account for the repairs and maintenance of all vehicles and heavy equipment owned by the City.

Risk Management Fund - This fund is used to account for the administration of the City's self-insurance activities.

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

<u>-</u>	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds							
_	Vehicle Maintenance		Risk Management		Total			
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents \$	175,858	\$	230,704	\$	406,562			
Investments	-		492,087		492,087			
Accounts receivable - interest	-		249		249			
Inventories	42,918	_	-		42,918			
Total Current Assets	218,776	_	723,040		941,816			
Non-Current Assets:								
Capital Assets:								
Buildings and improvements	44,756		-		44,756			
Improvements other than buildings	624,790		190,024		814,814			
Machinery and equipment	115,783		32,921		148,704			
Accumulated depreciation	(440,318)	_	(131,182)		(571,500)			
Total Non-Current Assets	345,011	_	91,763		436,774			
Total Assets	563,787	_	814,803	_	1,378,590			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	S							
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	3,372		_		3,372			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,372		-	•	3,372			
LIABILITIES				-				
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	72,986		102,978		175,964			
Accrued liabilities	8,797		-		8,797			
Claims payable	-		15,417		15,417			
Compensated absences	2,141		-		2,141			
Total Current Liabilities	83,924		118,395		202,319			
Non-Current Liabilities:								
Claims payable	-		149,514		149,514			
Total OPEB liability	11,649		-		11,649			
Compensated absences	24,311	_	-		24,311			
Total Non-Current Liabilities	35,960	_	149,514		185,474			
Total Liabilities	119,884	_	267,909		387,793			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	4,002		-		4,002			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,002	_	-	. ,	4,002			
NET POSITION								
Investment in capital assets	345,011		91,763		436,774			
Unrestricted	98,262		455,131		553,393			
-		Ф.		φ.				
Total Net Position \$	443,273	\$	546,894	\$	990,167			

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds

	_	Internal Service Funds							
	_	Vehicle Maintenance		Risk Management		Total			
Operating Revenues:									
Billings to departments	\$_	2,014,366	\$_	1,306,110	\$	3,320,476			
Total Operating Revenues	_	2,014,366		1,306,110		3,320,476			
Operating Expenses:									
Personnel services		481,465		-		481,465			
Contractual services		54,615		62,720		117,335			
Supplies		522,811		11,824		534,635			
Repairs and maintenance		861,821		-		861,821			
Utilities		1,219		-		1,219			
Insurance		-		1,296,156		1,296,156			
Depreciation	_	51,616	-	11,107		62,723			
Total Operating Expenses	_	1,973,547	_	1,381,807		3,355,354			
Operating Income (Loss)	_	40,819		(75,697)	_	(34,878)			
Non-Operating Revenues:									
Investment income		-		21,704		21,704			
Net change in fair value of investments		-		24,231		24,231			
Total Non-Operating Revenues	=	-	_	45,935		45,935			
Change in Net Position		40,819		(29,762)		11,057			
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	402,454		576,656		979,110			
Net Position - End of Year	\$_	443,273	\$	546,894	\$	990,167			

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Vehicle Maintenance	Risk Management	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:	-	1viaintenance	- Wanagement	Total
Cash received from other funds	\$	2,014,366 \$	1,306,110 \$	3,320,476
Cash payments to suppliers		(1,442,207)	(1,465,959)	(2,908,166)
Cash payments to employees		(472,394)	-	(472,394)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	-	99,765	(159,849)	(60,084)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	_	(5,750)		(5,750)
Net cash used by capital and related				
financing activities	_	(5,750)		(5,750)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest on investments	_	<u>-</u>	21,704	21,704
Net cash provided by investing activities		<u>-</u>	21,704	21,704
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		94,015	(138,145)	(44,130)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	81,843	368,849	450,692
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ _	175,858 \$	230,704 \$	406,562
Cash and cash equivalents classfied as:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ _	175,858 \$	230,704 \$	406,562
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	40,819 \$	(75,697) \$	(34,878)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to				
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense		51,616	11,107	62,723
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Increase in inventories		(21,002)	-	(21,002)
Increase in deferred outflow-OPEB		(973)	-	(973)
Increase in accounts and contracts payable		19,261	97,445	116,706
Increase in accrued liabilities		5,577	-	5,577
Decrease in claims payable		-	(192,704)	(192,704)
Increase in total OPEB liability		3,959	-	3,959
Increase in compensated absences		611	-	611
Decrease in deferred inflow-OPEB	_	(103)	<u> </u>	(103)
Total adjustments	-	58,946	(84,152)	(25,206)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ _	99,765 \$	(159,849) \$	(60,084)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources that are managed in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other parties.

Police Officers Pension - This fund is used to account for a defined benefit pension plan for City police officers.

Firefighters Pension - This fund is used to account for a defined benefit pension plan for City firefighters.

General Employees Pension - This fund is used to account for a defined contribution pension plan for all City employees other than police officers and firefighters.

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		En	nplo	yee Retirement	Fu	nds		
						Defined		
		Define	d B	enefit	(Contribution Plans		
		Police	Firefighters			General		
		Officers				Employees		
		Pension	_	Pension		Pensions	_	Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	577,903	\$	1,514	\$	-	\$	579,417
Money market		-		1,190,164		-		1,190,164
Interest receivable		70,875		67,542		-		138,417
City Contributions		277,597		-		-		277,597
Investments, at fair value:								
U.S. Government Securities		11,742,682		4,706,617		-		16,449,299
Municipals		-		239,388		-		239,388
Equities Common Stock		6,141,658		26,064,500		-		32,206,158
Mutual Funds		17,042,787		2,445,896		19,049,696		38,538,379
Corporate Bonds		879,003		1,370,519		-		2,249,522
Real Estate		-		3,136,002	_	=		3,136,002
Total Investments	_	35,806,130		37,962,922		19,049,696	_	92,818,748
Total Assets	_	36,732,505		39,222,142		19,049,696	_	95,004,343
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		3,961		1,159		-		5,120
Total Liabilities	_	3,961	_	1,159	_	-	_	5,120
Net Position								
Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$	36,728,544	\$_	39,220,983	\$	19,049,696	\$_	94,999,223

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Em	Employee Retirement Funds						
	_					Defined			
	_	Defined	Be	nefit	. !	Contribution Plans			
		Police		a .		General			
		Officers		Firefighters		Employees	T-4-1		
Additions:	_	Pension	-	Pension		Pensions	Total		
Additions:									
Contributions:									
Employer	\$	1,103,339	\$	555,587	\$	1,217,748 \$	2,876,674		
Plan members		382,437		320,907		48,798	752,142		
State of Florida	_	415,395	_	382,704		<u> </u>	798,099		
Total Contributions	_	1,901,171	_	1,259,198		1,266,546	4,426,915		
Investment Income:									
Net increase in fair value of									
investments (realized and unrealized)		5,727,182		7,033,989		3,186,784	15,947,955		
Interest & Dividends		1,044,635		854,063		482,908	2,381,606		
	_	6,771,817	_	7,888,052		3,669,692	18,329,561		
Less Investment Expenses:	_		_						
Investment management fees	_	95,433	_	157,903		<u>-</u>	253,336		
		95,433		157,903			253,336		
	_		_						
Net Investment Income	_	6,676,384		7,730,149		3,669,692	18,076,225		
Total Additions		8,577,555		8,989,347		4,936,238	22,503,140		
Deductions:									
Deductions.									
Benefits		1,859,299		1,823,387		1,008,097	4,690,783		
Lump sum DROP distributions		-		800,713		, , , -	800,713		
Refunds of contributions		-		39,054		-	39,054		
Administrative expense	_	65,243	_	86,043		43,079	194,365		
Total Deductions	_	1,924,542	_	2,749,197		1,051,176	5,724,915		
Change in Net Position		6,653,013		6,240,150		3,885,062	16,778,225		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	30,075,531		32,980,833		15,164,634	78,220,998		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ _	36,728,544	\$	39,220,983	\$	19,049,696 \$	94,999,223		

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Fire & EMS Service Programs Supplementary Information

Pursuant to agreements between the City of Tarpon Springs, the Pinellas County Fire Authority and the Pinellas County Emergency Medical Services Authority, the City has provided fire and emergency medical services to the respective authorities. With respect to fire services, the services are provided for the benefit of properties located outside the corporate limits of the City, but within a designated service area. Emergency medical services are provided for the benefit of persons residing both inside and outside the corporate limits of the City, based on the Authority's nearest unit dispatch policy.

In accordance with Pinellas County EMS Authority's Resolution 09-38 and Section 706 of the 2009 ALS First Responder Agreement, funds provided by the EMS Authority must be used solely for EMS Allowable Costs. Any unspent balance at the conclusion of a fiscal year must be accounted for and returned to the EMS Authority. The return of any such funds will be accomplished through a reduction to the current year funding from the EMS Authority to the Contractor for the ALS Responder Services.

In accordance with Pinellas County Home Rule Charter and Chapter 62, Article II of the Pinellas County Code and the Fire Services Agreement, funds provided by Pinellas County to the Contractor can only be used in support of fire-related activities. Therefore, a proportional share of any unspent balance at the conclusion of a fiscal year is to be returned to Pinellas County where these funds will be retained in a discrete special revenue fund for the Fire District. The return of these funds will be accomplished through a reduction to the current year support funding from Pinellas County to the Contractor.

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES DISTRICT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	-				•	(18
EMS District Funds	\$	2,084,674	\$_	2,084,674	\$	
Total Revenue		2,084,674	. <u>-</u>	2,084,674		<u> </u>
Expenditures:						
Salaries and Benefits		1,848,276		1,783,943		64,333
Operating Expenditures	_	236,398	_	379,416		(143,018)
Total Expenditures	_	2,084,674	_	2,163,359		(78,685)
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	\$	-	\$_	(78,685)	\$	(78,685)
1 EMS Funding FY 23-24 Received	d by Cont	ractor	\$	2,084,674		
2 EMS Allowable Costs Incurred b	y Contrac	ctor		2,163,359		
3 Difference (If Excess Revenues)	Due to Pi	nellas County	\$ _	(78,685)	•	

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIRE DISTRICT FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

General Fund		Final Budget	_	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Municipality - City of Tarpon Springs (1)	\$	5,072,396	\$	4,785,826	\$	(286,570)
SAFER Grant		280,323		264,515		(15,808)
Tarpon Springs Fire District Funds Total Revenues		460,062 5,812,781	_	525,890 5,576,231		65,828 (236,550)
Expenditures:						
Salaries and Benefits Operating Expenditures		4,426,262		4,466,655		(40,393) 266,474
Capital Outlay		1,236,559 149,960		970,085 139,491		10,469
Non-Operating		-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	_	5,812,781		5,576,231		236,550
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	-	\$_	-	\$ =	-
Special Revenue Fund - Fire Impacts		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		52 000	Φ.	10.245	Φ.	(10.551)
Fire Impact Fees Interest	\$	52,998	\$	10,247 1,904	\$	(42,751) 1,904
Total Revenues	_	52,998	_	12,151	_	(40,847)
Expenditures:						
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		52,998 52,998	_			52,998 52,998
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	32,776	- \$	12,151	- - \$	12,151
Excess of revenues ever Experientales	Ψ=		• " =	12,131	• [~] =	Variance with
Capital Project Fund		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Municipality City of Tarpon Springs (1)	\$	2 225 775	•	068 717	¢	(2.267.059)
Municipality - City of Tarpon Springs (1) Tarpon Springs Fire District Funds	Ф	3,335,775 355,497	Ф	968,717	Ф	(2,367,058) (355,497)
Debt Proceeds		-		899,894		899,894
Total Revenues		3,691,272	_	1,868,611		(1,822,661)
Expenditures: Capital Outlay		3,691,272		1,868,611		1,822,661
Total Expenditures	_	3,691,272	_	1,868,611	_	1,822,661
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
						Variance with
		Final		Actual		Final Budget - Positive
Grand Total		Budget	_	Amounts		(Negative)
Total Revenues	\$	9,557,051	\$_	7,456,993	\$_	(2,100,058)
Total Expenditures		9,557,051	_	7,444,842		2,112,209
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	-	\$_	12,151	\$	12,151
(1) Expenditures not covered through Fire District funds	are pro	vided by the City				
 Total Expenditures by Contractor Less: Other Revenues Received by Contractor 	tractor		\$	7,444,842		
3 Total Outlay by Contractor	iructor		_	7,444,842	-	
4 Pinellas County Percentage of District				8.89%		
5 Total Pinellas County Share (3 times 4)			_	661,846	-	
6 Pinellas County Paid to Contractor Fire District Funding FY 2024			_	525,890	_	
Total Pinellas County Paid to Contracto			<u></u>	525,890	-	
7 Total Due to Pinellas County (6 less 5),	ir negati	ve none due	\$	(135,956)		



STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends

Revenue Capacity

Debt Capacity

Demographic and Economic Information

Operating Information

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Statistical Section List of Schedules

This part of the City of Tarpon Springs annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

- 1 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 4 Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 5 Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

- 6 A Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 6 -B Real and Personal Property Tax Exemptions Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 7 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 8 A Principal Real Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago
- 8 B Principal Personal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago
 - 9 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

- Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 11 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 12 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2024
- 13 Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 14 Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

- Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Principal Employers, Pinellas County Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

- 17 Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 19 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 1 Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(accruai vasis of accounting)		Fisc	al Year							
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 48,199,096	\$ 49,600,615	\$ 51,456,378	\$ 52,391,186	\$ 53,407,457	\$ 53,925,231	\$ 53,188,924	\$ 52,011,729	\$ 54,458,119	\$ 62,484,447
Restricted	11,331,250	10,994,276	9,695,502	9,251,886	8,242,401	C 6,732,428	8,755,728	9,410,047	11,763,071	13,116,444
Unrestricted	13,678,169	11,689,973	10,093,903	8,132,199	A 7,165,730	D 8,164,941	9,269,463	7,505,051	4,568,482	5,666,243
Total governmental activities										
net position	\$ 73,208,515	\$ 72,284,864	\$ 71,245,783	\$ 69,775,271	\$ 68,815,588	\$ 68,822,600	\$ 71,214,115	\$ 68,926,827	\$ 70,789,672	\$ 81,267,134
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 57,038,372	\$ 59,405,819	\$ 59,032,457	\$ 61,644,818	\$ 62,955,086	\$ 64,055,253	\$ 64,616,646	\$ 67,632,821	\$ 70,544,832	\$ 75,446,365
Restricted	5,801,091	5,033,042	5,402,860	6,256,233	6,420,497	5,687,790	6,105,855	6,477,302	6,748,059	6,503,362
Unrestricted	8,739,652	10,560,522	11,965,743	9,644,107	B 11,412,142	E 12,495,282	14,330,131	11,376,314	10,075,252	8,747,388
Total business-type activities										
net position	\$ 71,579,115	\$ 74,999,383	\$ 76,401,060	\$ 77,545,158	\$ 80,787,725	\$ 82,238,325	\$ 85,052,632	\$ 85,486,437	\$ 87,368,143	\$ 90,697,115
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 105,237,468	\$ 109,006,434	\$ 110,488,835	\$ 114,036,004	\$ 116,362,543	\$ 117,980,484	\$ 117,805,570	\$ 119,644,550	\$ 125,002,951	\$ 137,930,812
Restricted	17,132,341	16,027,318	15,098,362	15,508,119	14,662,898	12,420,218	14,861,583	15,887,349	18,511,130	19,619,806
Unrestricted	22,417,821	22,250,495	22,059,646	17,776,306	18,577,872	20,660,223	23,599,594	18,881,365	14,643,734	14,413,631
Total primary government										
net position	\$ 144,787,630	\$ 147,284,247	\$ 147,646,843	\$ 147,320,429	\$ 149,603,313	\$ 151,060,925	\$ 156,266,747	\$ 154,413,264	\$ 158,157,815	\$ 171,964,249

A) GASB 75 OPEB implementation major source of decrease.

B) Hurricane Irma debris removal majority of decrease + GASB 75 OPEB implementation.

C) Decrease due to increase in capital project expenditures in Local Option Sales Tax Fund

D) Decrease due to increase in Police and Fire Pension Liability

E) Increase due to reimbursement for Hurricane Irma debris removal

F) Increase due to expenditure on ARPA projects

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(accruai basis of accounting)		Fisc	al Year	•				Fisca	l Year			
	 2015*	2016		2017	2018**	2019	2020	2021		2022	2023	 2024
Expenses	,	 									,	 ,
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 3,194,628	\$ 3,432,723	\$	3,700,268	\$ 4,132,160	\$ 4,433,507	\$ 5,070,370	\$ 4,801,604	\$	5,830,147	\$ 5,868,292	\$ 7,569,700
Public safety	13,021,016	14,852,516		14,815,058	16,234,276	17,366,747	17,332,285	15,769,750		20,208,566	21,787,936	21,287,785
Physical environment	994,433	1,140,607		1,203,122	1,249,625	1,405,668	1,454,120	1,630,085		1,668,862	1,851,130	2,001,661
Transportation	2,267,686	2,313,101		2,352,119	2,391,884	2,496,389	2,570,621	2,596,468		2,596,111	2,783,840	2,957,189
Economic environment	452,117	531,483		582,470	619,513	493,953	530,288	562,146		667,111	706,423	591,748
Culture/recreation	4,083,635	4,239,363		4,502,297	4,650,379	4,607,221	4,581,598	4,549,677		4,903,586	5,309,190	5,798,308
Interest on long-term debt	-	-		_	-	-	45,378	22,194		62,440	89,084	68,234
Total governmental activities expenses	24,013,515	26,509,793		27,155,334	29,277,837	30,803,485	31,584,660	29,931,924		35,936,823	38,395,895	40,274,625
Business-type activities:												
Water/Sewer	12,745,072	12,912,634		13,765,541	13,781,438	14,398,298	15,150,903	15,728,538		16,886,955	18,423,572	19,235,042
Sanitation	4,106,003	4,335,007		4,748,340	6,147,368	4,955,865	5,373,320	5,496,705		6,313,399	7,696,310	7,645,240
Storm Water	1,003,463	1,057,100		1,322,226	1,395,324	1,362,896	1,356,409	1,549,181		1,691,095	1,726,722	1,882,361
Golf Course	1,257,698	1,369,316		1,233,795	1,269,051	1,414,414	1,291,991	1,330,592		1,541,882	1,517,899	1,581,424
Marina	 109,403	113,616		113,877	 117,932	123,057	130,439	 143,807		126,952	135,133	 159,492
Total business-type activities expenses	19,221,639	19,787,673		21,183,779	 22,711,113	22,254,530	 23,303,062	 24,248,823		26,560,283	 29,499,636	 30,503,559
Total primary government expenses	\$ 43,235,154	\$ 46,297,466	\$	48,339,113	\$ 51,988,950	\$ 53,058,015	\$ 54,887,722	\$ 54,180,747	\$	62,497,106	\$ 67,895,531	\$ 70,778,184
Program Revenues												
Governmental activities:												
Charges for services:												
General government	\$ 657,837	\$ 699,323	\$	727,516	\$ 723,489	\$ 654,759	\$ 690,067	\$ 690,081	\$	446,829	\$ 522,474	\$ 504,714
Public safety	2,392,264	2,797,387		2,814,847	3,134,010	3,021,853	3,135,880	3,519,389		3,530,207	3,592,451	4,090,068
Physical environment	168,483	169,791		186,427	175,490	184,854	307,390	239,715		227,350	245,397	154,393
Transportation	-	-		-	-	20	-	-		20	-	-
Culture/recreation	356,468	330,104		463,927	591,274	494,045	162,003	181,429		356,409	402,111	392,531
Operating grants and contributions	708,400	606,237		701,467	1,207,794	916,476	916,385	1,122,397		808,278	974,435	1,404,332
Capital grants and contributions	 386,754	774,297		306,924	 690,902	381,656	1,137,225	 438,118		861,467	2,049,736	 9,633,741
Total governmental activities program revenues	4,670,206	5,377,139		5,201,108	 6,522,959	5,653,663	 6,348,950	 6,191,129		6,230,560	 7,786,604	 16,179,779
Business-type activities:												
Charges for services:												
Water/Sewer	13,626,383	14,559,195		15,487,892	16,075,934	16,573,432	17,289,453	18,122,919		18,090,781	18,693,708	19,950,767
Sanitation	4,501,118	4,707,377		4,998,115	5,050,222	5,216,017	5,513,192	6,020,546		6,778,607	7,961,666	7,847,055
Storm Water	1,144,356	1,306,718		1,334,347	1,426,445	1,614,987	1,667,423	1,747,570		1,838,028	3,019,923	2,076,229
Golf Course	1,300,411	1,361,752		1,293,925	1,295,983	1,291,048	1,174,130	1,632,985		2,107,327	2,289,838	2,341,385
Marina	71,084	74,064		78,181	81,315	53,003	116,293	128,511		151,928	133,867	136,655
Operating grants and contributions	-	-		10,093	166,126	1,257,474	178,506	101,482		31,722	99,238	237,946
Capital grants and contributions	 11,048,730	2,055,112		482,469	 1,035,670	 557,077	 399,718	 1,245,982		446,605	 333,263	2,483,311
Total business-type activities program revenues	31,692,082	24,064,218		23,685,022	25,131,695	26,563,038	26,338,715	28,999,995		29,444,998	32,531,503	35,073,348
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 36,362,288	\$ 29,441,357	\$	28,886,130	\$ 31,654,654	\$ 32,216,701	\$ 32,687,665	\$ 35,191,124	\$	35,675,558	\$ 40,318,107	\$ 51,253,127

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 2 (Continued) Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(accruai basis of accounting)			Fina	al Year						Finn	l Year			
		2015*	2016	ai i eai	2017	2018**		2019	2020	2021	i i eai	2022	2023	2024
Net (Expense)/Revenue						 			 	 			 	
Governmental activities	\$	(19,343,309)	\$ (21,132,654)	\$	(21,954,226)	\$ (22,754,878)	\$	(25,149,822)	\$ (25,235,710)	\$ (23,740,795)	\$	(29,706,263)	\$ (30,609,291)	\$ (24,094,846)
Business-type activities		12,470,443	4,276,545		2,501,243	2,420,582		4,308,508	3,035,653	4,751,172		2,884,715	3,031,867	4,569,789
Total primary government net expense	\$	(6,872,866)	\$ (16,856,109)	\$	(19,452,983)	\$ (20,334,296)	\$	(20,841,314)	\$ (22,200,057)	\$ (18,989,623)	\$	(26,821,548)	\$ (27,577,424)	\$ (19,525,057)
General Revenues and Other Changes in N	et Positio	n	_		_		-	_	_			_	_	
Governmental activities:														
Taxes:														
Property	\$	7,378,995	\$ 7,828,030	\$	8,286,893	\$ 8,903,816	\$	9,437,667	\$ 9,955,730	\$ 10,563,392	\$	11,303,671	\$ 12,888,797	\$ 14,388,608
Property - TIF		151,086	165,527		185,586	203,895		238,881	244,654	276,100		311,256	357,509	418,249
Utility		2,778,970	2,896,032		2,963,184	3,045,339		3,246,311	3,425,760	3,509,721		3,663,352	3,950,606	3,960,570
Communication service		967,373	940,076		919,582	937,774		884,958	887,536	883,221		920,758	971,830	957,290
Half-cent sales		1,450,989	1,522,938		1,542,364	1,599,644		1,661,161	1,581,655	1,851,893		2,097,683	2,141,230	2,084,763
Local option gas		312,407	321,439		324,217	333,801		339,385	305,692	318,785		323,104	327,212	319,715
Local option sales		2,139,530	2,250,231		2,313,011	2,450,847		2,578,452	2,618,770	3,134,052		3,635,922	3,699,497	3,697,705
Local business (A)		161,021	161,569		160,636	141,876		151,605	138,677	147,305		110,952	122,267	104,679
Other		57,623	59,348		63,893	61,185		60,389	62,846	63,848		71,620	67,406	67,872
Franchise fees (A)		1,777,207	1,666,479		1,649,933	1,768,138		1,887,605	1,820,718	2,007,395		2,126,775	2,473,730	2,321,987
State revenue sharing		763,051	787,803		834,871	863,397		903,617	836,459	980,405		1,232,188	1,264,001	1,213,674
Investment income		304,826	269,278		207,753	208,846		768,522	432,880	40,194		(834,461)	1,953,838	2,657,130
Miscellaneous		509,088	284,976		209,878	344,919		319,833	1,027,184	336,612		309,504	357,267	239,800
Transfers		1,040,510	1,055,277		1,253,344	1,416,062		1,711,753	1,904,161	2,019,387		2,146,651	1,896,946	2,140,266
Total governmental activities		19,792,676	20,209,003		20,915,145	22,279,539		24,190,139	25,242,722	26,132,310		27,418,975	32,472,136	34,572,308
Business-type activities:														
Investment income		239,449	199,000		153,778	148,401		645,812	319,108	82,522		(304,259)	746,785	899,449
Transfers		(1,040,510)	(1,055,277)		(1,253,344)	(1,416,062)		(1,711,753)	(1,904,161)	(2,019,387)		(2,146,651)	(1,896,946)	(2,140,266)
Total business-type activities		(801,061)	 (856,277)		(1,099,566)	 (1,267,661)		(1,065,941)	 (1,585,053)	 (1,936,865)		(2,450,910)	 (1,150,161)	 (1,240,817)
Total primary government	\$	18,991,615	\$ 19,352,726	\$	19,815,579	\$ 21,011,878	\$	23,124,198	\$ 23,657,669	\$ 24,195,445	\$	24,968,065	\$ 31,321,975	\$ 33,331,491
Change in Net Position														
Governmental activities	\$	449,367	\$ (923,651)	\$	(1,039,081)	\$ (475,339)	\$	(959,683)	\$ 7,012	\$ 2,391,515	\$	(2,287,288)	\$ 1,862,845	\$ 10,477,462
Business-type activities		11,669,382	3,420,268		1,401,677	1,152,921		3,242,567	1,450,600	2,814,307		433,805	 1,881,706	3,328,972
Total primary government	\$	12,118,749	\$ 2,496,617	\$	362,596	\$ 677,582	\$	2,282,884	\$ 1,457,612	\$ 5,205,822	\$	(1,853,483)	\$ 3,744,551	\$ 13,806,434

^{*} GASB's 68 and 71 were implemented in fiscal year 2015.

^{**} GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 3

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

, ,		Fisca	l Year				Fisca	l Year		
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 347,936	\$ 372,891	\$ 379,224	\$ 380,997	\$ 371,262	\$ 206,381	\$ 868,023	\$ 91,020	\$ 176,772	\$ 238,301
Restricted	254,281	196,191	192,379	244,990	302,388	449,355	408,595	240,722	319,821	373,736
Committed	2,761,515	2,860,248	2,606,310	2,698,797	2,467,081	1,409,763	1,670,606	1,562,924	1,392,428	1,250,915
Assigned	3,502,247	2,493,910	2,058,525	2,018,619	2,661,208	4,094,040	3,402,979	3,820,063	4,240,202	3,741,416
Unassigned	8,820,443	8,820,443	8,562,911	8,834,948	8,819,109	8,577,559	8,772,084	8,668,820	8,717,784	9,158,468
Total general fund	\$ 15,686,422	\$ 14,743,683	\$ 13,799,349	\$ 14,178,351	\$ 14,621,048	\$ 14,737,098	\$ 15,122,287	\$ 14,383,549	\$ 14,847,007	\$ 14,762,836
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	\$ 2,694,108	\$ 2,511,158	\$ 2,322,086	\$ 2,129,503	\$ 2,002,798	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,000
Restricted	7,471,368	7,445,756	6,419,795	6,196,798	5,370,510	5,992,915	7,445,299	9,075,546	11,244,562	12,449,489
Committed	434,017	337,974	340,959	257,795	191,051	2,053,732	2,055,147	1,849,036	1,822,208	1,782,998
Unassigned								(16,072)		
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 10,599,493	\$ 10,294,888	\$ 9,082,840	\$ 8,584,096	\$ 7,564,359	\$ 8,046,647	\$ 9,500,446	\$ 10,908,510	\$ 13,066,770	\$ 14,244,487
Total Fund Balance All Governmental Funds	\$ 26,285,915	\$ 25,038,571	\$ 22,882,189	\$ 22,762,447	\$ 22,185,407	\$ 22,783,745	\$ 24,622,733	\$ 25,292,059	\$ 27,913,777	\$ 29,007,323

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida

Schedule 4

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	0.	Fisc	al Year				Fisca	l Year		
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 13,738,296	\$ 14,397,377	\$ 14,967,524	\$ 15,813,454	\$ 16,638,380	\$ 17,332,165	\$ 18,556,477	\$ 19,957,760	\$ 21,960,209	\$ 23,428,567
Licenses, permits and fees	2,368,714	2,433,841	2,378,297	3,094,150	2,529,193	3,010,676	3,047,913	2,961,788	3,434,034	3,108,907
Intergovernmental	2,872,827	3,469,094	3,201,918	3,703,583	3,748,511	3,931,414	4,290,143	4,905,001	6,408,859	14,459,619
Charges for services	2,624,418	2,662,086	3,091,045	3,125,487	3,127,683	2,932,150	3,043,912	3,474,879	3,646,118	3,958,015
Fines and forfeitures	128,387	249,628	86,240	265,358	211,963	167,947	310,282	215,973	75,570	171,245
Other	1,659,084	1,328,446	1,120,535	1,361,333	1,755,721	2,338,589	1,144,079	27,550	2,801,014	3,439,533
Total Revenues	23,391,726	24,540,472	24,845,559	27,363,365	28,011,451	29,712,941	30,392,806	31,542,951	38,325,804	48,565,886
Expenditures										
General government	2,970,399	3,009,776	3,204,654	3,495,939	3,818,917	4,480,622	4,248,303	4,960,414	6,417,791	6,700,479
Public safety	12,528,332	12,997,966	12,981,317	13,924,148	14,678,798	15,153,117	15,712,363	16,766,467	17,646,811	20,241,129
Physical environment	875,078	972,368	1,032,214	1,049,206	1,202,198	1,264,676	1,449,964	1,449,058	1,654,285	1,783,837
Transportation	1,046,882	1,056,737	1,035,593	1,104,129	1,211,594	1,241,641	1,258,061	1,237,530	1,427,562	1,469,239
Economic environment	245,914	320,472	388,246	425,271	302,268	338,645	373,348	646,990	475,107	361,331
Culture & recreation	3,542,855	3,649,825	3,881,670	3,959,979	3,913,130	3,883,959	3,851,729	4,139,924	4,662,024	5,043,145
Capital outlay	6,090,198	4,861,649	5,731,591	4,940,497	5,173,339	5,511,297	3,439,838	4,107,529	5,901,227	13,913,681
Debt service										
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	38,928	22,857	63,777	85,168	73,101
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	200,671	216,742	461,943	585,595	926,558
Total expenditures	27,299,658	26,868,793	28,255,285	28,899,169	30,300,244	32,113,556	30,573,205	33,833,632	38,855,570	50,512,500
Excess of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(3,907,932)	(2,328,321)	(3,409,726)	(1,535,804)	(2,288,793)	(2,400,615)	(180,399)	(2,290,681)	(529,766)	(1,946,614)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Land sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-	1,094,792	-	1,053,356	1,254,538	899,894
Transfers in	1,402,510	1,644,613	1,699,548	1,978,184	2,277,599	2,732,739	2,369,387	2,629,499	2,346,946	2,640,266
Transfers out	(362,000)	(563,636)	(446,204)	(562,122)	(565,846)	(828,578)	(350,000)	(722,848)	(450,000)	(500,000)
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	1,040,510	1,080,977	1,253,344	1,416,062	1,711,753	2,998,953	2,019,387	2,960,007	3,151,484	3,040,160
Net change in										
fund balances	\$ (2,867,422)	\$ (1,247,344)	\$ (2,156,382)	\$ (119,742)	\$ (577,040)	\$ 598,338	\$ 1,838,988	\$ 669,326	\$ 2,621,718	\$ 1,093,546
Debt service as a										
percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%	0.9%	1.8%	2.0%	2.7%

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 5 Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal				Com	munication		Local	Sales &	
Year	Property	Franchise	Utility		Service	Bu	siness Tax	 Use Tax	Total
2015	\$ 7,378,995	\$ 1,777,207	\$ 2,778,970	\$	967,373	\$	161,021	\$ 2,451,937	\$ 15,515,503
2016	7,828,030	1,666,479	2,896,032		940,076		161,569	2,571,670	16,063,856
2017	8,286,893	1,649,933	2,963,184		919,582		160,636	2,637,228	16,617,456
2018	8,903,816	1,768,138	3,045,340		937,774		141,876	2,784,648	17,581,592
2019	9,437,668	1,887,605	3,246,311		884,958		151,605	2,917,838	18,525,985
2020	9,955,730	1,820,718	3,425,760		887,536		138,677	2,924,462	19,152,883
2021	10,563,392	2,007,395	3,509,721		883,221		147,306	3,452,837	20,563,872
2022	11,303,671	2,126,776	3,663,352		920,759		110,953	3,959,026	22,084,537
2023	12,888,798	2,473,730	3,950,606		971,830		122,268	4,026,709	24,433,941
2024	14,388,608	2,321,987	3,960,570		957,290		104,679	4,017,420	25,750,554
Change									
2015 - 2024	95.0%	30.7%	42.5%		-1.0%		-35.0%	63.8%	66.0%

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 6 - A Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal				Real Property					Personal Property		Total	Real and Personal Pro	perty	Total	Tax-Exempt
Year					Total	Less:	Total Taxable		Less:	Total Taxable	Total	Less:	Total Taxable	Direct	as a Percentage
Ended	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other	Assessed	Tax-Exempt	Assessed	Personal	Tax-Exempt	Assessed	Assessed	Tax-Exempt	Assessed	Tax	of Total
Sept. 30	Property	Property	Property	Property (A)	Value	Property	Value	Property	Property	Value	Value	Property	Value	Rate	Assessed
2015	1,334,111,444	284,024,094	53,657,954	220,000,659	1,891,794,151	559,583,542	1,332,210,609	81,290,925	13,587,262	67,703,663	1,973,085,076	573,170,804	1,399,914,272	5.4500	29.05%
2016	1,409,731,510	293,863,605	56,052,196	224,926,078	1,984,573,389	569,565,707	1,415,007,682	80,383,933	13,191,947	67,191,986	2,064,957,322	582,757,654	1,482,199,668	5.4500	28.22%
2017	1,485,135,800	314,812,488	57,047,971	228,200,974	2,085,197,233	576,890,857	1,508,306,376	84,954,573	16,159,495	68,795,078	2,170,151,806	593,050,352	1,577,101,454	5.4200	27.33%
2018	1,583,455,376	330,947,135	61,756,957	235,291,885	2,211,451,353	592,890,424	1,618,560,929	96,244,755	16,588,585	79,656,170	2,307,696,108	609,479,009	1,698,217,099	5.4200	26.41%
2019	1,705,299,840	340,710,083	62,398,617	244,149,350	2,352,557,890	627,063,266	1,725,494,624	94,094,896	16,442,010	77,652,886	2,446,652,786	643,505,276	1,803,147,510	5.4200	26.30%
2020	1,808,208,315	356,125,176	64,716,512	262,127,787	2,491,177,790	654,131,128	1,837,046,662	96,215,696	16,608,703	79,606,993	2,587,393,486	670,739,831	1,916,653,655	5.3700	25.92%
2021	1,922,904,259	374,454,907	69,653,422	274,687,945	2,641,700,533	687,733,101	1,953,967,432	96,470,155	16,088,548	80,381,607	2,738,170,688	703,821,649	2,034,349,039	5.3700	25.70%
2022	2,069,830,502	378,635,092	85,197,579	297,871,235	2,831,534,408	732,615,591	2,098,918,817	97,609,465	15,831,085	81,778,380	2,929,143,873	748,446,676	2,180,697,197	5.3700	25.55%
2023	2,350,570,695	414,308,967	96,277,338	325,500,950	3,186,657,950	785,007,962	2,401,649,988	99,987,715	16,496,374	83,491,341	3,286,645,665	801,504,336	2,485,141,329	5.3700	24.39%
2024	2,600,852,209	448,474,697	109,721,036	353,217,426	3,512,265,368	842,044,085	2,670,221,283	120,442,315	16,610,687	103,831,628	3,632,707,683	858,654,772	2,774,052,911	5.3700	23.64%
Change 2015 - 2024	95%	58%	104%	61%	86%	50%	100%	48%	22%	53%	84%	50%	98%	-1%	

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

A) Other Property includes Institutional, Cooperatives, Agricultural, Governmental, Leasehold Interests and Miscellaneous.

Recent Property Tax Legislation:

Maximum Millage Rate - FY 2008, Tax Year 2007 the State of Florida passed legislation requiring;

Majority vote maximum millage rate of roll-back rate plus adjustment for Florida Personal Income (FPI)

Two/thirds vote maximum millage rate of majority vote maximum times 110%

Unanimous vote for millage rates above 110% of the two/thirds maximum millage rate

Amendment One - FY 2009, Tax Year 2008 the State of Florida passed legislation with the following four parts:

Additional \$25,000 Homestead Exemption - If you have Homestead Exemption it will be applied on the assessed value between \$50,000 and \$75,000. It does not apply to school taxes.

Portability - Homestead property owners are able to transfer their Save Our Homes (SOH) benefit (up to \$500,000) to a new homestead within two years of giving up their previous homestead.

Tangible Personal Property Exemption - A \$25,000 exemption is provided for each tangible personal property return.

Assessment Cap for Non-Homestead Property - Non-homestead property will have a 10% assessment cap (similar to SOH). This does not apply to school taxes.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 6 - B Real and Personal Property Tax Exemptions Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal				Real Pr	roperty						Personal Property			
Year			\$25,000	Additional	Additional	Homestead	Other	T-4-1			Tangible	Other	Takal	Real & Personal
Ended			\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000 (Senior)	Assessment	Other	Total			Personal	Other	Total	Total
Sept. 30	Governmental	Institutional	Homestead	Homestead (C)	Homestead (B)	Diff (SOH) (E)	Exemptions (A)	Exemptions	Governmental	Institutional	Property (D)	Exemptions (A)	Exemptions	Exemptions
2015	198,182,189	51,512,295	158,339,314	127,280,588	9,585,445	-	14,683,711	559,583,542	383,168	4,372,801	8,811,471	19,822	13,587,262	573,170,804
2016	202,633,169	54,045,257	159,306,093	129,832,648	9,588,094	-	14,160,446	569,565,707	352,697	4,049,784	8,770,317	19,149	13,191,947	582,757,654
2017	205,311,962	54,091,982	160,601,356	133,049,364	9,386,780	-	14,449,413	576,890,857	320,895	6,921,438	8,898,647	18,515	16,159,495	593,050,352
2018	207,757,906	55,309,843	164,782,650	138,802,226	9,456,838	-	16,780,961	592,890,424	538,798	7,146,147	8,885,562	18,078	16,588,585	609,479,009
2019	218,274,077	64,378,767	169,308,444	145,576,793	9,640,091	-	19,885,094	627,063,266	490,648	7,107,059	8,826,577	17,726	16,442,010	643,505,276
2020	227,639,854	70,381,166	172,464,113	150,915,099	9,576,296	-	23,154,600	654,131,128	445,571	7,109,021	9,036,701	17,410	16,608,703	670,739,831
2021	241,917,451	78,003,549	175,911,141	156,290,979	9,651,896	-	25,958,085	687,733,101	403,876	7,163,908	8,503,703	17,061	16,088,548	703,821,649
2022	266,801,983	87,026,581	177,631,367	159,232,150	10,175,824	-	31,747,686	732,615,591	370,906	7,139,102	8,304,245	16,832	15,831,085	748,446,676
2023	291,501,230	104,308,001	179,360,908	163,360,269	10,677,176	-	35,800,378	785,007,962	340,709	7,791,553	8,285,348	78,764	16,496,374	801,504,336
2024	317,717,398	119,437,301	180,645,013	167,020,770	10,934,951	-	46,288,652	842,044,085	305,500	7,718,302	8,396,444	190,441	16,610,687	858,654,772

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

- A) Other Exemptions includes Widow/Widowers, Disability/Blind and Disabled Veterans/Deployed Service Homestead exemption.
- B) The City approved an additional \$25,000 Senior exemption for residents that qualify.
- C) Additional \$25,000 homestead exemption as mentioned below.
- D) Tangible Personal Property Tax exemption as mentioned below.
- E) Florida Statutes, 193.155, provides for an annual cap on assessment increases for "Homestead properties" (for properties that qualify).

The cap is the lower of 3% of the assessed value of the property or the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI).

Recent Property Tax Legislation:

- Maximum Millage Rate FY 2008, Tax Year 2007 the State of Florida passed legislation requiring;
- Majority vote maximum millage rate of roll-back rate plus adjustment for Florida Personal Income (FPI)
- Two/thirds vote maximum millage rate of majority vote maximum times 110%
- Unanimous vote for millage rates above 110% of the two/thirds maximum millage rate

Amendment One - FY 2009, Tax Year 2008 the State of Florida passed legislation with the following four parts:

- Additional \$25,000 Homestead Exemption If you have Homestead Exemption it will be applied on the assessed value between \$50,000 and \$75,000. It does not apply to school taxes.
- Portability Homestead property owners are able to transfer their Save Our Homes (SOH) benefit (up to \$500,000) to a new homestead within two years of giving up their previous homestead.
- Tangible Personal Property Exemption A \$25,000 exemption is provided for each tangible personal
- property return.

 Assessment Cap for Non-Homestead Property Non-homestead property will have a 10% assessment cap (similar to SOH). This does not apply to school taxes.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 7 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates,

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

			Ove	rlapping Rates	s (D)		
	City				Emergency		
Fiscal	Direct			Transit	Medical		
Year	Rate (A)	School	County (B)	District (E)	Service (E)	Other (C)	Total
2015	5.4500	7.8410	5.3377	.7305	.9158	1.2799	21.5549
	- 4-00				24.70		
2016	5.4500	7.7700	5.3377	.7305	.9158	1.2629	21.4669
2017	5.4200	7.3180	5.3377	.7500	.9158	1.2448	20.9863
2018	5.4200	7.0090	5.3590	.7500	.9158	1.2262	20.6800
2019	5.4200	6.7270	5.3590	.7500	.9158	1.2086	20.3804
2020	5.3700	6.5840	5.3590	.7500	.9158	1.1932	20.1720
2021	5.3700	6.4270	5.3590	.7500	.9158	1.1800	20.0018
2022	5.3700	6.3250	5.2092	.7500	.9158	1.1666	19.7366
2023	5.3700	5.9630	4.8188	.7500	.8775	1.0978	18.8771
2024	5.3700	5.9380	4.8111	.7500	.8418	1.0503	18.7612

A) The City portion of property taxes is fully committed to operating expenditures.

B) County includes:

General Fund	4.7398
Health Department	0.0713
	4.8111

C) Other includes:

Pinellas County Planning Council	0.0210
Juvenile Welfare Board	0.8250
SW Florida Water Mgt. District	0.2043
	1.0503

- D) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Tarpon Springs.
- E) Emergency Medical Services (EMS) and the Transit District (PSTA) are assessed on Real Property only. Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 8 - A Principal Real Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value Rank Value (A) Value Rank V	
Centro N P Tarpon Mall LLC 22,225,000 2 0.80% 18,050,000 1 1.299 Sun Valley Venture LLC 19,050,000 3 0.69% - - Meadows Venture LLC 18,400,000 4 0.66% - -	City ole ed
Sun Valley Venture LLC 19,050,000 3 0.69% - Meadows Venture LLC 18,400,000 4 0.66% -	-
Meadows Venture LLC 18,400,000 4 0.66% -	6
	-
W. 1. 2. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	-
Wal-Mart Stores East LP 14,593,850 5 0.53% 6,600,000 6 0.479	6
FL Tarpon Square H A LLC 13,070,000 6 0.47% -	-
Lowes Home Centers LLC 11,919,488 7 0.43% -	-
Tarpon Springs Storage Owner LLC 11,000,000 8 0.40% -	-
Lime Street Properties Inc 10,000,000 9 0.36% -	-
Storage Trust Group 9,704,000 10 0.35% -	-
Shamrock Millco-Sun Valley LLC 12,900,000 2 0.929	6
Riverside Partners LTD/Apartments 11,514,000 3 0.829	6
DDR Tarpon Square LLC - 9,426,000 4 0.679	6
CRP/CRE Meadows Owner LLC - 8,619,600 5 0.629	6
River Site LLC - St. Lukes Clinic 6,346,426 7 0.459	6
C R P II - Tarpon Springs LLC 6,223,891 8 0.449	6
Turtle Cove Group LLC - 5,862,399 9 0.429	6
Ryland Group INC - 5,654,735 10 0.409	6
TOTAL \$ 186,962,338 6.74% \$ 91,197,051 6.519	6

A) Percentages are based on the total assessed value of \$ 2,774,052,911

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

B) Percentages are based on the total assessed value of \$1,399,914,272

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida
Schedule 8 - B
Principal Personal Property Tax Payers,
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

_		2024		_		2015	
Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (A)		Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (B)
Duke Energy (Florida Power Corp) \$	34,464,276	1	1.24%	\$	17,700,899	1	1.26%
Frontier CommunicationsVerizon Florida LLC	7,226,514	2	0.26%		-		-
Herc Rentals Inc 9369	4,186,297	3	0.15%		-		-
Southern Road & Bridge LLC	3,924,846	4	0.14%		-		-
Spectrum Sunshine State LLC	3,526,645	5	0.13%		-		-
Lowe's of Tarpon Springs	3,287,854	6	0.12%		-		-
St Lukes Cataract & Laser Inst. Inc	2,867,670	7	0.10%		2,138,168	6	0.15%
Karl Flammer Ford	1,997,284	8	0.07%		-		-
T-Mobile South LLC	1,658,907	9	0.06%		1,547,681	8	0.11%
Big Dans Car Wash	1,275,000	10	0.05%		-		-
Verizon Florida LLC "C"	-		-		7,386,702	2	0.53%
Hertz Equip Rental Corp	-		-		3,215,981	3	0.23%
Bright House Networks LLC	-		-		3,106,210	4	0.22%
Wal-Mart Stores East LP	-		-		2,605,400	5	0.19%
Barnett Outdoors LLC	-		-		1,829,246	7	0.13%
Magnegas Corporation	-		-		1,384,056	9	0.10%
Sweetbay Supermarket	-		-		1,150,542	10	0.08%
TOTAL \$	64,415,293		2.32%	\$	42,064,885		3.00%

A) Percentages are based on the total assessed value of \$ 2,774,052,911

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

B) Percentages are based on the total assessed value of \$1,399,986,557

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 9 Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected w	ithin the			
	Taxes Levied	Fiscal Year of	f the Levy		Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal	for the		Percentage	Delinquent		Percentage
Year	Fiscal Year	Amount (A)	of Levy	Collections (B)	Amount	of Levy
2015	\$ 7,629,535	\$ 7,365,640	96.54%	\$ 31,174	\$ 7,396,814	96.95%
2016	8,077,989	7,798,312	96.54%	25,514	7,823,826	96.85%
2017	8,547,890	8,257,776	96.61%	17,688	8,275,464	96.81%
2018	9,204,337	8,883,785	96.52%	15,264	8,899,049	96.68%
2019	9,773,060	9,425,095	96.44%	18,702	9,443,797	96.63%
2020	10,292,431	9,918,870	96.37%	18,423	9,937,293	96.55%
2021	10,924,456	10,536,547	96.45%	13,324	10,549,871	96.57%
2022	11,724,099	11,292,498	96.32%	11,900	11,304,398	96.42%
2023	13,345,210	12,876,074	96.48%	13,729	12,889,803	96.59%
2024	14,896,665	14,361,452	96.41%	15,919	14,377,371	96.51%

A) These amounts are net of discounts taken.

Note 1:

Discounts are allowed for early payment: 4% for November, 3% for December, 2% for January, and 1% for February. No discount is allowed for payment in March. Penalties are assessed beginning in April.

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

B) Delinquent taxes are allocated each Fiscal Year for the applicable Fiscal Year .

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 10 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmen	tal Activities		Bu	siness-Type Activitie	es			
Fiscal Year	Revenue Note	Financed Purchase	Lease Liability	SBITA Liability	Revenue Bonds	Grant Anticipation Note	Lease Liability	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (A)	Per Capita (A)
2015	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$35,432,306	\$ -	\$ -	\$35,432,306	3.16%	1,451
2016	-	-	-	-	34,595,836	-	-	34,595,836	2.94%	1,404
2017	-	-	-	-	33,729,364	. <u>-</u>	-	33,729,364	2.73%	1,344
2018	-	-	-	-	32,832,892	-	-	32,832,892	2.55%	1,290
2019	-	-	-	-	31,901,421	-	-	31,901,421	2.34%	1,251
2020	-	894,121	-	-	30,887,972	-	-	31,782,093	2.33%	1,225
2021	-	677,378	-	-	29,891,524	-	-	30,568,902	2.25%	1,205
2022	-	1,146,501	827,690	-	28,875,486	-	129,180	30,978,857	2.06%	1,203
2023	-	750,237	813,586	1,079,311	27,830,128	-	65,596	30,538,858	1.88%	1,185
2024	-	1,078,735	672,566	865,169	26,750,396	-	-	29,366,866	1.64%	1,132

 $\textbf{Note:} \ \ \textbf{Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.}$

A) See Schedule 15 for personal income and population data.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 11 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Debt Ou Gen Oblig Bon	tstanding eral ation	enue ote	T	otal	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Real Property (A)	Per Capita (B)
2015	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	0.00%	-
2016		-	-		-	0.00%	-
2017		-	-		-	0.00%	-
2018		-	-		-	0.00%	-
2019		-	-		-	0.00%	-
2020		-	-		-	0.00%	-
2021		-	-		-	0.00%	-
2022		-	-		-	0.00%	-
2023		-	-		-	0.00%	-
2024		_	_		_	0.00%	-

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The Revenue Note is not General Bonded Debt, it is listed for informational purposes on Governmental Debt outstanding.

- A) See Schedule 6 for property value data.
- B) See Schedule 15 for population data.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 12 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt, As of September 30, 2024

Governmental Unit		Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (A)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Governmentar Onit	-	Outstanding	Applicable (A)	Deut
Pinellas County Bonds/Notes	\$	-	2.24% \$	-
Pinellas County Capital Leases		30,540,960	2.24%	684,118
Pinellas County SBITA		5,077,220	2.24%	113,730
Pinellas County School District Certificates of Participation		121,171,812	2.24%	2,714,249
Pinellas County School District Leases		3,225,958	2.24%	72,261
Subtotal, overlapping debt			-	3,584,357
City direct debt - Finance Purchased, Leases and SBITA		2,616,470	100.00%	2,616,470
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	6,200,827

A) Applicable net debt percentage is based on ratio of City to County taxable values (\$2,774,052,911/\$123,766,839,593).

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Pinellas County Property Appraiser. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is bourne by the residents and businesses of Tarpon Springs. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden by the residents and businesses should be taken into account.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 13 Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2024	4
Assessed value (A)	2,774,052,911
Debt limit (100% of total assessed value) (B)	\$ 2,774,052,911
Debt applicable to limit (C):	
General obligation bonds	-
Revenue notes	=
Financed Purchase	1,078,735
Lease Liability	672,566
SBITA Liability	865,169
Total net debt applicable to limit	2,616,470
Legal debt margin	2,771,436,441

		Fiscal	Year		Fiscal Year						
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
Debt Limit (B)	\$ 1,399,914,272	\$ 1,482,199,668	\$ 1,577,101,454	\$ 1,698,217,099	\$ 1,803,147,510	\$ 1,916,653,655	\$ 2,034,349,036	\$ 2,180,697,197	\$ 2,485,141,329	\$ 2,774,052,911	
Total net debt applicable to limit (C)						894,121	677,378	1,146,501	2,643,134	2,616,470	
Legal debt margin (B)	\$ 1,399,914,272	\$ 1,482,199,668	\$ 1,577,101,454	\$ 1,698,217,099	\$ 1,803,147,510	\$ 1,915,759,534	\$ 2,033,671,658	\$ 2,179,550,696	\$ 2,482,498,195	\$ 2,771,436,441	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.03%	0.05%	0.11%	0.09%	

A) Assessed value provided by Pinellas County Property Appraiser, and is Total Taxable Assessed Value.

B) The City of Tarpon Springs has not adopted a legal debt limit; however, the City has traditionally practiced conservative debt issuance.

C) Includes all general government debt not supported by Enterprise Funds.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 14 Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water	and	Sewer	Revenue	Rande

		Less:	Net				
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Available		Debt Service		
Year	Revenues (A)	Expenses (B)	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2015	\$ 13,858,647	\$ 9,403,297	\$4,455,350	\$ 790,000	\$ 1,306,356	\$ 2,096,356	2.13
2016	14,803,807	8,073,401	6,730,406	820,000	1,223,312	2,043,312	3.29
2017	15,779,350	8,568,453	7,210,897	850,000	1,193,013	2,043,013	3.53
2018	16,869,252	8,649,025	8,220,227	880,000	1,161,563	2,041,563	4.03
2019	17,120,552	9,049,227	8,071,325	915,000	1,129,013	2,044,013	3.95
2020	17,670,251	9,656,986	8,013,265	940,000	1,101,563	2,041,563	3.93
2021	18,439,244	10,028,469	8,410,775	975,000	1,070,563	2,045,563	4.11
2022	18,338,204	11,306,859	7,031,345	995,000	1,050,063	2,045,063	3.44
2023	19,302,358	12,698,660	6,603,698	1,025,000	1,016,113	2,041,113	3.24
2024	20,385,809	13,363,644	7,022,165	1,060,000	984,800	2,044,800	3.43

A) Includes interest earnings (net of unrealized gain or loss) and gross revenues of the Water and Sewer Fund and 100% of water impact fees.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

B) Excludes depreciation and contributions to the General Fund for administrative expenses.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 15 Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (A)	Personal Income (per thousand) (B)	Per Capita Income (B)	Median Age (C)	School Enrollment (D)	Unemployment Rate (E)
2015	24,421	1,121,534	45,925	47.5	6,597	6.3%
2016	24,637	1,175,949	47,731	47.8	6,328	5.4%
2017	25,093	1,234,224	49,186	48.0	6,449	4.9%
2018	25,455	1,288,787	50,630	48.1	6,471	4.2%
2019	25,507	1,363,477	53,455	48.3	6,514	3.6%
2020	25,937	1,362,834	52,544	49.2	6,483	3.3%
2021	25,359 F	1,358,583	53,574	50.2	6,523	3.5%
2022	25,752	1,502,063	58,328	53.3	6,777	2.6%
2023	25,764	1,622,746	62,985	52.5	6,701	2.7%
2024	25,949	1,787,289	68,877	55.7	6,522	2.8%

Source:

- A) Pinellas County Economic Development Department, City Planning Department, Bureau of Economic & Business Research at the University of Florida.
- B) Data is from per capita personal income for Pinellas County for one year prior.

 Source is the Bureau of Economic & Business Research at the University of Florida, and Florida Office of Economic and Demographic Research.
- C) Data is from per capita personal income for Pinellas County. Source is the Bureau of Economic & Business Research at the University of Florida, and Pinellas County Economic Development.
- D) Pinellas County School Board, Public school enrollment, elementary through high school. Includes East Lake High School.
- E) U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Pinellas County Planning Department. and Florida Department Economic Development Opportunity.
- F) Population adjustment from 2020 census.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 16 Principal Employers, Pinellas County Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2024 2015 **Employees Employees** Employer Full-Time Rank Full-Time Rank Raymond James Financial 4,000 1 3,500 1 2 2 Home Shopping Club 2,000 2,800 Tech Data Corp. 2,000 3 1,500 7 Spectrum 2,000 4 Fidelity Information Services 1,500 5 1,800 4 The Nielsen Company 1,500 6 1,800 5 Jabil Circuit, Inc. 1,500 7 1,600 6 Honeywell Aerospace 1,500 8 1,500 8 9 Valpak 1,500 Superior Uniform Group 1,000 10 **Bright House Networks** 2,000 3 9 ThinkDirect Marketing Group 1,000 Ceridian Benefit Services 1,000 10 **TOTAL** 18,500 18,500

Data is based on Pinellas County since numbers for Tarpon Springs is not available.

Source: Pinellas County Economic Development Department.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 17 Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

_					Fiscal	Year				
-	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Function/Program										
General government	29.80	31.10	32.10	32.77	33.77	34.77	35.77	37.17	37.46	37.75
Public safety	106.00	111.00	114.00	117.36	119.20	120.10	121.10	121.60	124.60	133.60
Physical environment	12.45	11.65	12.65	11.40	11.40	11.40	11.40	13.40	13.40	13.40
Transportation	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50
Economic Environment	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85
Culture/recreation	38.40	36.65	36.65	38.95	38.95	38.95	38.95	39.15	42.15	42.15
Water/Sewer	60.27	73.07	73.82	74.73	75.09	79.12	81.12	85.02	87.54	88.06
Sanitation	8.40	7.40	7.40	7.55	7.55	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.55
Stormwater	8.43	7.93	7.93	8.59	8.59	8.66	8.56	8.56	8.75	8.94
Golf Course	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Marina	1.00	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
Total	281.00	296.25	302.00	308.80	312.00	319.00	323.00	331.00	340.00	350.00

Source: City Budget documents.

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 18 Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Ye	ar				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Function/Program										
Public safety										
Police										
Arrests	1,008	1,048	961	984	1,424	1,049	686	670	796	682
Parking violations	217	125	303	269	150	140	148	273	113	294
Citations	1,981	1,852	2,125	2,125	1,979	1,430	1,828	1,354	1,144	2,352
Fire/EMS										
Fire calls	68	77	227	61	71	68	67	47	69	65
EMS calls	3,518	3,852	3,970	4,016	3,998	4,358	4,625	4,872	4,524	4,874
False alarms	199	223	247	201	188	182	198	215	226	238
Culture/recreation										
Community center attendance	13,695	25,881	32,328	33,980	31,641 A	12,532	11,098	13,458	14,641	22,662
Leagues	9	7	7	7	8	4	7	11	12	8
Library-circulation	287,797	264,140	246,149	229,706	233,973	254,744	202,384	178,295	173,824	170,535
Library-materials	92,341	99,715	96,242	95,289	96,594	99,611	90,118	91,382	88,323	86,452
Water/Sewer										
Water										
Average daily consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	2,513	2,525	2,493	2,405	2,839	2,892	2,930	3,079	3,167	3,155
Sewer										
Annual average daily flow										
(thousands of gallons)	1,950	2,140	2,070	1,970	2,100	2,000	2,020	1,920	1,650	1,910
Golf Course										
Rounds of golf played	48,091	47,194	47,184	44,317	39,311	41,894	55,192	62,363	65,742	67,137

A Community Center attendance and leagues down due to COVID 19 in FY 2020 and FY 2021 Source: City Departments

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida Schedule 19 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fis	cal Year				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022*	2023	2024
Function/Program										
Public safety										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire stations	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Transportation										
Streets paved	95.5	96.6	107.0	118	118.4	118.4	118.4	170.4	170.4	169.3
Streets unpaved	1.0	1.0	4.8	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	0.1	0.1	0.1
Culture/recreation										
Parks acreage	435.56	435.56	435.56	435.56	435.56	435.64	435.64	436	436	436
Playgrounds	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Baseball/softball fields	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Soccer/football fields	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	10	10	10
Recreation centers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water/Sewer										
Water mains/miles	146	157	168	175	180.2	180.2	180.2	181.4	182.5	183.5
Sanitary sewer mains/miles	88.8	93.7	101.0	102.7	104.2	106.0	106.0	106.6	106.9	106.5
Treatment daily capacity	4 mgd	4 mgd	4 mgd	4 mgd	4 mgd					
Golf Course										
Number of holes	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Marina										
Boat slips	19	19	19	21	21	19	19	19	19	19

Sources: City Departments

^{*}Updated figures for Streets paved and unpaved to include private, county & FDOT streets within the City.



REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS/ COMPLIANCE SECTION

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

Year Ended September 30, 2024

Year Ended September 30, 2024			
Federal/State Agency/Program Title	CFDA Number	Federal/State or Pass-through Grant Number	Expenditures
Federal Awards U.S Department of the Treasury Passed-Through State of Florida, Florida Division of Emergency Management American Rescue Plan Act	21.027	Y5304	\$ 8,611,643
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Passed-Through State of Florida, Florida Division of Emergency Management Executive Office of the Governor (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Public Assistance Program Hurricane Ian	97.036	FEMA-4673-DE-FL	237,946
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Passed-Through State of Florida, Florida Division of Emergency Management Executive Office of the Governor (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Public Assistance Program Hurricane Idalia	97.036	FEMA-4734-DE-FL	169,094
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency Grants Programs Directorate Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.083	EMW-2021-FF-00089	264,515
U. S. Department of Justice Equitable Sharing Agreement	16.000	FL0521800	29,120
Office of Justice Programs Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program City of Tarpon Springs Scanner	16.738	JAG-C-8C127	4,120
Office of Justice Programs Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program City of Tarpon Springs Defibrillator	16.738	JAG-D-R7010	3,980
Bureau of Justice Assistance Bulletproof Vests Partnership Program	16.607		3,130
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 9,323,547
State Awards State of Florida Florida Department of Environmental Protection Local Agency Program Tarpon Springs Anclote River Dredge Project	37.039	LP52028	\$ 73,049
State of Florida Florida Department of Environmental Protection Local Agency Program Tarpon Springs Anclote River Dredge Project - Turn Basin	37.039	LP52028	724,753
State of Florida Florida Department of Environmental Protection Local Agency Program Tarpon Springs MLK/South Spring Blvd. Flood Abatement & Intersection Safety Improvements	37.039	LPA0395	588,585
State of Florida Florida Department of Environmental Protection Local Agency Program Tarpon Springs Mango Street Safety and Drainage Improvements	37.039	LPA0394	925,000
State of Florida Florida Department of State Division of Historic Resources City of Tarpon Springs Local Historic District Cultural Resources Survey Update - 2024	15.904	24.H.SM.200.101	37,500
State of Florida Florida Department of State Division of Historic Resources City of Tarpon Springs Local Historic District Cultural Resources Survey Update - 2023	15.904	24.h.sm.200.101	25,000
State of Florida Florida Department of State Division of Arts and Culture General Program Support	45.061	CA2E142	36,136
Florida Department of Environmental Protection Pinellas County Department of Solid Waste Operations Recycling Grant	37.017	RE-05-59	17,011
Total Expenditures of State Awards			\$ 2,427,034
Total Expenditures of Federal and State Awards			\$ 11,750,581



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Tarpon Springs, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tarpon Springs, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida March 25, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Tarpon Springs, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the City of Tarpon Springs, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the requirements described in the Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2024. The City's major federal programs and state financial assistance projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of *Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the Rules of the Auditor General, are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program and state project as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
 performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor
 General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Gerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida March 25, 2025

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements			
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financ audited were presented in accordance with GAAP:	ial statements Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	yes <u>X</u> no		
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	yesX_none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no		
Federal Programs and State Financial Assistance P Internal control over major federal programs or state pro Material weaknesses identified?	pjects:yesXno		
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	yesX_ none reported		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General?	yesXno		
dentification of major federal programs:			
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
21.027 – COVID-19	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds		
dentification of major state financial assistance:			
CSFA Number	Name of State Financial Assistance Project		
37.039	Statewide Water Quality Restoration Projects		
Pollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal and state programs:	\$750,000 and \$728,110		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	ves X no		

CITY OF TARPON SPRINGS, FLORIDA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None.

SECTION III
FEDERAL/STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Not applicable.

SECTION IV
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

None.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Tarpon Springs, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Tarpon Springs, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 25, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding annual financial report requiring correction.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c, Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit, within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that all special district component units provided the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Mayor and Members of the City Commission, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida March 25, 2025



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, and Members of the City Commission City of Tarpon Springs, Florida

We have examined the City of Tarpon Springs, Florida's (the "City") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2024. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the City complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida March 25, 2025





City of Tarpon Springs, Florida

City of Tarpon Springs Section 163.31801 Compliance

Affidavit

As Finance Director of the City of Tarpon Springs, my signature below indicates that the City of Tarpon Springs has complied with "Section 163.31801 – Impact fees" of the Florida Statutes for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024.

Finance Director

City of Tarpon Springs, Florida

STATE OF Florida COUNTY OF Pinellas

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this March 25, 2025, by Ron Harring, Finance Director of the City of Tarpon Springs, who is personally Known to me or has produced as identification.

Notary Public

IRENE S. JACOBS
MY COMMISSION # HH 521984
EXPIRES: June 25, 2028

Irene S. Jacobs, CMC City Clerk & Collector City of Tarpon Springs (727) 942-5614 (727) 942-5619 (Fax)

